İŞ FİNANSAL KİRALAMA ANONİM ŞİRKETİ

.

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE COMMUNIQUE NO: XI/25 PUBLISHED BY CAPITAL MARKET BOARD FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2007

(Translated into English from the Original Turkish Report)

CONTENT

| Consolida | ated Balance Sheets | 1-2 |
|-----------|--|----------|
| Consolida | ated Income Statement | 3 |
| | ated Shareholder's Equity | 4 |
| | ated Statement of Cash Flows | 5 |
| | he Financial Statements | 6-50 |
| | | |
| Note 1 | Organization and Operations of the Company | 6 |
| Note 2 | Basis of Presentation of the Financial Statements | 6-10 |
| Note 3 | Summary of Valuation Principles / Significant Accounting Policies | 10-20 |
| Note 4 | Liquid assets | 21 |
| Note 5 | Marketable Securities | 21 |
| Note 6 | Borrowings | 22-23 |
| Note 7 | Trade Receivables and Payables | 24 |
| Note 8 | Finance Lease Receivables and Payables | 24-26 |
| Note 9 | Due from / to Related Parties (Net) | 27-28 |
| Note 10 | Other Receivables and Payables | 28 |
| Note 11 | Biological Assets | 28 |
| Note 12 | Inventories | 28 |
| Note 13 | Receivables from Ongoing Construction Contracts (Net) | 28 |
| Note 14 | Deferred Tax Asset and Liabilities (Net) | 29-30 |
| Note 15 | Other Current/Non-current Assets and Other Current/Non-current Liabilities | 30-31 |
| Note 16 | Financial Assets (Net) | 31 |
| Note 17 | Positive/ (Negative) Goodwill | 31 |
| Note 18 | Investment Properties | 32 |
| Note 19 | Tangible Assets | 32 |
| Note 20 | Intangible Assets | 33 |
| Note 21 | Advances Received | 33 |
| Note 22 | Retirement Benefits | 33 |
| Note 23 | Provisions | 33-34 |
| Note 24 | Minority Share | 34 |
| Note 25 | Treasury Stock | 34 |
| Note 26 | Capital Reserves | 35 |
| Note 27 | Profit Reserves | 35 |
| Note 28 | Retained Earnings | 35 |
| Note 29 | Foreign Currency Position | 36 |
| Note 30 | Government Grants and Incentives | 37 |
| Note 31 | Commitments and Contingencies | 37 |
| Note 32 | Mergers and Acquisitions | 37 |
| Note 33 | Segmental Information | 38-39 |
| Note 34 | Subsequent Events | 39 |
| Note 35 | Discontinued Operations | 39 |
| Note 36 | Operating Income | 39 |
| Note 37 | Operating Expenses | 40 |
| Note 37 | | 40 40 |
| | Other Operating Income / Expenses and Profit / Losses | |
| Note 39 | Finance Expense | 40 |
| Note 40 | Net Monetary Gain / (Loss) | 41 |
| Note 41 | Taxation | 41-43 |
| Note 42 | Earnings per Share | 43 |
| Note 43 | Statement of Cash Flow | 43 |
| Note 44 | Other Issues | 43 |
| Note 45 | Additional Information About Financial Instruments | 43-50 |

CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION OF REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ORIGINALLY ISSUED IN TURKISH

REPORT ON REVIEW OF INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

To the Board of Directors of İş Finansal Kiralama A.Ş.

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying financial statements of Iş Finansal Kiralama A.Ş. (the "Company") and its subsidiary (together the "Group"), which comprise the consolidated balance sheet as at June 30, 2007, and the consolidated income statement, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated cash flow statement for the six months period then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes. The Group management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of this interim financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting standards issued by the Capital Market Board. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on this interim financial statements based on our review.

Scope of Review

We conducted our review in accordance with independent audit standards issued by the Capital Market Board. A review of interim financial statements consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with independent audit standards issued by the Capital Market Board and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying consolidated interim financial statements do not give a true and fair view of the financial position of İş Finansal Kiralama A.Ş. (the "Company") and its subsidiary (together the "Group") as of 30 June 2007 and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the six month period then ended in accordance with financial reporting standards issued by the Capital Market Board (Note 2).

Istanbul, 20 August 2007

DRT BAĞIMSIZ DENETİM VE SERBEST MUHASEBECİ MALİ MÜŞAVİRLİK A.Ş. Member of **DELOITTE TOUCHE TOHMATS**U

Sibel Türker

Partner

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AT 30 JUNE 2007

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("NTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

| ASSETS | Note | Reviewed 30 June 2007 | Audited 31 December 2006 |
|---|------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Current Assets | | 551.479 | 543.046 |
| Liquid assets | 4 | 91.857 | 118.589 |
| Marketable securities (net) | 5 | 22 | 750 |
| Trade receivables (net) | 7 | | - |
| Finance lease receivables (net) | 8 | 357.481 | 359.560 |
| Due from related parties (net) (*) | 9 | - | |
| Other receivables (net) | 10 | 48.210 | 25.982 |
| Biological assets (net) | 11 | - | - |
| Inventories (net) | 12 | - | - |
| Receivables from ongoing construction contracts (net) | 13 | - | - |
| Deferred tax assets | 14 | - | |
| Other current assets | 15 | 53.909 | 38.165 |
| Long-term Assets | | 382.985 | 370.720 |
| Trade receivables (net) | 7 | - | - |
| Finance lease receivables (net) | 8 | 361.689 | 362.241 |
| Due from related parties (net) (*) | 9 | - | |
| Other receivables (net) | 10 | 3.116 | |
| Financial assets (net) | 16 | 16.917 | 7.106 |
| Positive / (negative) goodwill (net) | 17 | 166 | 166 |
| Investment properties (net) | 18 | - | |
| Tangible assets (net) | 19 | 1.066 | 1.176 |
| Intangible assets (net) | 20 | 12 | 12 |
| Deferred tax assets | 14 | 19 | 19 |
| Other long-term assets | 15 | - | |
| TOTAL ASSETS | | 934.464 | 913.766 |

(*) Receivables due from related parties in Note 9 are included in finance lease receivables.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AT 30 JUNE 2007

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("NTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

| LIABILIITIES | Note | Reviewed 30 June 2007 | Audited 31 December 2006 |
|---|---------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Short-term Liabilities | | 383.592 | 398.615 |
| Short-term borrowings | 6 | 292.233 | 325.514 |
| Short-term portions of long-term borrowings | 6 | 52.602 | 30.898 |
| Finance lease payables (net) | 8 | 93 | 50.898 91 |
| Other financial liabilities | 8 10 | 35 | 51 |
| Trade payables (net) | | 9.021 | - |
| | 7 9 | 9.021 | 16.220 |
| Due to related parties (net) (*) | | - | - |
| Advances received | 21 | 15.042 | 11.952 |
| Ongoing construction progress payments | 13 | - | - |
| Provisions | 23 | 500 | 229 |
| Deferred tax liabilities (net) | 14 | - | - |
| Other short-term liabilities | 15 | 14.101 | 13.711 |
| Long-term Liabilities | | 360.315 | 356.183 |
| Long-term borrowings (net) | 6 | 359.811 | 355.722 |
| Finance lease payables (net) | 8 | - | - |
| Other financial liabilities (net) | 10 | - | - |
| Trade payables (net) | 7 | - | - |
| Due to related parties (net) (*) | 9 | _ | - |
| Advances received | 21 | _ | _ |
| Provisions | 23 | 504 | 461 |
| Deferred tax liabilities (net) | 14 | 504 | 101 |
| Other long-term liabilities | 14 | - | - |
| MINORITY SHARE | 24 | 2.564 | 1.603 |
| SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY | | 187.993 | 157.365 |
| | 26 | | |
| Capital | | 139.500 | 100.000 |
| Treasury stock | 25 | 21 400 | 12 (27 |
| Capital reserves | 26 | 21.408 | 12.627 |
| - Premium in excess of par | | - | - |
| - Gain on cancellation of equity shares | | - | - |
| - Revaluation fund | | - | - |
| - Financial assets fair value reserve | | 8.827 | 46 |
| - Shareholders' equity inflation restatement differences | | 12.581 | 12.581 |
| Profit reserves | 27 | 3.656 | 15.699 |
| - Legal reserves | | 3.360 | 3.186 |
| - Statutory reserves | | - | - |
| - Extraordinary reserves | | 296 | 12.513 |
| - Special reserves | | - | - |
| - Gain on sale of properties and equity participations which will be transferred to capital | | - | _ |
| - Currency translation reserve | | _ | - |
| Net profit / (loss) for the year | | - 21.847 | 27.446 |
| Retained earnings /(losses) | 28 | 1.582 | 1.593 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES and SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY | | 934.464 | 913.766 |

(*) Payables due to related parties in Note 9 are included in trade payables and advances received.

CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT AT 30 JUNE 2007

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("NTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

| | | Reviewed 1 January 2007- | Reviewed 1 January 2006 - | Unaudited 1 April 2007 - | Unaudited 1 April 2006 - |
|---|------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| INCOME STATEMENT | Note | 30 June 2007 | 30 June 2006 | 30 June 2007 | 30 June 2006 |
| OPERATING INCOME | | | | | |
| Sales (net) | 36 | 52.215 | 46.625 | 26.584 | 25.734 |
| Cost of sales (-) | | - | - | - | - |
| Service income (net) | | - | - | - | - |
| Other operating income / interest+dividend+rent (net) | | - | - | - | - |
| GROSS PROFIT / (LOSS) | | 52.215 | 46.625 | 26.584 | 25.734 |
| Operating expenses (-) | 37 | (10.229) | (14.868) | (4.882) | (10.630) |
| NET OPERATING PROFIT / (LOSS) | | 41.986 | 31.757 | 21.702 | 15.104 |
| Other income and profit | 38 | 4.280 | 5.706 | 1.819 | 3.389 |
| Other expenses and losses (-) | 38 | (1.615) | (484) | (1.065) | (292) |
| Finance expenses (net) | 39 | (22.600) | (27.976) | (10.510) | (19.354) |
| OPERATING PROFIT / (LOSS) | | 22.051 | 9.003 | 11.946 | (1.153) |
| Net monetary gain / (loss) | 40 | - | - | - | - |
| MINORITY SHARE (INCOME) / EXPENSE | 24 | 90 | (186) | 79 | (138) |
| PROFIT/ (LOSS) BEFORE TAXATION | | 22.141 | 8.817 | 12.025 | (1.291) |
| Taxation | 41 | (294) | (223) | (166) | (130) |
| NET PROFIT / (LOSS) FOR THE PERIOD | | 21.847 | 8.594 | 11.859 | (1.421) |
| EARNINGS PER SHARE (NTL) | 42 | 2,05 | 0,81 | 0,10 | (0,03) |

CONSOLIDATED SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY AT 30 JUNE 2007

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("NTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

| | <u>Capital</u> | Treasury <u>stock</u> | Premium in excess <u>of par</u> | Gain on cancellation of equity shares | Revaluation reserve | Increase/ (decrease) in fair value reserve of financial <u>assets</u> | Shareholders equity inflation adjustment <u>differences</u> | Legal <u>reserves</u> | Statutory <u>reserves</u> | Extraordinary <u>reserves</u> | Special reserves | Gain on sale of properties and investments which will be transferred <u>to capital</u> | Translation reserves | Accumulated profit / (losses) | Net profit / <u>(loss)</u> | Total |
|--|----------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|------------------------|---|---|--------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|---|-------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------|
| As of 1 January 2006 | 50.000 | - | - | - | - | (1) | 31.366 | 2.381 | - | 5.434 | - | - | (93) | 670 | 40.022 1 | 29.779 |
| Transfers | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 805 | - | 23.344 | - | - | - | 15.873 | (40.022) | - |
| Translation reserves Increase / (decrease) in fair | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 93 | - | - | 93 |
| value reserve of financial assets Net profit | - | - | - | - | - | 63 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - 8.594 | 63 8.594 |
| Balance as of 30 June 2006 | 50.000 | _ | | | | 62 | 31.366 | 3.186 | _ | 28.778 | | - | | 16.543 | 8.594 1 | 38.529 |
| As of 1 January 2007 | 100.000 | - | - | - | - | 46 | 12.581 | 3.186 | - | 12.513 | - | - | - | 1.593 | 27.446 1 | 57.365 |
| Transfers Capital increase Increase / | 39.500 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 174 - | - | 23.958 (36.175) | - | - | - | 3.314 (3.325) | (27.446) | - |
| (decrease) in fair value reserve of financial assets Net profit | - | - | - | - | - | 8.781 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 21.847 | 8.781 21.847 |
| Balance as of 30 June 2007 | 139.500 | _ | _ | _ | _ | 8.827 | 12.581 | 3.360 | _ | 296 | | - | _ | 1.582 | 21.847 1 | 87.993 |

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS AT 30 JUNE 2007

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("NTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES | Note | 1 January 2007 - <u>30 June 2007</u> | 1 January 2006 - <u>30 June 2006</u> |
|---|------|---|---|
| Net profit for the period | | 21.847 | 8.594 |
| Adjustments to reconcile net profit to net cash used in operating activities: | | | |
| Depreciation of tangible assets | 19 | 217 | 307 |
| Amortization of intangible assets | 20 | - | - |
| Retirement pay provision | 23 | 58 | 48 |
| Allowances for doubtful receivables | 8 | 12.948 | 15.598 |
| Forward / swap expense accrual | | 936 | - |
| Interest income | 38 | (2.587) | (4.674) |
| Interest expense | 39 | 21.600 | 21.124 |
| Dividend income | | (12) | - |
| Minority share | 24 | (90) | 186 |
| Accrual of finance lease receivables | | 15 | 4.946 |
| Accrual of factoring receivables | | (78) | (13) |
| Provision for unused vacation | | 106 | - |
| Provision for legal cases | | 1.540 | - |
| Provision for corporate tax | 23 | 294 | 217 |
| Unrealized foreign exchange (gain) / losses | | (37.421) | 129.948 |
| Allowance for financial assets | | (22) | - |
| Deferred tax charge | 41 | - | 6 |
| Translation reserves | | | 93 |
| Operating cash flows before movements in working capital | | 19.351 | 176.380 |
| Change in assets and liabilities: | | | |
| Change in finance lease receivables | | (10.333) | (183.594) |
| Change in factoring receivables | | (25.266) | (3.440) |
| Change in other receivables and current assets | | (15.744) | (24.047) |
| Change in trade payables | | (7.199) | (4.812) |
| Change in advances received | | 3.091 | 5.006 |
| Change in other payables and liabilities | | (2.040) | (79) |
| Cash provided by / (used in) operating activities | | (38.140) | (34.586) |
| Income tax paid Retirement pay provision paid | 23 | (130) (15) | (258) (20) |
| Interest paid | 23 | (23.857) | (17.469) |
| Net cash used in operating activities | | (62.142) | (52.333) |
| | | (02.112) | (02.000) |
| CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES | 10 | (107) | (157) |
| Purchase of tangible assets | 19 | (107) | (156) |
| Sale of tangible assets (net) | 19 | - | 11 |
| Securities sales / (purchases) (net) | | 728 | (142) |
| Dividend received Interest income received | | 12 | - |
| Net cash provided by investing activities | | 2.079 | 4.670 |
| Net cash provided by investing activities | | 2.712 | 4.383 |
| CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | | |
| New loans raised | | 705.653 | 350.003 |
| Repayment of loans | | (672.103) | (336.885) |
| Net cash provided by financing activities | | 33.550 | 13.118 |
| NET CHANGE IN LIQUID ASSETS | | (25.880) | (34.832) |
| LIQUID ASSETS AT THE BEGINNING OF YEAR | | 81.560 | 71.329 |
| LIQUID ASSETS AT THE END OF YEAR | 4 | 55.680 | 36.497 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 30 JUNE 2007

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("NTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

1. ORGANIZATION AND OPERATIONS OF THE COMPANY

İş Finansal Kiralama A.Ş. (the "Company") was incorporated on 8 February 1988 to operate in Turkey under the provisions of the Turkish financial leasing law number 3226. The core business of the Company is leasing operations, both domestic and abroad, and started leasing operations at the end of July in 1988. The head office of İş Leasing is located at İş Kuleler Kule: 2 Floor: 10 34330 Levent- İstanbul/ Turkey.

The Company has purchased nominal shares of İş Factoring Finansman Hizmetleri A.Ş. amounting to NTL 12.517 thousand with a price of US \$ 10.952.375 as of 11 August 2004. The company owns 78,23% of this subsidiary and it has been consolidated at accompanying financial statements.

The ultimate parent enterprise of the Company is Türkiye İş Bankası A.Ş. (İş Bankası). The main shareholders of the Company are Türkiye İş Bankası A.Ş. with 27,79% and Türkiye Sınai Kalkınma Bankası A.Ş. with 28,56%. Besides, 42,3% of the shares of the Company are publicly traded.

The shares of the Company are listed at the Istanbul Stock Exchange.

As of 30 June 2007, the Company employs 92 persons. (31 December 2006: 81)

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Accounting Standards Applied

The Capital Markets Board ("CMB") has published Communiqué No: XI/25 "Communiqué on Capital Markets Accounting Standards" on 15 November 2003. This Communiqué is applicable since the first interim financial statements period of which ended after 1 January 2005.

The Group maintains its books of account and prepares its statutory financial statements in accordance with accounting principles in the Turkish Commercial Code and tax legislation.

Communiqué No: XI/25 "Communiqué on Capital Markets Accounting Standards" issued by the CMB, provides a detailed set of accounting principles. The Communiqué declared that as an alternative the compliance with accounting standards issued by International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) and International Accounting Standards Committee (IASC) will be counted as in compliance to the CMB Accounting Standards. The accompanying consolidated financial statements were prepared in accordance with the above mentioned alternative application permitted by CMB. The financial statements were prepared in accordance on 20 December 2004 regarding the format of the financial statements and footnotes.

The CMB declared with a decision taken dated 17 March 2005 that hyperinflationary period is over. Therefore, the CMB declared that; for the companies operated in Turkey and subject to CMB rules, the inflation accounting has been ceased starting from 1 January 2005. Accordingly, the Group did not apply inflation accounting starting from 1 January 2005.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 30 JUNE 2007

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("NTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

2. BASIS OF PRESANTATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

Inflation Accounting

The Group's functional and reporting currency is New Turkish Lira ("NTL"). International Accounting Standard No. 29 "Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies" ("IAS 29") requires that financial statements prepared in the currency of a hyperinflationary economy be stated in terms of the measuring unit currency at the balance sheet date.

Restatement adjustments as of 31 December 2004 have been made according to the wholesale price indices published by the State Institute of Statistics.

Such indices and the conversion factors used to restate the accompanying financial statements as of 31 December 2004 are given below:

| | Index | Conversion Factor |
|------------------|---------|-------------------|
| 31 December 2001 | 4.951,7 | 1,6972 |
| 31 December 2002 | 6.478,8 | 1,2971 |
| 31 December 2003 | 7.382,1 | 1,1384 |
| 31 December 2004 | 8.403,8 | 1,0000 |

As of 30 June 2007, the exchange rates announced by the Turkish Central Bank for US dollar is US 1 = NTL 1,3046 (31 December 2006: US 1= NTL 1,4056).

The main guidelines for IAS 29 as of 31 December 2004 are as follows.

- All balance sheet amounts as of 31 December 2004 expressed in terms of the measuring unit current at the balance sheet date are restated by applying a general price index (the WPI).
- As of 31 December 2004, monetary assets and liabilities were not restated because they are already expressed in terms of the measuring unit current at the balance sheet date. Monetary items are money held and items to be received or paid in money.
- As of 31 December 2004 non-monetary assets and liabilities were restated by applying, to the initial acquisition cost and any accumulated depreciation, the change in the general price index from the date of acquisition or initial recording to the balance sheet date. Hence, tangible assets, investments and similar assets are restated from the date of their purchase, not to exceed their market value. Depreciation is calculated at their restated amounts. The components of shareholders' equity are restated by applying the applicable general price index from the dates when components were contributed or otherwise arose.
- The gain or loss on the net monetary position as of 31 December 2004, was the result of the effect of general inflation and is the difference resulting from the restatement of non-monetary assets, shareholders' equity and income statement items. The gain or loss on the net monetary position was included in net income.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 30 JUNE 2007

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("NTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

2. BASIS OF PRESANTATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

Consolidation Principles:

The detail of the Group's subsidiary as of 30 June 2007 is as follows:

| | Incorporation and operation location | Ownership rate | Voting right rate | Core business |
|---|--|-------------------|-------------------|----------------------|
| <u>Subsidiary</u> | | % | % | |
| İş Factoring Finansman Hizmetleri A.Ş. | İstanbul | 78,23 | 78,23 | Factoring operations |

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities controlled or jointly controlled by the Company (its subsidiaries). Control is achieved where the Company has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

The results of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated income statement from the effective date of acquisition or up to the effective date of disposal, as appropriate.

Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with those used by other members of the Group.

All intra-group transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated on consolidation.

Minority interests consist of the amount of those interests at the date of the original business combination and the minority's share of changes in equity since the date of the combination. Losses applicable to the minority in excess of the minority's interest in the subsidiary's equity are allocated against the interests of the Group except to the extent that the minority has a binding obligation and is able to make an additional investment to cover the losses.

Adoption of New and Revised International Financial Reporting Standards:

In the current year, the Group has adopted all of the new and revised Standards and Interpretations issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("the IASB") and the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC") of the IASB that are relevant to its operations and effective for accounting periods beginning on 1 January 2007.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 30 JUNE 2007

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("NTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

2. BASIS OF PRESANTATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

Adoption of New and Revised International Financial Reporting Standards (cont'd):

At the date of authorization of these financial statements, the following Standards and Interpretations were in issue but not yet effective:

| • | IFRIC 11 Group and Treasury Share Transactions | Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 March 2007 |
|---|--|---|
| ٠ | IFRIC 12 Service Concession Arrangements | Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2008 |
| • | IFRIC 13 Customer Loyalty Programmes | Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2008 |
| ٠ | IFRIC 14 The Limit on a Defined Benefit Asset, Minimum Funding Requirements and their Interaction | Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2008 |
| • | IFRS 8 Operating Segments | Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2009 |

The management anticipates that the adoption of these Standards and Interpretations in future periods will have no material impact on the financial statements of the Group.

Comparative information and adjustments made in previous periods' consolidated financial statements:

If the presentation or classification of the financial statements is changed in the current period, in order to maintain consistency, financial statements of the prior periods are also reclassified in line with the related changes.

Offsetting

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 30 JUNE 2007

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("NTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

3. SUMMARY OF VALUATION PRINCIPLES / SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies and valuation principles used to prepare the accompanying financial statements are as follows:

a. <u>Revenue recognition</u>

Leasing Receivables: The initial value at the beginning of the leasing period of the assets that are subject to leasing under the Leasing Law are represented as leasing receivables in the balance sheet. Financial revenues that are the spread between the total leasing receivables and the real value of the assets subject to leasing are recorded in the related period with the receivables of each accounting period distributed over the related period via the fixed interest rate throughout the duration of the leasing agreement.

Other interest income is accrued based on effective interest which equals the estimated cash flows to net book value of the related asset.

Dividend income from equity share investments is recognized when the shareholders have the right to receive the payment.

b. <u>Inventory</u>

None.

c. <u>Tangible Assets:</u>

Tangible and intangible assets purchased before 1 January 2005 are carried at indexed historical cost and purchases in subsequent periods are carried at historical cost, less accumulated depreciation and impairment.

Tangible assets are depreciated principally on a straight-line basis considering expected useful lives, acquisition and assembly dates. Expected useful lives which have been used by the Group are summarized below:

| Vehicles | 5 years |
|------------------------|---------|
| Furniture and fittings | 5 years |
| Leasehold improvement | 5 years |
| Computer software | 5 years |

Expenses for the repair of tangible assets are normally charged against income.

The gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of tangible asset is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognized in profit or loss.

d. Intangible Assets

Intangible assets that are acquired before 1 January 2005 are carried with their restated cost and intangible assets that are acquired in subsequent periods are carried with their cost, less accumulated amortization and impairment.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 30 JUNE 2007

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("NTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

3. SUMMARY OF VALUATION PRINCIPLES / SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

d. Intangible Assets (cont'd)

Intangible assets are amortized principally on a straight-line basis considering expected useful lives. Related intangible assets are depreciated when they are ready to use. The amortization rate used for intangible assets is 20%.

e. Impairment of Tangible and Intangible Assets except Goodwill

At each balance sheet date, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognized immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset (cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognized immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase.

f. Borrowing Costs

All borrowing costs are recorded in the income statement in the period in which they are incurred.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 30 JUNE 2007

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("NTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

3. SUMMARY OF VALUATION PRINCIPLES / SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

g. <u>Financial Instruments:</u>

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized on the Group's balance sheet when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Finance lease receivables and other receivables

Finance lease receivables and other receivables are measured at initial recognition at fair value, and are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method. Appropriate allowances for estimated irrecoverable amounts are recognized in profit or loss when there is objective evidence that the asset is impaired. The allowance recognized is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the possible collection amount. The possible collection amount is the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the effective interest rate computed at initial recognition. The Group's management considers that the carrying amount of finance lease and other receivables approximates their fair value.

Due to / from related parties

In the accompanying financial statements, shareholders of the Group, related companies, their directors and key management personnel and any groups to which they are known to be related, are considered and referred to as related companies. The carrying value of due to and due from related parties at financial statements are estimated to be their fair value.

Financial Investments

Investments are initially measured at fair value, net of transaction costs except for those financial assets classified as fair value through profit or loss which are initially measured at fair value, and are recognized and derecognized on trade date where the purchase of sales of an investment is under a contract whose terms require delivery of the investment within the timeframe established by the market concerned.

Other financial assets are classified into the following specified categories financial assets as 'at fair value through profit or loss', 'held to maturity investments', 'available for sale'' financial assets and 'loans and receivables'. The classification depends on the nature and purpose of the financial assets and is determined at the time of the initial recognition.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss :

Financial assets are classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss where the Group acquires the financial asset principally for the purpose of selling in the near term, the financial asset is a part of an identified portfolio of financial instruments that the Group manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short term profit taking as well as derivatives that are not designated and effective hedging instruments. A gain or loss from valuation of a financial asset or financial liability classified as at fair value through profit or loss shall be recognized in profit or loss. Net gain / loss recognized in profit or loss includes interest and dividend income earned on the financial asset.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 30 JUNE 2007

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("NTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

- 3. SUMMARY OF VALUATION PRINCIPLES / SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)
- g. <u>Financial Instruments (cont'd)</u>

Effective interest rate:

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortized cost of a financial asset and of allocating interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset, or where appropriate a shorter period.

Income on debt instruments that are held to maturity, are available for sale, or on loans and receivables is recognized in income by using effective interest rate method.

Held-to-maturity investments:

Policies and bonds with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity where the Group has both the intent and the ability to hold to maturity are classified as held-to-maturity. Held-to-maturity investments are recognized at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment in value.

Available for sale financial assets:

Some equity shares and debt instruments held by the Group are classified as available for sale financial assets and measured at fair value.

Gains and losses arising from changes in fair value are recognized directly in the investments revaluation fund with the exception of impairment losses, interest calculated using the effective interest method and foreign exchange gains and losses on monetary assets which are recognized directly in profit or loss. Where the investment is disposed of or is determined to be impaired, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in the investments revaluation fund is included in profit or loss for the period.

Dividends on available for sale equity instruments are recognized in profit and loss when the Companies right to receive payments is established.

The fair value of available for sale monetary assets denominated in a foreign currency is determined in that foreign currency and translated at the spot rate at the reporting date. The change in fair value attributable to translation differences that result from a change in amortized cost of the asset is recognized in profit or loss, and other changes are recognized in equity.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 30 JUNE 2007

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("NTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

3. SUMMARY OF VALUATION PRINCIPLES / SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

g. Financial Instruments (cont'd)

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those at fair value through profit or loss are assessed for indicators of impairment at each balance sheet date. Financial assets are impaired where there is an objective evidence that as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset the estimated future cash flows of the investment have been impacted. For loans and receivables the amount of the impairment is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the original effective interest rate.

The carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets with the exception trade receivables where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account. When a trade receivable is uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account. Changes in allowance accounts are recognized in profit or loss.

With the exception of available for sale equity instruments, if, in a subsequent period the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognized, the previously recognized impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss to the extent the carrying amount of the investment at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortized cost would have been had the impairment not been recognized.

Increase in fair value of available for sale financial assets subsequent to impairment is recognized in directly in equity.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments which their maturities are three months or less from date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. The carrying amount of these assets approximates their fair value.

Financial liabilities

Interest-bearing financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value, and are subsequently measured at amortized cost, using the effective interest rate method. Any difference between the proceeds (less transaction costs) and the settlement or redemption of borrowings is recognized over the term of the borrowings in accordance with the Group's accounting policy for borrowing costs.

Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are initially measured at fair value, and are subsequently measured at amortized cost, using the effective interest rate method. The Group management considers that the carrying amount of trade and other payables approximates their fair value.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 30 JUNE 2007

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("NTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

- 3. SUMMARY OF VALUATION PRINCIPLES / SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)
- g. Financial Instruments (cont'd):

Derivative financial instruments and hedge accounting

The Group's activities expose it primarily to the financial risks of changes in foreign exchange rates and interest rates. The Group uses derivative financial instruments (primarily foreign currency forward and interest rate derivative contracts) to hedge its risks associated with foreign currency fluctuations relating to certain firm commitments and forecasted transactions.

Derivative financial instruments are initially measured at fair value on the contract date, and are remeasured to fair value at subsequent reporting dates. The Group does not use hedge accounting therefore, changes in the fair value of derivative financial instruments are recognized in profit or loss as they arise.

h. Business Combinations and Goodwill

The acquisition of subsidiaries and businesses are accounted for using the purchase method. The cost of the acquisition is measured at the aggregate of the fair values, at the date of exchange, of assets given, liabilities incurred or assumed, and equity instruments issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree, plus any costs directly attributable to the business combination. The acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities that meet the conditions for recognition under IFRS 3 are recognized at their fair values at the acquisition date, except for non-current assets (or disposal groups) that are classified as held for sale in accordance with IFRS 5 Non-Current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations, which are recognized at fair value less costs to sell.

Goodwill arising on acquisition is recognized as an asset and initially measured at cost, being the excess of the cost of the business combination over the Group's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities recognized. If, after reassessment, the Group's interest in the net fair value of the acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities exceeds the cost of the business combination, the excess is recognized immediately in profit or loss.

The interest of minority shareholders in the acquiree is initially measured at the minority's proportion of the net fair value of the assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities recognized.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 30 JUNE 2007

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("NTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

3. SUMMARY OF VALUATION PRINCIPLES / SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

i. Effects of Changes in Exchange Rates

The individual financial statements of each group entity are presented in the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (its functional currency). For the purpose of the consolidated financial statements, the results and financial position of each entity are expressed in NTL, which is the functional currency of the Group, and the presentation currency for the consolidated financial statements.

In preparing the financial statements of the individual entities, transactions in currencies other than NTL (foreign currencies) are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At each balance sheet date, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the balance sheet date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated. Foreign exchange gain and losses arising from monetary items' translation, collection or disbursements are recognized in profit or losses.

Exchange differences are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they arise except for:

• Exchange differences which relate to assets under construction for future productive use, which are included in the cost of those assets where they are regarded as an adjustment to interest costs on foreign currency borrowings;

• Exchange differences on transactions entered into in order to hedge certain foreign currency; and

• Exchange differences on monetary items receivable from or payable to a foreign operation for which settlement is neither planned nor likely to occur, which form part of the net investment in a foreign operation, and which are recognized in the foreign currency translation reserve and recognized in profit or loss on disposal of the net investment.

For the purpose of presenting consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's foreign operations are expressed in NTL using exchange rates prevailing on the balance sheet date. Income and expense items are translated at the average exchange rates for the period, unless exchange rates fluctuated significantly during that period, in which case the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions are used. Exchange differences arising, if any, are classified as equity and transferred to the Group's translation reserve. Such exchange differences are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which the foreign operation is disposed of. Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign operation are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign operation and translated at the closing rate.

j. <u>Earnings per Share</u>

In accordance with IAS 33 "Earnings Per Share", it is required that the companies publicly traded or in the process of public offer should disclose the earnings per share which is determined by excluding the items which might cause distortion in the net profit of the companies. The earning per share figure disclosed in the accompanying consolidated financial statements is calculated by dividing the net profit into the weighted average of total common shares which represent the Group's share capital.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 30 JUNE 2007

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("NTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

3. SUMMARY OF VALUATION PRINCIPLES / SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

k. <u>Subsequent Events</u>

Events after the balance sheet date are those events, favorable and unfavorable, that occur between the balance sheet date and the date when the financial statements are authorized for issue. Two types of events can be identified:

- those that provide evidence of conditions that existed at the balance sheet date (adjusting events after the balance sheet date); and

- those that are indicative of conditions that arose after the balance sheet date (non-adjusting events after the balance sheet date).

The Group records adjusting events after the balance sheet date and disclose non-adjusting events after the balance sheet date on the attached financial statements.

1. <u>Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets:</u>

Provisions are recognized when the Group has a present obligation as a result of a past event, and it is probable that the Group will be required to settle that obligation and obligation can be measured reliably. Provision are measured at the Group management's best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the obligation at the balance sheet date, and are discounted to present value where the effect is material.

m. Change in Accounting Policies, Accounting Estimates and Errors:

Changes in accounting policies or fundamental accounting errors are applied retrospectively and the consolidated financial statements for the prior periods are restated. If changes in accounting estimates relate only for one period, changes are applied in the current period but if changes in estimates relate more than one period, changes are applied both in the current and following periods prospectively.

n. <u>Finance Lease</u>

- the Group as Lessor

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Amounts due from lessees under finance leases are recorded as receivables at the amount of the Group's net investment in the leases. Finance lease income is allocated to accounting periods so as to reflect a constant periodic rate of return on the Group's net investment outstanding in respect of the leases.

Rental income from operating leases is recognized on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 30 JUNE 2007

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("NTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

3. SUMMARY OF VALUATION PRINCIPLES / SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

n. <u>Finance Lease (cont'd)</u>

- the Group as Lessee

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Assets held under finance leases are recognized as assets of the Group at their fair value at the inception of the lease or, if lower, at the present value of the minimum lease payments. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the balance sheet as a finance lease obligation. Lease payments are apportioned between finance charges and reduction of the lease obligation so as to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Finance charges are charged to profit or loss, unless they are directly attributable to qualifying assets, in which case they are capitalized in accordance with the Group's general policy on borrowing costs (see above).

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Benefits received and receivable as an incentive to enter into an operating lease are also spread on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

The Group does not have operating lease as of the balance sheet date.

o. <u>Related Parties</u>

In the accompanying financial statements, shareholders of the Group, related companies, their directors and key management personnel and any groups to which they are known to be related, are considered and referred to as related companies.

The carrying value of due to and due from related parties are estimated to be their fair value.

p. <u>Segmental Information</u>

Segmental information is prepared in business segment basis and the Group is in both leasing and factoring businesses. (Please see Note 33)

q. <u>Construction Agreements</u>:

None.

r. <u>Discontinued Operations</u>

None.

s. <u>Government Grant and Incentives:</u>

None.

t. Investment Properties

None.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 30 JUNE 2007

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("NTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

3. SUMMARY OF VALUATION PRINCIPLES / SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

u. <u>Taxation on Income</u>

Turkish tax legislation does not permit a parent company and its subsidiary to file a consolidated tax return. Therefore, provisions for taxes, as reflected in the accompanying consolidated financial statements, have been calculated on a separate-entity basis.

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the income statement because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is recognized on differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit, and is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilized. Such assets and liabilities are not recognized if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, and interests in joint ventures, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments and interests are only recognized to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilize the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realized, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the reporting date, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and Liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Group intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 30 JUNE 2007

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("NTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

3. SUMMARY OF VALUATION PRINCIPLES / SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

u. <u>Taxation on Income (cont'd)</u>

Current and deferred tax are recognized as an expense or income in profit or loss, except when they relate to items credited or debited directly to equity, in which case the tax is also recognized directly in equity, or where they arise from the initial accounting for a business combination. In the case of a business combination, the tax effect is taken into account in calculating goodwill or determining the excess of the acquirer's interest in the net fair value of the acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities over cost.

v. <u>Retirement Pay Provision</u>

Under the Turkish Law and union agreements, lump sum payments are made to employees retiring or involuntarily leaving the Group. The total provision represents the vested benefit obligation as at the balance sheet date. Future retirement payments are discounted to their present value at the balance sheet date in accordance with IAS 19 "Employee Benefits" and reflected to the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

w. <u>Retirement Plans</u>

None.

x. Agricultural Operations

None

y. <u>Statement of Cash Flows</u>

The Group prepares its cash flows to inform financial statement users about the changes in Group's net assets, financial situation and the ability to manage the amount and timing of cash flows in accordance with changes in circumstances.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 30 JUNE 2007

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("NTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

4. LIQUID ASSETS

| | <u>30 June 2007</u> | <u>31 December 2006</u> |
|-------------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|
| Demand deposits | 2.231 | 2.362 |
| Time deposits (1-3 months) | 53.449 | 78.698 |
| Time deposits (over 3 months) | 35.170 | 37.030 |
| Interest accrual | 1.007 | 499 |
| | 91.857 | 118.589 |

The details of time deposits as of 30 June 2007 are as follows:

| Currency | Interest Rate | Maturity | 30 June <u>2007</u> |
|----------|-----------------|-------------------------|------------------------|
| NTL | 17,75%- 19,25 % | 02.07.2007 | 11.842 |
| US\$ | 3,19% - 5,20% | 02.07.2007 | 22.524 |
| EURO | 1,70-3,95% | 02.07.2007 - 16.10.2008 | 55.260 |
| | | | 89.626 |

As of 30 June 2007, NTL 39.366 thousand of total foreign currency deposits (31 December 2006: NTL 39.138 thousand) and NTL 12.009 thousand (31 December 2006: NTL 36.725 thousand) of total NTL deposits consist of accounts at its main shareholders, Türkiye İş Bankası A.Ş..

The details of time deposit as of 31 December 2006 are as follows:

| Currency | Interest Rate | Maturity | 31 December 2006 |
|----------|-----------------|-----------------------|---------------------|
| NTL | 21,00% - 21,25% | 04.01.2007-29.01.2007 | 36.233 |
| US\$ | 4,25% - 5,10% | 04.01.2007 | 13.737 |
| EURO | 2,55% - 3,81% | 04.01.2007-16.10.2008 | 66.257 |
| | | | 116 227 |

Reconciliation of carrying value of liquid assets in the accompanying financial statements with the cash flow statement:

| | <u>30 June 2007</u> | <u>30 June 2006</u> |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Demand deposit | 2.231 | 10.788 |
| Time deposit (1-3 month) | 53.449 | 25.709 |
| Liquid assets per cash flow statement | 55.680 | 36.497 |

5. MARKETABLE SECURITIES

Trading Securities:

| | <u>30 June 2007</u> | <u>31 December 2006</u> |
|--------------|---------------------|-------------------------|
| Mutual funds | 22 | 750 |

The Group has Türkiye İş Bankası A.Ş.'s mutual funds amounting to NTL 22 thousand. (31 December 2006: NTL 750 thousand)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 30 JUNE 2007

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("NTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

6. BORROWINGS

| Short-term borrowings | <u>30 June 2007</u> | <u>31 December 2006</u> |
|--|------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Short-term borrowings Short-term portions of long-term borrowings Total Short-term borrowing | 292.233 52.602 344.835 | 325.514 30.898 356.412 |
| Long-term borrowings | | |
| Long-term portions of long-term borrowings Total long-term borrowings | 359.811 359.811 | <u>355.722</u> <u>355.722</u> |
| Total borrowings | 704.646 | 712.134 |
| Maturity analysis of borrowings | <u>30 June 2007</u> | <u>31 December 2006</u> |
| Within 1 year Within 1-2 years Within 2-3 years | 344.835 330.598 28.183 | 356.412 344.879 8.122 |
| Within 3-4 years Total | <u> </u> | 2.721 |

The details of short-term borrowings are as follows:

| <u>Currency</u> | Interest rate | Currency amount | <u>30 June 2007</u> |
|-------------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| NTL | 18,05% - 18,40% | - | 34.014 |
| US\$ | 5,81% - 8,51% | 99.705.767 | 130.076 |
| EURO | 4,92% - 6,74% | 64.629.513 | 113.651 |
| GBP | 6,50% | 845.874 | 2.210 |
| Interest accruals | | | 12.282 |
| Total | | | 292.233 |
| | | | |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 30 JUNE 2007

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("NTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

6. BORROWINGS (cont'd)

| Currency | Interest rate | Currency amount | <u>31 December 2006</u> |
|------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-------------------------|
| NTL | 18,60% - 19,00% | - | 19.700 |
| US\$ | 5,45% - 8,82% | 87.994.867 | 123.686 |
| EURO | 4,18% - 6,21% | 93.166.069 | 172.497 |
| Interest accrual | | | 9.631 |
| Total | | | 325.514 |

The details of short-term portions of long-term borrowings are as follows:

| Currency | Interest rate | Currency amount | <u>30 June 2007</u> |
|----------|---------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| US\$ | 4,02% - 6,98% | 9.677.312 | 12.625 |
| EURO | 4,63% - 5,79% | 22.733.335 | 39.977 |
| Total | | — | 52.602 |

| Currency | Interest rate | Currency amount | 31 December 2006 |
|----------|---------------|-----------------|------------------|
| US\$ | 3,95% - 8,55% | 7.843.979 | 11.025 |
| EURO | 4,63%- 5,31% | 10.733.333 | 19.873 |
| Total | | | 30.898 |

The details of long-term borrowing are as follows:

| <u>Currency</u> NTL US\$ EURO Total | <u>Interest rate</u> 19,90% - 20,45% 4,02% - 7,00% 4,26% - 5,79% | <u>Currency amount</u> - 80.116.945 123.736.444 | <u>30 June 2007</u> 37.700 104.521 217.590 359.811 |
|---|---|--|--|
| <u>Currency</u> NTL US\$ EURO Total | <u>Interest rate</u> 19,90% - 20,45% 3,95% - 8,55% 4,03% - 5,31% | <u>Currency amount</u> - 87.205.601 105.561.112 | <u>31 December 2006</u> 37.700 122.576 195.446 355.722 |

Credit interest rate is implied compoundly.

The Group's financial borrowings amounting to US \$ 61.000.000 (2006: EUR 35.574 and US \$52.000.000) have fixed interest rates exposing the Group to the fair value interest rate risk. Other borrowings with variable interest rates exposes the Group to the cash flow interest rate risk.

The Group's borrowing's fair value is close to its book value.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 30 JUNE 2007

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("NTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

7. TRADE RECEIVABLES AND PAYABALES

| Trade payables | <u>30 June</u> 2007 | <u>31 December</u> <u>2006</u> |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Payables to finance lease suppliers | 3.993 | 10.203 |
| Other trade payables (*) | 5.028 | 6.017 |
| | 9.021 | 16.220 |

(*) The Group insures the equipments that are subject to the leasing transactions and pays for the relevant costs in installments. Other trade payables consist of the Group's insurance premium payable and payable to suppliers resulting from daily operations of the Group.

The Group generally purchase from the suppliers in cash. The Group has financial risk management policy that enables the Group to pay all its payables at their maturities.

8. FINANCE LEASE PAYABLES AND RECEIVABLES

Finance lease receivables

| <u>30 June 2007</u> | Short-term | Long-term | Total |
|--|------------|-----------|-----------|
| Invoiced finance lease receivables | 18.751 | - | 18.751 |
| Doubtful finance lease receivables | 44.908 | 8.120 | 53.028 |
| Uninvoiced finance lease receivables | 397.072 | 412.863 | 809.935 |
| Less: Unearned interest income | (76.330) | (56.005) | (132.335) |
| Less: Allowance for doubtful receivables | (26.920) | (3.289) | (30.209) |
| Net finance lease receivables | 357.481 | 361.689 | 719.170 |
| <u>31 December 2006</u> | Short-term | Long-term | Total |
| Invoiced finance lease receivables | 22.200 | - | 22.200 |
| Doubtful finance lease receivables | 37.812 | 5.487 | 43.299 |
| Uninvoiced finance lease receivables | 397.049 | 415.191 | 812.240 |
| Less: Unearned interest income | (74.597) | (54.100) | (128.697) |
| Less: Allowance for doubtful receivables | (22.904) | (4.337) | (27.241) |
| Net finance lease receivables | 359.560 | 362.241 | 721.801 |

The Group provides provision for the finance lease receivables that are overdue more than 90 days and recognizes allowances for such receivables by considering past experiences and guarantees on hand.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 30 JUNE 2007

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("NTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

8. FINANCE LEASE PAYABLES AND RECEIVABLES (cont'd)

As of balance sheet date, the Group's finance lease receivables which are overdue less than 90 days is amounting to NTL 4.777 thousand. The Group does not recognize allowance considering the fact that there is no substantial risk regarding the recoverability of such finance lease receivables.

The Group's guarantees for the finance lease receivables are as follows:

| Guarantee type | <u>30 June 2007</u> | <u>31 December 2006</u> |
|--|---------------------|-------------------------|
| Ship mortgage | 3.914 | 4.217 |
| Other mortgage | 555.037 | 560.485 |
| Guarantor | 8.405 | 7.746 |
| Cash blockage | 15.348 | 18.546 |
| Letter of guarantee | 11.129 | 10.299 |
| | 593.833 | 601.293 |
| | | |
| Movement of provision for doubtful receivables | <u>30 June 2007</u> | <u>30 June 2006</u> |
| Provision at the beginning of the period | 27.241 | 32.392 |
| Additions | 12.948 | 15.598 |
| Write offs | (909) | (997) |
| Collections | (9.071) | (5.819) |
| Provision at the end of the period | 30.209 | 41.174 |

In determining the recoverability of the finance lease receivables, the Group considers any change in the credit quality of receivables from the date credit was initially granted up to the reporting date. The concentration of credit risk is limited due to working with a great many customers. Accordingly, the Group management believes that there is no further credit allowance need in excess of the allowance for doubtful receivables in the accompanying financial statements.

The allocation of finance lease receivables according to their maturities as of 30 June 2007 is as follows:

| | <u>2007</u> | <u>2008</u> | <u>2009</u> | <u>2010</u> | <u>2011</u> | 2012 and after | Total |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------------|-----------|
| Financial lease receivables (gross) | 252.100 | 324.860 | 170.835 | 66.891 | 23.804 | 13.015 | 851.505 |
| Unearned Interest Finance lease | (45.071) | (53.654) | (22.357) | (7.480) | (2.474) | (1.299) | (132.335) |
| receivables (net) | 207.029 | 271.206 | 148.478 | 59.411 | 21.330 | 11.716 | 719.170 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 30 JUNE 2007

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("NTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

8. FINANCE LEASE PAYABLES AND RECEIVABLES (cont'd)

The allocation of finance lease receivables according to their maturities as of 31 December 2006 is as follows:

| Finance lease | <u>2007</u> | <u>2008</u> | <u>2009</u> | <u>2010</u> | <u>2011</u> | 2012 and after | <u>Total</u> |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--------------|
| receivables (gross) Unearned interest | 429.819 | 256.309 | 116.981 | 35.737 | 8.771 | 2.881 | 850.498 |
| revenue Finance lease | (74.596) | (36.377) | (13.108) | (3.666) | (679) | (271) | (128.697) |
| receivables (net) | 355.223 | 219.932 | 103.873 | 32.071 | 8.092 | 2.610 | 721.801 |

As of 30 June 2007, the compound interest rate that applies for finance lease receivables is; 26,13% for NTL, 10% for US\$, and 9,67% for EURO. (31 December 2006: for NTL 25,07%, for US\$ 9,91% and for EURO 9,85%).

As of 30 June 2007, the distribution of uninvoiced rental receivables according to foreign currency types is as follows:

| Currency | Principal in foreign currency | Principle (Net) | Unearned interest in foreign currency | Unearned <u>interest</u> |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|--|---------------------------------------|
| US\$ EURO NTL Total | 163.868.034 163.758.460 | 213.782 287.969 217.419 719.170 | 25.513.406 22.828.438 | 33.284 40.144 58.907 132.335 |

As of 31 December 2006, the distribution of uninvoiced finance lease receivables according to foreign currency types is as follows:

| Currency | Principal in foreign currency | Principle (Net) | Unearned int in foreign curr | | Unearned interest |
|------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------------|
| US\$ EURO NTL Total | 151.681.529 159.961.272 — | 213.204 296.168 212.429 721.801 | 21.066 21.816 | | 29.611 40.393 58.693 128.697 |
| Finance | lease payables | | <u>30 June 2007</u> | <u>31 Dec</u> | ember 2006 |
| Finance | lease payables | | 97 | | 95 |
| Less: Co | ost of deferred finance lease pa | yable | (4) | | (4) |
| Finance | lease payables (Net) | | 93 | | 91 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 30 JUNE 2007

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("NTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

9. DUE FROM / TO RELATED PARTIES

| Finance lease receivables | Finance lease receivables | | <u>31 Decer</u> | <u>nber 2006</u> |
|--|---------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|
| Türkiye İş Bankası A.Ş. | Türkiye İs Bankası A S | | 385 | 92.584 |
| Gemport Gemlik Liman İşletmeleri | A.S. | | 526 | 712 |
| Bayek Tedavi Sağlık Hizmetleri ve | | | 567 | 694 |
| Avea İletişim Hizmetleri A.Ş. | | | 718 | - |
| Anadolu Anonim Türk Sigorta Şirk | eti | | 14 | 662 |
| Other | | | 360 | 982 |
| | | 89.7 | | 95.634 |
| Payables to related parties | | | | |
| Anadolu Anonim Türk Sigorta Şirk | eti | 4.9 | 959 | 5.728 |
| Türkiye İş Bankası A.Ş. | | 3.1 | 170 | 382 |
| Türkiye Sınai Kalkınma Bankası A. | Ş. | 3 | 333 | 14 |
| Gemport Gemlik Liman İşletmeleri | A.Ş. | | - | 18 |
| Other | | | 35 | 104 |
| | | 8.4 | 197 | 6.246 |
| Borrowings | | | | |
| Türkiye İş Bankası A.Ş. Türkiye Sınai Kalkınma Bankası A. | Ş. | 181.0 8.5 189.6 | 552 | 188.758 9.852 198.610 |
| | 01.01.2007- | 01.01.2006- | 01.04.2007- | 01.04.2006- |
| | <u>30.06.2007</u> | <u>30.06.2006</u> | <u>30.06.2007</u> | <u>30.06.2006</u> |
| Finance lease interest income | <u>30.00.2007</u> | <u>50.00.2000</u> | <u>50.00.2007</u> | <u>30.00.2000</u> |
| Türkiye İş Bankası A.Ş. | 2.435 | 4.102 | 341 | 2.481 |
| Gemport Gemlik Liman. İşl. A.Ş. | 25 | 130 | 7 | 68 |
| İş-Koray Tur. Orm. Mad.İnş.Taah. | | | | |
| ve Tic. A.Ş. | 1 | 94 | - | 35 |
| Bayek Tedavi Sağlık Hizm. ve İşlet.A.Ş. | 34 | 75 | 16 | 31 |
| Anadolu Anonim Türk Sigorta Şti. A.Ş. | 16 | 14 | 6 | 12 |
| Türkiye Sınai Kalkınma Bankası A.Ş. | 62 | 63 | 26 | 33 |
| Other | 14 | 179 | 6 | 149 |
| | 2.587 | 4.657 | 402 | 2.809 |
| Interest Income | | | | |
| Türkiye İş Bankası A.Ş. | 1.371 | 1.976 | 386 | 1.378 |
| İş Yatırım ve Menkul Değerler A.Ş. | 1.3/1 | 333 | | 333 |
| Türkiye Sınai Kalkınma Bankası A.Ş. | - | 48 | - | 15 |
| r annye onar reakting Dunkusi A.Ş. | 1.371 | 2.357 | 386 | 1.726 |
| | 1.0 / 1 | _ , | 200 | 1.720 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 30 JUNE 2007

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("NTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

9. DUE FROM / TO RELATED PARTIES (cont'd)

| Finance expense | 01.01.2007- <u>30.06.2007</u> | 01.01.2006- <u>30.06.2006</u> | 01.04.2007- <u>30.06.2007</u> | 01.04.2006- <u>30.06.2006</u> |
|---|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Türkiye İş Bankası A.Ş. | 5.150 | 7.603 | 2.472 | 4.549 |
| Türkiye Sınai Kalkınma Bankası A.Ş. | 391 | 128 | 142 | 50 |
| , , | 5.541 | 7.731 | 2.614 | 4.599 |
| <u>Rent expense</u> İş Gayrimenkul Yatırım Ortaklığı A.Ş. | 429 | 412 | 212 | 211 |
| -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, - | | | | |
| Commission income | | | | |
| Anadolu Anonim Türk Sigorta Şirketi | 979 | 1.013 | 502 | 523 |
| | | | | |
| Compensation of Key Client Personnel | | | | |
| Short-term benefits | 954 | 849 | 468 | 378 |
| | | | | |
| 10. OTHER RECEIVABLES AND P | AYABLES | | | |
| | | <u>30 June 20</u> | <u>07</u> <u>31 Dece</u> | mber 2006 |
| Short-term factoring receivables | (*) | | | |
| Domestic factoring receivables (r | | 47.2 | 17 | 25.888 |
| Export and import factoring recei | vables (net) | 3.4 | 55 | 544 |
| Factoring interest income accrual | | 1 | 35 | 196 |
| Unearned interest income | | (2.59 | 97) | (646) |
| Doubtful factoring receivables | _ | 8 | 89 | 859 |
| Gross factoring receivables | _ | 49.0 | 99 | 26.841 |
| Provision for doubtful factoring r | eceivables | (88) | 89) | (859) |
| | = | 48.2 | 10 | 25.982 |
| Long town footoning received log | | | | |
| <u>Long-term factoring receivables</u> Domestic factoring receivables (n | | 3.1 | 16 | |
| Domestic factoring receivables (II | | 5.1 | 10 | - |

(*) The balance consists of factoring receivables of the subsidiary İş Factoring Finansman Hizmetleri A.Ş. which is owned by the Group with the ownership percentage of 78,23 %.

11. BIOLOGICAL ASSETS

None.

12. INVENTORIES

None.

13. RECEIVABLES FROM ONGOING CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS (NET)

None.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 30 JUNE 2007

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("NTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

14. DEFERRED TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (NET)

The Group recognizes deferred tax assets and liabilities based upon the temporary differences arising between its financial statements as reported for IFRS purposes and financials prepared according to the Turkish tax legislation. These differences arise from the differences in accounting periods for the recognition of income and expenses in accordance with IFRS and tax legislation and represented below. It is provided provision for deferred tax assets that will not be realized in future.

| | <u>30 June 2007</u> | 31 December 2006 |
|---|---------------------|-------------------------|
| Deferred Tax Asset | 19 | 19 |
| | <u>30 June 2007</u> | <u>31 December 2006</u> |
| Temporary differences subject to deferred tax: | | |
| Finance lease adjustment | 24.143 | 36.846 |
| Tax base difference in tangible and intangible assets | 3.051 | 3.083 |
| Retirement pay provision | 504 | 461 |
| Finance lease income accruals | (9.756) | (2.419) |
| Allowance for doubtful finance lease receivables | 14.809 | 1.347 |
| Forward / swap accrual | 6.614 | 2.452 |
| Unreal finance expense | 4.827 | 9.654 |
| Tax losses carried forward | 4.706 | 4.706 |
| Unused investment incentives | 424.163 | 388.124 |
| Other | 369 | 267 |
| | 473.430 | 444.521 |

The effective tax rate has been applied as 30% except investment incentives since the Company has decided to use investment incentive option in case the Company has taxable income in the following years. On the other hand, the Company's subsidiary Iş Factoring Finansman Hizmetleri A.Ş. does not have investment incentive to be used for the following years, thus the effective tax rate has been determined as 20%. Investment incentive certificates are revoked commencing from 1 January 2006. If companies cannot use investment incentive due to inadequate profit, such outstanding investment incentive can be carried forward to following years. However, the companies can deduct the carried forward outstanding allowance from 2006, 2007 and 2008 taxable income. While the investment incentive amount that cannot be deducted from 2008 taxable income will not be carried forward to following years, legally, there is still uncertainity about the future. Therefore, a provision has been provided for the deferred tax asset of the Group in the accompanying financial statements.

Unrecognized tax losses will expire as follows:

| | <u>30 June 2007</u> | <u>31 December 2006</u> |
|-------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|
| Ending as of 2011 | 4.706 | 4.706 |
| | 4.706 | 4.706 |
| | | |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 30 JUNE 2007

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("NTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

14. DEFERRED TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (NET) (cont'd)

| | <u>30 June 2007</u> | <u>31 December 2006</u> |
|---|---------------------|-------------------------|
| Deferred Tax Assets/(Liabilities) | | |
| Finance lease adjustment | 7.244 | 11.054 |
| Tax base difference in tangible and intangible assets | 917 | 927 |
| Retirement pay provision | 140 | 127 |
| Finance lease income accruals | (2.927) | (726) |
| Allowance for doubtful finance lease receivables | 4.442 | 404 |
| Forward / swap accrual | 1.984 | 736 |
| Unreal finance expense | 1.448 | 2.896 |
| Tax losses carried forward | 1.412 | 1.412 |
| Unused investment incentives | 103.779 | 95.221 |
| Other | 110 | 80 |
| Deferred tax asset | 118.549 | 112.131 |
| Provision | (118.530) | (112.112) |
| Deferred tax asset (net) | 19 | 19 |

Deferred tax assets/ (liabilities) movement for the period ended as of 30 June 2007 is as follows:

| | <u>30 June 2007</u> | <u>30 June 2006</u> |
|----------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Opening balance 1 January | 19 | 23 |
| Deferred tax benefit / (expense) | - | (6) |
| Closing balance | 19 | 17 |

15. OTHER CURRENT / NON-CURRENT ASSETS AND OTHER CURRENT/ NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES

| Other current assets | <u>30 June 2007</u> | <u>31 December 2006</u> |
|--|---|--|
| Ongoing leasing contracts (*) Advances given VAT deductible and other VAT Insurance premium receivables Assets held for sale | 15.518 23.208 5.307 5.153 2.917 | 18.762 4.419 5.478 4.694 2.917 |
| Other | 1.806 | 1.895 |
| | 53.909 | 38.165 |

(*) The Company purchases machinery and equipment from domestic and foreign suppliers on behalf of the lessees on the basis of the leasing contract terms. The balance includes the total amount paid for these machinery and equipment but not charged to the lessees yet, as of 30 June 2007 and 31 December 2006

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 30 JUNE 2007

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("NTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

15. OTHER CURRENT / NON-CURRENT ASSETS AND OTHER CURRENT/ NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES (cont'd)

| Other current/ non-current liabilities | <u>30 June 2007</u> | <u>31 December 2006</u> |
|--|---|---------------------------------------|
| Social security premiums payable Forward accrual Payable to Tax Offices (*) Other | 430 1.707 10.831 1.133 14.101 | 353 771 12.055 532 13.711 |

(*) The Company's subsidiary, İş Factoring Finansman Hizmetleri A.Ş., had a tax audit and tax penalty notifications were sent to İş Factoring Finansman Hizmetleri A.Ş. within the context of article 16 in Corporate Tax Law. İş Factoring A.Ş has brought a lawsuit against the relevant authorities concerning the cancellation of the given tax penalty notifications and on condition of keeping a right to bring a lawsuit and given blocked cheques amounting to NTL 4.265 thousand to the tax office regarding the amounts claimed for the notifications. Subsequently, İş Factoring Finansman Hizmetleri A.Ş. has lost the pending lawsuits against the tax authorities with a right to appeal to the Supreme Court for the suspension of the execution of the decisions. Furthermore, İş Factoring applied to Ministry of Finance on the condition of saving all its legal rights, to postpone its liability and to structure a repayment plan and subsequently, started to pay based on the notified repayment schedule. The remaining liability is NTL 10.831 thousand in accordance with the repayment schedule notified by the Tax Offices.

16. FINANCIAL ASSETS (NET)

| | <u>30 Jun</u> | <u>ne 2007</u> | <u>31 Decem</u> | |
|---|---------------|---------------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| Company name | | <u>Share</u> (%) | | <u>Share</u> (%) |
| İş Yatırım Menkul Değerler A.Ş (İş Yatırım) (*) | 15.856 | 4,86 | 5.990 | 6,00 |
| İş Girişim Sermayesi Yatırım Ortaklığı A.Ş. | 713 | 0,90 | 768 | 0,90 |
| Camiş Menkul Değerler A.Ş. | 2 | 0,05 | 2 | 0,05 |
| Yatırım Finansman Menkul Değerler A.Ş. | 18 | 0,06 | 18 | 0,06 |
| İş Net Elektronik Bilgi Üretim Dağ. Tic. ve | | , | | , |
| İletişim Hiz. A.Ş. – (İş Net) | 328 | 1,00 | 328 | 1,00 |
| TOTAL | 16.917 | , | 7.106 | , |

(*) Due to public offering of İş Yatırım Menkul Değerler A.Ş. in May 2007, the Group has started to account its shares in İş Yatırım Menkul Değerler A.Ş. at fair value.

17. POSITIVE / (NEGATIVE) GOODWILL

The Company has purchased nominal shares of İş Factoring Finansman Hizmetleri A.Ş. amounting to NTL 12.517 thousand with a price of US \$ 10.952.375 as of 11 August 2004. The shareholding rate on this subsidiary is 78,23 %. Positive goodwill has been occurred amounting to NTL 169 thousand on purchased equity of NTL 16.603 thousand. The net amount of goodwill as of 30 June 2007 is NTL 166 thousand. (31 December 2006: NTL 166 thousand) Within the framework of IFRS 3 "Mergers and Acquisitions" which is effective from 1 January 2005, no amortization is applied to goodwill realized out of the acquisitions after December 31, 2004 for the annual periods beginning on or after 31 March 2004, and analysis of provision for impairment is performed as of each balance sheet date for goodwill

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 30 JUNE 2007

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("NTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

18. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

None.

19. TANGIBLE ASSETS

| | Vehicles | Furniture and Fixtures | Other Tangible Assets | Leasehold Improvements | Total |
|---|-------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|--------------|
| Acquisition cost | | | | 2 0 4 0 | |
| Opening balance 1 January 2007 Additions | 466 | 3.113 99 | 1.819 8 | 2.848 | 8.246 107 |
| Closing balance 30 June 2007 | 466 | 3.212 | 1.827 | 2.848 | 8.353 |
| Accumulated depreciation | | | | | |
| Opening balance 1 January 2007 | (225) | (2.806) | (1.637) | (2.402) | (7.070) |
| Charge for the period | (47) | (61) | (43) | (66) | (217) |
| Closing balance 30 June 2007 | (272) | (2.867) | (1.680) | (2.468) | (7.287) |
| Net book value | | | | | |
| as of 30 June 2007 | 194 | 345 | 147 | 380 | 1.066 |
| Acquisition cost | Vehicles | Furniture and Fixtures | Other Tangible Assets | Leasehold Improvements | Total |
| Opening balance 1 January 2006 | 743 | 2.998 | 1.724 | 2.459 | 7.924 |
| Additions | 17 | 85 | 2 | 52 | 156 |
| Disposals | (202) | | | - | (202) |
| Closing balance 30 June 2006 | 558 | 3.083 | 1.726 | 2.511 | 7.878 |
| Accumulated depreciation | | | | | |
| Opening balance 1 January 2006 | (375) | (2.664) | (1.528) | (2.249) | (6.816) |
| Charge for the period Disposals | (73) 191 | (83) | (54) | (97) | (307) 191 |
| Closing balance 30 June 2006 | (257) | (2.747) | (1.582) | (2.346) | (6.932) |
| Crosing balance 30 June 2000 | (237) | (2.777) | (1.302) | (2.340) | (0.952) |
| Net book value | | | | | |
| as of 30 June 2006 | 301 | 336 | 144 | 165 | 946 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 30 JUNE 2007

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("NTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

20. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

| | <u>30 June 2007</u> | <u>30 June 2006</u> |
|---------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Acquisition cost | | |
| Opening balance 1 January | 170 | 159 |
| Additions | - | - |
| Disposals | | |
| Closing balance 30 June | 170 | 159 |
| | | |
| Amortization | | |
| Opening balance 1 January | (158) | (156) |
| Charge for the period | <1 | <1 |
| Disposals | | |
| Closing balance 30 June | (158) | (156) |
| | | |
| Net book value | 12 | 3 |

21. ADVANCES RECEIVED

| | <u>30 June 2007</u> | 31 December |
|-----------------------|---------------------|-------------|
| | | 2006 |
| Advances received (*) | 15.042 | 11.952 |

(*) Advances received consist of the leasing advances received from lessees for the machinery and equipment which are not in use of the lessees, yet.

22. RETIREMENT BENEFITS

None.

23. PROVISIONS

Short term provisions:

| <u>30 June 2007</u> | 31 December 2006 |
|---------------------|---|
| 294 | 129 |
| 165 | 59 |
| 41 | 41 |
| 500 | 229 |
| | |
| <u>30 June 2007</u> | <u>31 December 2006</u> |
| 294 | 472 |
| | (343) |
| 294 | 129 |
| | 294 165 41 500 <u>30 June 2007</u> 294 |
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 30 JUNE 2007

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("NTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

23. PROVISIONS (cont'd)

Long term provisions:

| Retirement pay provision: | <u>30 June 2007</u> | <u>30 June 2006</u> |
|---------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| 1 January | 461 | 379 |
| Increase during the year | 58 | 48 |
| Amounts paid | (15) | (20) |
| Period End | 504 | 407 |

Retirement Pay Provision:

Under the Turkish Labor Law, the Company and its Turkish subsidiaries and associates are required to pay termination benefits to each employee who has completed one year of service and whose employment is terminated without due cause, is called up for military service, dies or who retires after completing 25 years of service (20 years for women) and reaches the retirement age (58 for women and 60 for men).

The amount payable consists of one month's salary limited to a maximum of the effective ceiling and the Group has taken into consideration the ceiling of NTL 2.030,19 effective as of 1 July 2007 in calculation of retirement pay provision. (2006: NTL 1.857,44)

The liability is not funded, as there is no funding requirement.

The provision has been calculated by estimating the present value of the future probable obligation of the Group arising from the retirement of employees. IFRS require actuarial valuation methods to be developed to estimate the enterprise's obligation under defined benefit plans. Accordingly the following actuarial assumptions were used in the calculation of the total liability:

The provisions at the respective balance sheet dates have been calculated assuming an annual inflation rate of 5% and a discount rate of 11%, resulting in a real discount rate of approximately 5,71%. (31 December 2006: annual inflation 5%, interest rate 11% and resulting real discount rate 5,71%). Turnover rate to estimate the probability of retirement is taken as 0% (2006: 0%).

24. MINORITY SHARE

The Company owns 78,23% of İş Factoring Finansman Hizmetleri A.Ş. Therefore, minority share is calculated from balance sheet and income statement of the subsidiary amounting to NTL 2.564 thousand (31 December 2006: NTL 1.603 thousand) and NTL 90 thousand loss, respectively as of 30 June 2007 (30 June 2006: NTL 186 thousand-gain).

25. TREASURY STOCK

The Company consolidates its subsidiaries with a full consolidation method. The carrying value of the subsidiaries is eliminated with the corresponding share capital amounts in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 30 JUNE 2007

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("NTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

26. CAPITAL RESERVES

As of 30 June 2007 and 31 December 2006 share capital held is as follows:

CAPITAL

| Shareholders | <u>(%)</u> | 30 June <u>2007</u> | <u>(%)</u> | 31December <u>2006</u> |
|--|------------|------------------------|------------|---------------------------|
| Türkiye İş Bankası A.Ş. | 27,79 | 38.773 | 27,79 | 27.794 |
| Türkiye Sınai Kalkınma Bankası A.Ş. (TSKB) | 28,56 | 39.841 | 28,56 | 28.560 |
| Publicly traded | 42,30 | 59.003 | 42,30 | 42.296 |
| Cam Pazarlama A.Ş. | 0,45 | 628 | 0,45 | 450 |
| Nemtaş Nemrut Liman İşletmeleri A.Ş. | 0,90 | 1.255 | 0,90 | 900 |
| TOTAL | 100,00 | 139.500 | 100,00 | 100.000 |

| CAPITAL RESERVES | | |
|---|-------------|-------------|
| | 30 June | 31 December |
| | <u>2007</u> | <u>2006</u> |
| Increase/(Decrease) in fair value reserve of financial assets | 8.827 | 46 |
| Shareholders' equity inflation restatement differences | 12.581 | 12.581 |
| -Capital | 12.581 | 12.581 |
| -Legal reserves | - | - |
| -Extraordinary reserves | - | |
| TOTAL | 21.408 | 12.627 |
| PROFIT RESERVES | | |
| | 30 June | 31 December |
| | <u>2007</u> | <u>2006</u> |
| Legal reserves | 3.360 | 3.186 |
| Extraordinary reserves | 296 | 12.513 |

TOTAL

27.

The legal reserves consist of the first and second legal reserves, appropriated in accordance with the Turkish Commercial Code. The first legal reserve is appropriated out of historical statutory profits at the rate of 5% per annum, until the total reserve reaches 20% of the historical paid-in share capital. The second legal reserve is appropriated after the first legal reserve and dividends, at the rate of 10% per annum of all cash dividend distributions.

3.656

15.699

28. RETAINED EARNINGS

| | 30 June | 31 December |
|-------------------|-------------|-------------|
| | <u>2007</u> | <u>2006</u> |
| Retained earnings | 1.582 | 1.593 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 30 JUNE 2007

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("NTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

29. FOREIGN CURRENCY POSITION

| <u>30 June 2007</u> | US\$ <u>000</u> | EURO <u>000</u> | CHF <u>000</u> | GBP <u>000</u> | JPY <u>000</u> | DKK <u>000</u> | AUD <u>000</u> | NTL <u>Equivalent</u> |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|
| Liquid assets | 17.729 | 32.182 | 11 | 18 | 27 | 18 | 1 | 79.781 |
| Finance lease receivables | 163.868 | 163.758 | - | - | - | - | - | 501.751 |
| Factoring receivables | 350 | 628 | - | 899 | - | - | - | 3.911 |
| Advances given | 3.827 | 8.997 | - | 44 | 60.355 | - | - | 21.565 |
| Equipment to be leased | 3.373 | 4.745 | - | - | - | - | - | 12.745 |
| Other current assets | 3 | 31 | - | - | - | - | - | 59 |
| Financial liabilities | (191.462) | (213.918) | - | (846) | - | - | - | (628.166) |
| Advances received | (4.630) | (3.091) | - | - | - | - | - | (11.477) |
| Trade payables | (303) | (1.179) | (363) | - | (60.007) | - | - | (3.486) |
| Other liabilities | - | (365) | - | - | - | - | - | (642) |
| Finance lease payables | (71) | - | - | - | - | - | - | (93) |
| Balance sheet position | | | | | | | | (24.052) |
| Off Balance Sheet Position(Forward) | 8.000 | 5.000 | - | - | - | - | - | 19.229 |
| Accrual expense | (646) | (491) | - | - | - | - | - | (1.707) |
| Net Foreign Currency Position | | | | | | | | (6.530) |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | US\$ | EURO | CHF | AUD | JPY | DKK | | NTL |
| <u>31 December 2006</u> | <u>000</u> | <u>000</u> | <u>000</u> | <u>000</u> | <u>000</u> | <u>000</u> | <u>000</u> | <u>Equivalent</u> |
| Liquid assets | 10.240 | 36.329 | 11 | 2 | 27 | - | - | 81.673 |
| Finance lease receivables | 151.660 | 159.958 | - | - | - | - | - | 509.336 |
| Factoring receivables | 431 | 300 | - | - | - | - | - | 1.162 |
| Advances given | 681 | 1.622 | - | - | - | - | - | 3.961 |
| Equipment to be leased | 6.368 | 2.411 | - | - | - | - | - | 13.415 |
| | | | | | | - | - | |
| Financial liabilities | (185.545) | (212.113) | - | - | - | - | - | (653.530) |
| Advances received | (2.806) | (3.093) | - | - | - | - | - | (9.671) |
| Trade payables | (958) | (2.499) | (360) | - | (65.405) | - | - | (7.161) |
| Finance lease payables | (65) | - | - | - | - | - | - | (91) |
| Balance sheet position | | | | | | | | (60.906) |
| Off balance sheet position (Forward) | 25.000 | 12.000 | - | - | - | - | - | 57.358 |
| Accrual expense | (363) | (141) | - | - | - | - | - | (771) |
| Net Foreign Currency Position | | | | | | | | (4.319) |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 30 JUNE 2007

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("NTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

30. GOVERNMENT GRANTS AND INCENTIVES

None.

31. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

As of 30 June 2007, letter of guarantees amounting to NTL 1.467 thousand (31 December 2006: NTL 1.586 thousand) are given to customs, authorities and banks.

As of 30 June 2007, the total risk of court cases opened and currently pending against the Group amounts to approximately NTL 278 thousand (31 December 2006: NTL 256 thousand). The Group provided a provision amounting to NTL 41 thousand (31 December 2006: NTL 41 thousand). Besides, since the Group's subsidiary İş Factoring Finansman Hizmetleri A.Ş. has lost court cases as aforementioned in note 15, provision which has turned into liability to Tax Offices amounting to NTL 10.831 thousand has been booked in the accompanying financial statements. (31 December 2006: NTL 16.259 thousand)

Forward Contracts:

| | <u>30 June</u> | 2007 | <u>31 December 2006</u> | |
|---|------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|
| | Currency Amount | NTL | Currency Amount | NTL |
| Purchases US\$ EURO | 8.000.000 5.000.000 | 10.437 8.792 19.229 | 25.000.000 12.000.000 | 35.140 22.218 57.358 |
| Sales NTL | 22.185.500 | <u>22.185</u> 22.185 | 58.911.446 | 58.911 58.911 |
| Maturity Analysis: Short-term Long-term | | 19.229 | | 57.358 |
| Maturity Analysis: Short-term Long-term | | 22.185 | | 58.911 |

The Group has cross currency swap amounting to EURO 20.000.000 having maturities of 09.10.2008 and 16.10.2008. The Group earns an interest of Libor per annum for the receivable amounting to EURO 20.000.000 and pays an interest of 19,90% -20,45% for the payable amounting to NTL 37.700 thousand per annum.

32. MERGERS AND ACQUISITIONS

During the current period, the Group does not have any merger and acquisition activities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 30 JUNE 2007

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("NTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

33. SEGMENTAL INFORMATION

As of 30 June 2007 :

| | | | Consolidation | |
|-------------------|---------|------------------|---------------|---------------------|
| | Leasing | Factoring | Eliminations | Consolidated |
| Total assets | 889.709 | 61.361 | (16.606) | 934.464 |
| Total liabilities | 694.310 | 49.597 | - | 743.907 |
| Net profit | 22.172 | (415) | 90 | 21.847 |

As of 31 December 2006:

| | | | Consolidation | |
|-------------------|---------|-----------|----------------------|---------------------|
| | Leasing | Factoring | Eliminations | Consolidated |
| Total assets | 892.844 | 37.529 | (16.607) | 913.766 |
| Total liabilities | 724.630 | 30.168 | - | 754.798 |
| Net profit | 38.707 | (14.396) | 3.135 | 27.446 |

Segmental Income Statement as of 30 June 2007:

| | Leasing | Factoring | Consolidation Eliminations | Consolidated |
|---------------------------------------|----------|-----------|-------------------------------|--------------|
| OPERATING INCOME/ (EXPENSE) | 48.789 | 3.426 | - | 52.215 |
| Operating Expenses (-) | (5.441) | (911) | - | (6.352) |
| NET OPERATING PROFIT/ (LOSS) | 43.348 | 2.515 | - | 45.863 |
| Other Operating Profit / (Loss) (Net) | (2.219) | (1.580) | - | (3.799) |
| Finance Income / (Expense) (net) | (18.957) | (1.056) | - | (20.013) |
| OPERATING PROFIT / (LOSS) | 22.172 | (121) | - | 22.051 |
| Minority Interest | - | - | 90 | 90 |
| PROFIT / (LOSS) BEFORE TAXATON | 22.172 | (121) | 90 | 22.141 |
| Taxation | - | (294) | - | (294) |
| NET PROFT / (LOSS) | 22.172 | (415) | 90 | 21.847 |

| | Leasing | Factoring | Consolidation Eliminations | Consolidated |
|-------------------------------|---------|-----------|-------------------------------|--------------|
| Fixed Asset Additions | 107 | - | - | 107 |
| Depreciation and Amortization | (206) | (11) | - | (217) |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 30 JUNE 2007

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("NTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

33. SEGMENTAL INFORMATION (cont'd)

Segmental Income Statement as of 30 June 2006:

| | Leasing | Factoring | Consolidation Eliminations | Consolidated |
|---------------------------------------|----------|-----------|-------------------------------|--------------|
| OPERATING INCOME/ (EXPENSE) | 44.912 | 1.713 | - | 46.625 |
| Operating Expenses (-) | (4.308) | (781) | - | (5.089) |
| NET OPERATING PROFIT/ (LOSS) | 40.604 | 932 | - | 41.536 |
| Other Operating Profit / (Loss) (Net) | (9.331) | 100 | - | (9.231) |
| Finance Income / (Expense) (net) | (23.347) | 45 | - | (23.302) |
| OPERATING PROFIT / (LOSS) | 7.926 | 1.077 | - | 9.003 |
| Minority Interest | - | - | (186) | (186) |
| PROFIT / (LOSS) BEFORE TAXATON | 7.926 | 1.077 | (186) | 8.817 |
| Taxation | - | (223) | - | (223) |
| NET PROFT / (LOSS) | 7.926 | 854 | (186) | 8.594 |

| | Leasing | Factoring | Consolidation Eliminations | Consolidated |
|-------------------------------|---------|-----------|-------------------------------|--------------|
| Fixed Asset Additions | 104 | 52 | - | 156 |
| Depreciation and Amortization | (281) | (26) | - | (307) |

34. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Based on the decision of the 4th chamber of the State of Council, dated 10 April 2007 and communicated to İş Factoring Finansman Hizmetleri A.Ş as of 1 August 2007, which has overruled the decision of the Tax Court of İstanbul numbered 3 regarding the court case explained in note 15 by majority of votes, İş Factoring Finansman Hizmetleri A.Ş has applied to the Tax Offices.

Termination indemnity ceiling has increased to NTL 2.030,19 as of 1 July 2007.

35. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

None

36. OPERATING INCOME

| Finance Lease Income | 01.01.2007 - <u>30.06.2007</u> | 01.01.2006 - <u>30.06.2006</u> | 01.04.2007 - <u>30.06.2007</u> | 01.04.2006 - <u>30.06.2006</u> |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Finance lease interest income | 48.789 | 44.912 | 24.579 | 24.688 |
| Factoring income | 3.426 | 1.713 | 2.005 | 1.046 |
| | 52.215 | 46.625 | 26.584 | 25.734 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 30 JUNE 2007

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("NTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

37. OPERATING EXPENSES

| | 01.01.2007 – <u>30.06.2007</u> | 01.01.2006 – <u>30.06.2006</u> | 01.04.2007 – <u>30.06.2007</u> | 01.04.2006 – <u>30.06.2006</u> |
|--|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Personnel expenses | (3.775) | (3.042) | (1.594) | (1.332) |
| Depreciation expense | (217) | (307) | (108) | (129) |
| Doubtful receivables provision expense (*) | (3.877) | (9.779) | (2.185) | (8.336) |
| Office rent expenses | (429) | (412) | (212) | (211) |
| Other general administrative expenses | (1.931) | (1.328) | (783) | (622) |
| - | (10.229) | (14.868) | (4.882) | (10.630) |

(*) The current year charge of NTL 12.948 thousand of provision expense is netted off with the collections amounting to NTL 9.071 thousand.

38. OTHER OPERATING INCOME / EXPENSE AND PROFIT / LOSSES

Other operating income / profit

39.

| | 01.01.2007 - <u>30.06.2007</u> | 01.01.2006 - <u>30.06.2006</u> | 01.04.2007 - <u>30.06.2007</u> | 01.04.2006 - <u>30.06.2006</u> |
|--|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Commission income Interest income Other | 994 2.587 <u>699</u> 4.280 | 1.025 4.674 7 5.706 | 517 1.104 <u>198</u> 1.819 | 530 2.853 <u>6</u> 3.389 |
| Other operating expense / losses | | | | |
| | 01.01.2007 - <u>30.06.2007</u> | 01.01.2006 - <u>30.06.2006</u> | 01.04.2007- <u>30.06.2007</u> | 01.04.2006- <u>30.06.2006</u> |
| Other | (1.615) | (484) (484) | (1.065) (1.065) | (292) (292) |
| FINANCE EXPENSES | | | | |
| | 01.01.2007 - <u>30.06.2007</u> | 01.01.2006 - <u>30.06.2006</u> | 01.04.2007- <u>30.06.2007</u> | 01.04.2006- <u>30.06.2006</u> |
| Foreign exchange gain / (loss) Finance lease foreign exchange | 30.805 | (119.783) | 25.314 | (114.566) |
| gain / (loss) Interest expense | (31.805) (21.600) (22.600) | 112.931 (21.124) (27.976) | (25.263) (10.561) (10.510) | 108.047 (12.835) (19.354) |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 30 JUNE 2007

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("NTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

40. NET MONETARY GAIN / (LOSS)

Since the Group did not apply inflation accounting in 2007, there is no monetary gain or loss in the accompanying statement of income.

41. TAXATION

| | 01.01.2007 - <u>30.06.2007</u> | 01.01.2006 - <u>30.06.2006</u> |
|---|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Provisions for taxes on income | 204 | 017 |
| Corporate tax provision | 294 | 217 |
| Deferred tax income / (expense) | <1 | 6 |
| | 294 | 223 |
| | 1 January- | 1 January- |
| | 30 June | 30 June |
| Reconciliation for tax provision | <u>2007</u> | <u>2006</u> |
| Income before tax and minority interest | 22.051 | 9.003 |
| Enacted tax rate | 30% | 30% |
| Tax calculated | 6.615 | 2.701 |
| Reconciliation of booked and calculated tax provision | | |
| -Deductible charges | 710 | 427 |
| -Other income exempt from dividend and tax | (1.484) | (2.949) |
| - Different tax consideration of the subsidiaries which exist | (1.101) | () |
| in consolidation. | 12 | (108) |
| -Losses from the previous year that can be written-off from | | 2.507 |
| taxes | - | |
| -Tax effect of the companies which benefit from investment | | - |
| allowance | (2.987) | |
| Provision | (2.572) | (2.355) |
| Tax charge in the income statement | (294) | (223) |
| <u> </u> | | × |

Corporate Tax

The Group is subject to the Turkish corporate taxes. Provision is made in the accompanying financial statements for the estimated charge based on the Group's results for the year.

Corporate tax is applied on taxable corporate income, which is calculated from the statutory accounting profit by adding non-deductible expenses, and by deducting dividends received from resident companies, other exempt income and investment incentives utilized.

The effective tax rate in 2007 is 20%. (2006: 20%)

In Turkey, advance tax returns are filed on a quarterly basis The advance corporate income tax rate was decreased to 20% for 2006. (2005: 30%). The excess income tax paid of corporate income that was calculated at the rate of 30% during the first quarter will be deducted from tax returns in following periods.

Losses can be carried forward for offset against future taxable income for up to 5 years. Losses cannot be carried back for offset against profits from previous periods.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 30 JUNE 2007

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("NTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

41. TAXATION (cont'd)

In Turkey, there is no procedure for a final and definitive agreement on tax assessments. Companies file their tax returns between 1April and 25 April of the following year. Tax authorities may, however, examine such returns and the underlying accounting records and may revise assessments within five years.

Income Withholding Tax:

In addition to corporate taxes, companies should also calculate income withholding taxes and funds surcharge on any dividends distributed, except for companies receiving dividends who are resident companies in Turkey and Turkish branches of foreign companies. The rate of income withholding tax is 10% starting from 24 April 2003. This rate was changed to 15% with the code numbered 5520 article 15 commencing from 21 June 2006. However until the resolution of Council of Ministers, it has been used as 10%. With the resolution of Council of Ministers, effective from 23 July 2006, income withholding tax rate has been changed to 15%. Undistributed dividends incorporated in share capital are not subject to income withholding taxes.

Withholding tax at the rate of 19,8% is still applied to investment allowances relating to investment incentive certificates obtained prior to 24 April 2003. Subsequent to this date, companies can deduct 40% of the investments within the scope of the investment incentive certificate and that are directly related to production facilities of the company. The investments without investment incentive certificates do not qualify for tax allowance.

Investment incentive certificates are revoked commencing from 1 January 2006. If companies cannot use investment incentive due to inadequate profit, such outstanding investment incentive can be carried forward to following years as of 31 December 2005 so as to be deducted from taxable income of subsequent profitable years. However the companies can deduct the carried forward outstanding allowance from 2006, 2007 and 2008 taxable income. The investment incentive amount that cannot be deducted from 2008 taxable income will not be carried forward to following years.

The tax rate that the companies can use in the case of deducting the tax investment incentive amount in 2006, 2007 and 2008 is 30%. If the Company cannot use the investment incentive carried forward, the effective tax rate will be 20% and the unused investment incentive will be cancelled.

The Company has chosen to use investment incentive for the following years, thus the effective tax rate of the Company is 30%. On the other hand, the Company's subsidiary İş Factoring A.Ş. does not have investment incentive to be used for the following years, thus the effective tax rate has been determined as 20%.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 30 JUNE 2007

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("NTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

41. TAXATION (cont'd)

Inflation adjusted tax calculation:

In 2003 and the previous years, profit for the period on which taxation was being calculated, used to be uninflated balances except for the effect of the annual revaluation of the fixed assets and the depreciation calculated thereon. The Law 5024 published in the Official Gazette of 30 December 2003 numbered 25332 requires the application of inflation accounting in 2004 and the following periods provided that the inflation rate reaches the limits set out by the Law. The Turkish Tax Law is similar to IAS 29. As the conditions outlined in the Turkish Tax Law occurred the Group adjusted its financial statements according to the regulations and calculated current period tax base over these financial statements as of 31 December 2004. These financial statements constituted the opening balances for 2005. In accordance with the Law 5024, such threshold has not been met in 2005, thus the Group did not apply inflation accounting for the periods then ended.

42. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The weighted average number of shares of the Group and earnings per share are as follows:

| | 1 January 2007- <u>30 June 2007</u> | 1 January 2006- <u>30 June 2006</u> |
|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| Number of outstanding shares | 10.658.333.333 | 10.658.333.333 |
| Net period profit (thousand NTL) | 21.847 | 8.594 |
| Earning per share (NTL) | 2,05 | 0,81 |

43. STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW

Statements of cash flows are presented in the accompanying financial statements.

44. OTHER ISSUES

None.

45. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ABOUT FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(a) Capital risk management

The Group manages its capital to ensure that the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximizing the return to stakeholders through the optimization of the debt and the equity balance.

The capital structure of the Group consists of equity comprising issued capital, reserves and retained earnings as disclosed in note 26, 27 and 28 respectively.

(b) Significant accounting policies

The Group's accounting policies about financial instruments are disclosed in note 3 "Summary of valuation principles / significant accounting policies" to the financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 30 JUNE 2007

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("NTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

45. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ABOUT FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (cont'd)

(c) Categories of financial instruments

| | 30 June 2007 | 31 December 2006 |
|--|-----------------|---------------------|
| Financial assets: | 01.0 75 | |
| Liquid assets | 91.857 | 118.589 |
| Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss | 22 | |
| -Held for trading | 22 | 750 |
| -Other | - | - |
| Derivative instruments | - | - |
| Finance lease receivables | 719.170 | 721.801 |
| Factoring receivables | 51.326 | 25.982 |
| Insurance premium receivables | 5.153 | 4.694 |
| Financial assets available for sale | 16.917 | 7.106 |
| Financial liabilities: | | |
| Derivative instruments | (1.707) | (771) |
| Finance lease payables (net) | (93) | (91) |
| Trade payables | (9.021) | (16.220) |
| Borrowings | (704.646) | (712.134) |

(d) Financial risk management objectives

The Group's corporate treasury function provides services to the business, coordinates access to domestic and international markets, monitors and manages the financial risks relating to the operations of the Group through internal risk reports which analyses exposures by degree and magnitude of risk. These risks include market risk (including currency risk, fair value interest rate risk and price risk) credit risk, liquidity risk and cash flow interest rate risk.

The Group uses hedging derivative instruments to decrease the effects of and hedge from financial risk against those risks. The Group does not enter into or trade financial instruments (including derivative financial instruments) for speculative purposes.

In order to decrease possible risks, the Group reports monthly to the risk management committee who monitors the risks and applied policies.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 30 JUNE 2007

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("NTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

45. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ABOUT FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (cont'd)

(e) Market risk

The Group's activities expose it primarily to the financial risks of changes in foreign exchange rates (refer to section f) and interest rates (refer to section g). To manage risks relating to exchange rate and interest rate, the Group uses various derivative financial instruments including expressed below:

"Forward foreign exchange contracts" to hedge from exchange rate risk stems from operations, "Currency swaps" to control exchange rate risk of foreign currency denominated liabilities, and "Cross currency swaps" to decrease risks stem from interest rate and exchange rate fluctuations of liabilities

At the Group level market risk exposures are measured by sensitivity analysis.

There has been no change in the Group's exposure to market risks or the manner which it manages and measures the risk.

(f) Foreign currency risk management

Foreign currency transactions causes foreign currency risk. The Group controls foreign currency risk coming from its operations and cash flows of finance contracts by using "forward foreign exchange contracts".

The Group's assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are disclosed in Note 29.

Foreign currency sensitivity

The Group mainly is exposed to US\$ and EURO exchange rate risks.

The statement below shows the sensitivity of the Group to US\$ and EURO when a 15% change occurs at those currencies' exchange rates. 15% change in rates is used when reporting foreign currency risk to the top management and stands for expected fluctuation in exchange rates by the top management. Foreign currency sensitivity analysis for the reporting period of the Group is determined based on the change at the beginning of the fiscal year and fixed during the reporting period. Positive amount refers to increase in net profit.

| | US\$ Effect | EURO E | ffect | |
|---|------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|
| $\mathbf{D}_{\mathbf{r}} = \mathbf{f}_{\mathbf{r}} / (\mathbf{l}_{\mathbf{r}} + \mathbf{r}_{\mathbf{r}})$ | $\frac{2007}{(1,100)}$ | $\frac{2006}{(52)}$ | $\frac{2007}{(2,2(1))}$ | $\frac{2006}{(2.647)}$ |
| Profit / (loss) | (1.109) | (53) | (2.361) | (2.647) |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 30 JUNE 2007

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("NTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

45. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ABOUT FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (cont'd)

(f) Foreign currency risk management (cont'd)

Forward contracts and currency swaps

The Group makes forward contracts and currency swaps to cover the risks of receipts and payments, expected sales and purchases in a certain foreign currency. When expected sale and purchase transactions occur, book values of the items hedged from non-financial risk are adjusted.

The statement below shows the maturity detail of the forward contracts and currency swaps as of the balance sheet date:

| Durahaga/Sala | Forward | rate | Foreign c | urrency | Contract . | Amount | Fair V | alue |
|---|-----------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|--|-------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Purchase/Sale Contracts | 2007 | 2006 | 2007 | 2006 | 2007 Thousand NTL | 2006 Thousand NTL | 2007 Thousand NTL | 2006 Thousand NTL |
| US\$ Purchase Between 0-3 months Between 0-3 months Between 0-3 months Between 3-6 months | - - 1,466 | 1,443 1,465 1,445 1,436 | - - 8.000.000 | 5.000.000 7.000.000 8.000.000 5.000.000 | 11.728 | 7.215 10.255 11.560 7.180 | 10.437 | 7.028 9.839 11.245 7.028 |
| EURO Purchase Between 0-3 months Between 3-6 months | 2,0915 | 1,892 - | 5.000.000 | 12.000.000 | 10.458 | 22.704 | 8.793 | 22.218 |

As of the balance sheet date, unrealized loss from changes in fair value of forward contracts recognized in profit and loss is amounting to NTL 1.707 thousand (2006: NTL 771 thousand).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 30 JUNE 2007

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("NTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

45. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ABOUT FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (cont'd)

(g) Interest risk rate management

The Group is exposed to interest rate risk as the Group borrows funds at both fixed and floating interest rates. Such risk is covered by making a proper diversification between fixed and floating interest rate liabilities.

Interest rate sensitivity

The interest rate sensitivity analysis below is based on interest rate risk as of the balance sheet date and estimated interest rate fluctuations at the beginning of the fiscal year, and are fixed during the reporting period. The Group management makes its sensitivity analysis based on 100 base point interest rate fluctuation scenario. Such amount is also used in reporting to top management.

In the case of interest rates being 100 base points higher at balance sheet date and holding all other variables fixed :

- Interest income from floating interest rate finance lease contracts would increase by NTL 337 thousand.(2006: NTL 537 thousand)
- Interest expense from floating interest rate borrowings would increase by NTL 2.939 thousand (2006: NTL 2.716 thousand)
- (h) Other price risks

The Group is exposed to equity shares price risks because of equity investments. Equity shares are held especially for strategic purposes rather than trading purposes. These investments are not traded by the Group.

Equity price sensitivity

Sensitivity analysis below are determined based on equity shares price risk exposed as of the balance sheet date.

In the case of being data in valuation method 15% higher / lower and all other variables fixed:

- If equity investments are held in available for sale portfolio and not disposed, net profit/loss would not change
- Funds under other equity would increase/decrease as NTL 2.485 thousand (2006: NTL 115 thousand). It is mainly because of changes in fair value of available for sale equity shares.

Equity shares price sensitivity of the Group has not changed materially comparing to prior year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 30 JUNE 2007

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("NTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

45. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ABOUT FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (cont'd)

(i) Credit risk management

Credit risks refer to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Group. The Group has adopted a policy of only dealing with creditworthy counterparties and obtaining sufficient collateral where appropriate, as a means of mitigating the risk of financial loss from defaults. The Group's exposure and credit ratings of its counterparties are continuously monitored and the aggregate value of the transactions concluded is spread amongst approved counterparties. Credit exposure is controlled by counterparty limits that are reviewed and approved by the risk management committee annually.

Finance lease receivables consist of a large number of customers, spread across diverse industries and geographical areas. Ongoing credit evaluation is performed on the financial condition of accounts receivable.

Sectoral allocation of finance lease receivables is as follows:

| | 30 June | 31 December |
|--------------------------------|----------|-------------|
| | 2007 | 2006 |
| | <u>%</u> | <u>%</u> |
| Construction | 18,24 | 17,82 |
| Finance | 11,62 | 13,25 |
| Transportation | 8,57 | 9,08 |
| Textile | 7,92 | 8,46 |
| Metal Industry | 4,06 | 6,70 |
| Health | 3,88 | 4,49 |
| Chemical, Plastic and Pharmacy | 5,46 | 4,31 |
| Forestry Products and Paper | 4,64 | 3,91 |
| Food | 3,65 | 3,71 |
| Mining | 3,40 | 3,11 |
| Glass, Tile and Cement | 2,24 | 2,54 |
| Tourism | 3,61 | 1,94 |
| Other | 22,71 | 20,68 |
| TOTAL | 100,00 | 100,00 |
| | | |

(i) Liquidity risk management

Liquidity risk management responsibility mainly belongs to the board of directors. The board of directors has built an appropriate liquidity risk management framework for the management of the Group's short, medium and long term funding and liquidity management requirements. The Group manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves, banking facilities and reserve borrowing facilities by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows and matching the maturity profile of financial assets and liabilities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 30 JUNE 2007

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("NTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

45. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ABOUT FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (cont'd)

Liquidity risk table

The following table details the Group's expected maturity for its non derivative financial assets and liabilities. The tables below have been drawn up based on the undiscounted contractual maturities of the financial assets and liabilities.

| | Up to 1 month | 1-3 month | 3 months -1 year | 1-5 years | 5 year + | Adjustments | Total |
|-----------------------------|------------------|--------------|---------------------|--------------|----------|-------------|---------|
| 30 June 2007 | | | | | | | |
| Liquid assets | 55.775 | - | - | 37.831 | - | (1.749) | 91.857 |
| Factoring receivables | 4.350 | 24.768 | 19.092 | 3.116 | - | - | 51.326 |
| Finance lease receivables | 17.838 | 116.080 | 290.138 | 410.009 | 7.685 | (122.580) | 719.170 |
| Insurance premium | | - | - | | - | - | 5.153 |
| receivables | 5.153 | | | - | | | |
| | 83.116 | 140.848 | 309.230 | 450.956 | 7.685 | (124.329) | 867.506 |
| | | | | | | | |
| Borrowings | - | 42.598 | 281.876 | 410.078 | - | (29.906) | 704.646 |
| Finance lease payables | 6 | 47 | 43 | - | - | (3) | 93 |
| Trade and other liabilities | 6.344 | 1.146 | 727 | 804 | - | - | 9.021 |
| | 6.350 | 43.791 | 282.646 | 410.882 | - | (29.909) | 713.760 |
| | | | | | | | |
| | Up to 1 | 1-3 | 3 months | 1-5 | | | |
| | month | month | -1 year | years | 5 year + | Adjustments | Total |
| | | | 2 | 5 | 2 | 5 | |
| 31 December 2006 | | | | | | | |
| Liquid assets | 81.319 | - | - | 39.832 | - | (2.562) | 118.589 |
| Finance lease receivables | 15.022 | 115.169 | 289.858 | 417.798 | 2.880 | (118.926) | 721.801 |
| Factoring receivables | 4.947 | 11.428 | 9.607 | - | - | - | 25.982 |
| Insurance premium | | - | - | | - | - | 4.694 |
| receivables | 4.694 | | | - | | | |
| | 105.982 | 126.597 | 299.465 | 457.630 | 2.880 | (121.488) | 871.066 |
| | | | | | | | |
| Borrowings | 20.250 | 64.945 | 293.149 | 371.198 | - | (37.408) | 712.134 |
| Finance lease payables | - | 36 | 63 | - | - | (8) | 91 |
| Trade and other liabilities | 12.543 | 651 | 2.152 | 874 | - | - | 16.220 |
| | 32.793 | 65.632 | 295.364 | 372.072 | | (37.416) | 728.445 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 30 JUNE 2007

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("NTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

45. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ABOUT FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (cont'd)

(j) Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Excluding items below on the table, the Group management estimates that the book value of the financial assets and liabilities approximates their fair value.

Fair value of the financial instruments has been determined based on reliable data provided from financial markets. Fair value of other financial assets are determined by benchmarking market value of a similar financial asset or by assumption methods which includes amortizing future cash flows with current interest rates.

The table below refers to comparison of carrying amounts and fair values of financial instruments which have been presented other than their market values at financial statements.

| 30 June 2007 | Carrying Amount | Fair Value |
|--|-----------------|------------|
| Financial Assets: | | |
| Liquid assets | 91.857 | 91.857 |
| Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss | | |
| -Held for trading | 22 | 22 |
| -Other | - | - |
| Hedging derivative instruments | - | - |
| Finance lease receivables | 719.170 | 727.108 |
| Factoring receivables | 51.326 | 51.326 |
| Financial assets available for sale | 16.917 | 16.917 |
| Financial Liabilities: | | |
| Hedging derivative instruments | (1.707) | (1.707) |
| Finance lease payables (net) | (93) | (93) |
| Trade payables | (9.021) | (9.021) |
| Financial liabilities | (704.646) | (709.759) |
| | | |
| 31 December 2006 | Carrying Amount | Fair Value |
| Financial Assets: | | |
| Liquid assets | 118.589 | 118.589 |
| Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss | | |
| -Held for trading | 750 | 750 |

| -Held for trading | 750 | 750 |
|-------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| -Other | - | - |
| Hedging derivative instruments | - | - |
| Finance lease receivables | 721.801 | 772.911 |
| Factoring receivables | 25.982 | 25.982 |
| Financial assets available for sale | 7.106 | 7.106 |
| | | |
| Financial Liabilities: | | |
| Hedging derivative instruments | (771) | (771) |
| Finance lease payables (net) | (91) | (91) |
| Trade payables | (16.220) | (16.220) |
| Financial liabilities | (712.134) | (726.741) |