## İŞ FİNANSAL KİRALAMA ANONİM ŞİRKETİ

.

## CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2008

(Translated into English from the Original Turkish Report)

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## CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2008

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

	CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET			Unaudited			Audited	
			(	Current Peri	od		Prior Perio	d
	ASSETS			September 2			December	
		Footnote	TRY	FC	TOTAL	TRY	FC	TOTAL
-						<b>_</b>		
I. II.	LIQUID ASSETS		-	-	-	-	-	-
п.	FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT AND LOSS (Net)	4	113		113	25		25
2.1	A) Financial Assets Held for Trading		113	_	113	25	_	25
2.2	B) Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit and Loss			_	_		_	
2.3	C) Derivative Financial Assets Held for Trading				<mark></mark>			
III.	BANKS	5	<mark>112.710</mark>	<mark>203.206</mark>	<mark>315.916</mark>	<mark>98.483</mark>	<mark>65.525</mark>	164.008
IV.	RECEIVABLES FROM REVERSE REPURCHASE AGREEMENTS		<mark>-</mark>	-	<mark>-</mark>	16.01	-	-
V. VI.	FINANCIAL ASSETS AVAILABLE FOR SALE (Net) FACTORING RECEIVABLES	6 7	<mark>8.160</mark> 80.567	- 492	<mark>8.160</mark> 81.059	<mark>16.617</mark> 52.242	<mark>-</mark> 3.848	<mark>16.617</mark> 56.090
<b>VI.</b> 6.1	A) Discount Factoring Receivables	/	52.346	492 0	<b>52.346</b>	52.242 47.198	<b>3.848</b>	<b>56.090</b> 47.198
6.1.1	a) Domestic		54.019	o o	54.019	48.665		48.665
6.1.2	b) Foreign		_	1	_	_	_	_
6.1.3	c)Unearned Income (-)		1.67 <mark>3</mark>	<mark>0</mark>	1.67 <mark>3</mark>	1.467		<mark>1.467</mark>
6.2	B) Other Factoring Receivables		<mark>28.221</mark>	<mark>492</mark>	<mark>28.713</mark>	<mark>5.044</mark>	<mark>3.848</mark>	<mark>8.892</mark>
6.2.1	a) Domestic		<mark>28.221</mark>	<mark>277</mark>	<mark>28.498</mark>	<mark>5.044</mark>	<mark>582</mark>	<mark>5.626</mark>
6.2.2	b) Foreign		-	<mark>215</mark>	<mark>215</mark>	-	<mark>3.266</mark>	<mark>3.266</mark>
VII. 7.1	FINANCING LOANS A) Retail Loans		-	-	-	-		-
7.1	B) Credit Loans							
7.3	C) Installment Commercial Loans							
VIII.	LEASE RECEIVABLES	8	<mark>196.004</mark>	626.810	822.814	<b>207.729</b>	<b>557.468</b>	765.197
8.1	A) Lease Receivables	_	<mark>192.695</mark>	<mark>591.613</mark>	784.308	<mark>199.417</mark>	<mark>528.846</mark>	<mark>728.263</mark>
8.1.1	a) Financial Lease Receivables		<mark>250.293</mark>	<mark>685.597</mark>	<mark>935.890</mark>	<mark>254.113</mark>	<mark>614.837</mark>	<mark>868.950</mark>
8.1.2	b) Operational Lease Receivables		<mark>-</mark>	-	-	-	-	-
8.1.3	c) Other		-	-	-	-	-	-
8.1.4	d) Unearned Income (-)		<mark>57.598</mark> 807	<mark>93.984</mark> 4.597	151.582 5.404	54.696	<mark>85.991</mark> 11.441	140.687 17.453
8.2 8.3	B) Ongoing Leasing Contracts C) Advances Given		2.502	4.597 30.600	33.102	6.012 2.300	11.441 17.181	17.455
IX.	NON-PERFORMING RECEIVABLES	7,8	<b>23.826</b>	11.406	35.232	<b>21.215</b>	<b>12.909</b>	<b>34.124</b>
9.1	A) Non-Performing Factoring Receivables	7,0	2.051	656	2.707	2.128	-	2.128
9.2	B) Non-Performing Financial Loans		_		_	_	_	
9.3	C) Non-Performing Lease Receivables		<mark>39.491</mark>	<mark>19.442</mark>	<mark>58.933</mark>	<mark>48.418</mark>	<mark>19.358</mark>	<mark>67.776</mark>
9.4	D) Specific Provisions (-)		<mark>17.716</mark>	<mark>8.692</mark>	<mark>26.408</mark>	<mark>29.331</mark>	<mark>6.449</mark>	<mark>35.780</mark>
X.	DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL ASSETS FOR HEDGING PURPOSES		-	-	-	-	-	-
10.1 10.2	A) Fair Value Hedging B) Cash Flow Hedging			-	-	-	-	-
10.2 10.3	C) Net Foreign Investment Hedging			-	-		-	
10.3 XI.	INVESTMENTS HELD TO MATURITY (Net)							
XII.	SUBSIDIARIES (Net)			_		_	_	_
XIII.	PARTICIPATIONS (Net)		<b>_</b>	_	<mark>_</mark>	_	_	_
XIV.	JOINT VENTURES (Net)			-	<mark>-</mark>			
XV.	TANGIBLE ASSETS (Net)	10	<mark>919</mark>	-	<mark>919</mark>	1.044	-	<mark>1.044</mark>
XVI.	INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Net)	10	202	-	202	211	-	211
16.1 16.2	A) Goodwill B) Other	12 11	<mark>166</mark> 36	-	<mark>166</mark> 36	<mark>166</mark> 45	-	166 45
10.2 XVII.	DEFERRED TAX ASSETS	11	30 8		20 8	45 20		45 20
XVII.	ASSETS HELD FOR SALE AND DISCONTINUED	10	<b>0</b>	•	<mark>0</mark>	20		20
	OPERATIONS (Net)	14	<mark>2.868</mark>		<b>2.868</b>	2.865	-	2.865
18.1	A)Held For Sale		<mark>2.868</mark>		<mark>2.868</mark>	<mark>2.865</mark>		<mark>2.865</mark>
18.2	B) Discontinued Operations							
XIX.	OTHER ASSETS	15	<mark>23.306</mark>	<mark>1.277</mark>	<mark>24.583</mark>	<mark>12.069</mark>	<mark>73</mark>	<mark>12.142</mark>

#### CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2008

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

	CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET LIABILITIES		30	Unaudited Current Perio September 2	2008		Audited Prior Perio 1 December 2	2007
		Footnote	TRY	FC	TRY	FC	TRY	FC
I. II. III.	DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL LIABILITIES HELD FOR TRADING FUNDS BORROWED FACTORING PAYABLES	19 16	132.425	- 864.292	- 996.717	128.235	1.776 672.987	<mark>1.776</mark> 801.222
IV. 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 V. V.1	LEASE PAYABLES A) Financial Lease Payables B) Operational Lease Payables C) Other D) Deferred Financial Lease Expenses (-) MARKETABLE SECURITIES ISSUED (Net) A) Bills	18					17 17 - - -	17 17 - - -
V.2 V.3 VI. VII.	B) Asset-backed Securities C) Bonds SUNDRY CREDITORS OTHER LIABILITIES	17 17		- 2.930 7.347	6.384 9.953	- 5.061 3.348	9.220 7.228	14.281 10.576
VIII. 8.1 8.2 8.3	DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL LIABILITIES FOR HEDGING PURPOSES A) Fair Value Hedging B) Cash Flow Hedging C) Net Foreign Investment Hedging	1/	-			-		-
IX. X.	TÁXES PAYABLE AND OTHER LIABILITIES PROVISIONS	20 21	542 909	<u>-</u>	<mark>542</mark> 909	<mark>368</mark> 8.664	<u>-</u>	<mark>368</mark> <mark>8.664</mark>
10.1 10.2 10.3 <b>XI.</b>	A) Provisions for Restructuring B) Reserves For Employee Benefits C) Other Provisions		- 721 188	-	721 188	626 8.038	-	- 626 8.038
<b>XII.</b> <b>XIII.</b> 12.1 12.2 <b>XIII.</b> <b>XIV.</b> 14.1 14.2 14.2.1	DEFERRED TAX LIABILITY PAYABLES RELATED TO ASSETS FOR SALE AND DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS A) Held For Sale B) Discontinued Operations SUBORDINATED LOANS SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY A) Paid-in Capital B) Capital Reserves a) Share Premium	24 24	277.369 185.000 13.612		- 	- 		215.439 139.500 21.128
14.2.2 14.2.3 14.2.4 14.2.5 14.2.6 14.2.7	<ul> <li>b) Share Cancellation Profits</li> <li>c) Marketable Securities Revaluation Reserve</li> <li>d) Tangible and Intangible Assets Revaluation Reserve</li> <li>e) Bonus Shares Obtained From Associates, Subsidiaries and Jointly Controlled Entities</li> <li>f) Hedging Funds (Effective Portion)</li> <li>g) Accumulated Revaluation Reserves on Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations</li> </ul>		1.031 - - -		1.031 -	8.547 - -		8.547
14.2.8 14.3 14.3.1 14.3.2 14.3.3 14.3.4	b) Other Capital Reserves C) Profit Reserves a) Legal Reserves b) Statutory Reserves c) Extraordinary Reserves d) Other Profit Reserves	25	12.581 4.883 4.633 - 250		12.581 4.883 4.633 - 250	12.581 3.656 <u>3.360</u> 296		12.581 3.656 3.360 <mark>296</mark>
14.3.4 14.4 14.4.1 14.4.2 14.5	<ul> <li>a) Profit or Loss</li> <li>a) Prior Years' Profit/Loss</li> <li>b) Current Year Profit/Loss</li> <li>E) Minority Interest</li> </ul>	26	67.610 1.571 66.039 6.264		67.610 1.571 66.039 6.264	48.298 1.582 46.716 2.857		48.298 1.582 46.716 2.857
	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		<b>417.305</b>	<mark>874.569</mark>	1.291.874	<mark>361.115</mark>	<mark>691.228</mark>	1.052.343

# STATEMENT OF OFF-BALANCE SHEET CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2008

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

	STATEMENT OF OFF-BALANCE SHEET CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS	Footnote	Unaudited Current Period 30 September 2008 ote TRY FC TRY			Audited Prior Period 31 December 2007 FC TRY FC			
		Footnote	IKY	FC	IKY	FC	TRY	FC	
I. II. III. IV. V.	GUARANTEED FACTORING OPERATIONS UNGUARANTEED FACTORING OPERATIONS GUARANTEES TAKEN GUARANTEES GIVEN COMMITMENTS	8 28	- 469.328 294 -	- 168.538 672 -	- 637.865 967 -	- 415.032 341 -	- - 188.461 1.010 -	603.493 1.351	
5.1 5.2	Irrevocable Commitments		-		-	-	-	<mark>-</mark>	
5.2 5.2.1	Revocable Commitments Lease Commitments				•	-		<mark>-</mark>	
5.2.1.1	Financial Lease Commitments								
5.2.1.2	Operational Lease Commitments		_		_	_	_	_	
5.2.2	Other Revocable Commitments		_		_	_	_		
VI.	DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS		<mark>37.700</mark>	<mark>35.956</mark>	<mark>73.656</mark>	<mark>49.017</mark>	43.610	<mark>92.627</mark>	
6.1	Derivative Financial Instruments for Hedging Purposes		-	-	-	-	-	-	
6.1.1	Fair Value Hedges		<mark>-</mark>	<mark>-</mark>	<mark>-</mark>	-	-	-	
6.1.2	Cash Flow Hedges		-		-	-	-	-	
6.1.3 6.2	Foreign Investment Hedges		-			10.01	12 (10		
6.2 6.2.1	Derivative Financial Instruments Held For Trading Forward Foreign Currency Buy/Sell Transactions	28 28	<mark>37.700</mark>	<mark>35.956</mark>	<mark>73.656</mark>	<mark>49.017</mark> 11.317	<mark>43.610</mark> 9.406	<mark>92.627</mark> 20.723	
6.2.2	Currency and Interest Rate Swaps	28	37.700	35.956	73.656	37,700	34.204	20.723 71.904	
6.2.3	Currency, Interest Rate and Security Options	20	<u>-</u>		- <u>-</u> -	<u></u>	<u>-</u>	-1.904 -	
6.2.4	Currency, Interest Rate Futures		_		_	_	_	_	
6.2.5	Other		_	_	_	_	_	<mark>_</mark>	
VII.	ITEMS HELD IN CUSTODY			-	-	-		-	
	TOTAL		507.322	205.166	<b>712.488</b>	464.390	233.081	<mark>697.471</mark>	

#### CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2008

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

			Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudit
	INCOME STATEMENT	Footnote	Current Period 01.01- 30.09.2008	Prior Period 01.01- 30.09.2007	Current Period 01.07- 30.09.2008	Prior Peri 01.07- 30.09.20
•	OPERATING INCOME	31	<mark>87.446</mark>	80.621	<mark>29.342</mark>	<mark>28.4</mark>
.1	FACTORING INCOME		12.052	<mark>6.147</mark>	<mark>4.601</mark>	2.7
.1.1	A) Factoring Interest Income		11.039	5.973	4.248	2.6
.1.1.1 .1.1.2	a) Discount b) Other		7.908 3.131	3.843 2.130	2.828 1.420	<mark>1.6</mark> 9
.1.2	B) Factoring Commission Income		1.013	174	353	-
.1.2.1	a) Discount		<mark>603</mark>	81	231	
.1.2.2	b) Other		<mark>410</mark>	<mark>93</mark>	122	
.2	INCOMES FROM FINANCIAL LOANS		•			
.2.1	A) Interest Income From Financial Loans		-			
.2.2	B) Commission Income From Financial Loans		75.394	<mark>-</mark> 74.474	24.741	25.6
.3.1	LEASE INCOME A) Financial Lease Income		75.394	74.474	24.741	25.6
.3.2	B) Operational Lease Income		15.574		24.741	20.
3.3	C) Commission Income From Lease Operations					
	OPERATING EXPENSE (-)	32	(10.437)	(8.925)	(3.222)	(2.5
1	A) Personal Expenses		(6.903)	(5.266)	(2.113)	(1.5
.2	B) Retirement Pay Provision Expense		(117)	<mark>(84)</mark>	(34)	C
.3	C) Research and Development Expense		-	-	-	
.4	D) General Administration Expense		(3.417)	(3.575)	(1.075)	<mark>(9</mark>
.5	E) Other		<mark>-</mark>	<mark>-</mark>		
II.	OTHER OPERATING INCOME	33	342.751	75.457	102.926	33.1
.1	A) Interest income from Deposits		<mark>11.249</mark>	<mark>4.256</mark>	<mark>4.315</mark>	1.0
2 3	B) Interest income from reverse repurchase agreements		<u>-</u>			
3.1	C) Interest income from Marketable Securities a) Interest Income from Financial Assets Held for Trading		6	6 6	2	
3.2	b) Interest Income from Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit and Loss		- -		1	
3.3	c) Interest Income from Financial Assets Available For Sale					
3.4	d) Interest Income from Financial Assets Held to Maturity					
4	D) Dividend Income		<mark>508</mark>	15	27	
5	E) Interest Received from Money Market Placements		<mark>2.393</mark>	-		
5.1	a) Derivative Financial Operations		<mark>2.393</mark>	-		
5.2	b) Other					
6 7	F) Foreign Exchange Gains		294.475	67.527	97.339	<mark>31.</mark>
/ /.	G) Other	34	34.120	3.653	1.243	(12.0
1	FINANCIAL EXPENSE (-)	34	<mark>(45.334)</mark> (44.495)	(33.642) (32.930)	(14.647) (14.402)	(12.0 (11.8
2	A) Interest on Loans Borrowed B) Interest on Factoring Payables		(44.495)	(32.930)	(14.402)	(11.0
3	C) Financial Lease Expenses					
.4	D) Interest on Securities Issued					
5	E) Other Interest Expenses					
6	F) Other Fees and Commissions		<mark>(839)</mark>	(712)	(245)	(2
•	SPECIFIC PROVISION FOR NON-PERFORMING RECEIVABLES (-)	35	(7.268)	<mark>(5.668)</mark>	<mark>(1.140)</mark>	(2
I.	OTHER OPERATING EXPENSE (-)	36	<mark>(296.438)</mark>	(71.712)	<mark>(97.421)</mark>	<mark>(33.3</mark>
1	A) Expense from Decrease in Value of Marketable Securities (-)		•			
1.1 1.2	a) Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit and Loss		•			
1.2	<ul> <li>b) Financial Assets Available For Sale</li> <li>c) Financial Assets Held to Maturity</li> </ul>					
2	B) Expense from Decrease in Value of Tangible and Intangible Assets		<mark>-</mark>			
2.1	a) Expense from Decrease in Value of Tangible Assets		-		-	
2.2	b) Expense from Decrease in Value of Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations		-			
2.3 2.4	<ul> <li>c) Expense from Decrease in Value of Goodwill</li> <li>d) Expense from Decrease in Value of Intangible Assets</li> </ul>					
2.4	<ul> <li>e) Expense from Decrease in Value of Subsidiaries, Participations and Joint Ventures</li> </ul>				[	
3	C) Losses from Derivative Financial Operations				.	
4	D) Foreign Exchange Losses		(294.777)	(69.687)	(96.880)	(32
I.	E) Other		(1.661) 70.720	(2.025) <b>36.131</b>	(541) 15.838	() 14
1. II.	NET OPERATING INCOME AMOUNT IN EXCESS RECORDED AS GAIN AFTER MERGER		70.720	36.131	15.838	14
	NET MONETARY POSITION GAIN/LOSS					
	POFIT/LOSS ON CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE TAX		70.720	36.131	15.838	14
	TAX PROVISION FOR CONTINUING OPERATIONS (±)	37	(329)	(488)	17	(
.1	A) Current Tax Provision		<mark>(317)</mark>	<mark>(489)</mark>	100 (82)	( (
.2 .3	B) Loss Effect of Deferred Tax (+) C) Gain Effect of Deferred Tax (-)		(12)		(83) (12)	
I.	NET PERIOD PROFIT/LOSS FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS		70.391	35.643	15.855	13
II.	INCOME ON DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS					
.1	A) Income on Assets Held for Sale		•			
.2	B) Gain on Sale of Associates, Subsidiaries and Jointly Controlled Entities		<mark>-</mark>		•	
.3 V.	C) Other Income on Discontinued Operations EXPENSE ON DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (-)					
.1	A) Expense on Assets Held for Sale					
.2	B) Loss on Sale of Associates, Subsidiaries and Jointly Controlled Entities				•	
.3	C) Other Income on Discontinued Operations		-	•	•	
V. VI.	POFIT/LOSS ON DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS BEFORE TAX		<mark>-</mark>	-	•	
.1	TAX PROVISION FOR DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (±) A) Current Tax Provision					
.2	B) Loss Effect of Deferred Tax (+)					
.3	C) Gain Effect of Deferred Tax (-)				.	
VII.	NET PERIOD PROFIT/LOSS FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS		<b>-</b>			_
VIII. IX.	MINORITY SHARE (INCOME) / EXPENSE		(4.352)	(198)	(452)	(2
	NET PERIOD PROFIT/LOSS		<mark>66.039</mark>	<mark>35.445</mark>	15.403	13

#### CONSOLIDATED SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2008

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

	CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY Prior Period (01.01 – 30.09.2007)	Paid-in Capital	Share Premium	Share Cancellation Profits	Securities Value Increase Fund	Revaluation Surplus on Tangible .and Intangible Assets	Bonus Shares Obtained From Associates, Subsidiaries and Jointly Controlled Entities	Hedging Funds	Accumulated Revaluation Reserves on Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations	Other Capita Reserves	l Legal			Other Profit Reserves	Prior Period Profit/ Loss	Current Period Profit/ Loss	Minority Interest	Total Shareholders' Equity
I. II.	Balances at beginning of the period(31.12.2006) Correction made as per TAS 8	100.000	1		<mark>46</mark>		<u> </u>	1	1	12.581	3.186		12.513	1	1.593	27.446	1.603	158.968
2.1 2.2	Effect of correction Effect of changes in accounting policies	-				-	-	-	-				-		-	-	-	-
ш.	Adjusted balances at the beginning of the period (I+II) Changes during the period	100.000 -			46		-			12.581	3.186		12.51 <mark>3</mark>		<mark>1.593</mark>	<mark>27.446</mark>	1.603	158.968 -
IV. V.	Mergers Hedging Reserves		-		-									-			-	-
5.1 5.2	Cash flow hedge Hedge of net investment in foreign operations							- 1										
VI. VII.	Revaluation surplus on marketable securities Revaluation surplus on tangible assets				<mark>7.948</mark> -												<mark>941</mark> -	<mark>8.889</mark> -
VIII. IX.	Bonus shares of associates, subsidiaries and joint-ventures Translation differences																<u> </u>	<u>-</u>
X. XI.	Changes resulted from disposal of assets Changes resulted from reclassification of assets		-	-	-	-		-		·	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
XII.	Capital increase	<mark>39.500</mark>		-	-		-						(36.175 <mark>)</mark>		(3.325 <mark>)</mark>	-		-
XIII. XIV.	Share issuance Capital reserves from inflation adjustments to paid-in capital																	
XV. XVI.	Convertible bonds Subordinated loans																	
XVII. XVIII.	Minority interest Current period net profit/loss			- <mark>-</mark>	-			-		·		-	-	-	-	- 35.445	<mark>198</mark>	198 35.445
XIV.	Profit distribution										174		<mark>23.958</mark>		<mark>3.314</mark>	(27.445)		
19.1 19.2	Dividends Transfers to reserves										174		- 23.958		- 3.314	(27.446)		
19.3	Other Balances at the end of the period (30.09.2007)	- 139.500	<mark>-</mark>	<mark>-</mark>	- 7.994	<mark>-</mark>	<mark>-</mark>		<mark>-</mark>	12.581	3.360		- 296		- 1.582	35.445	2.742	203.500
	Current Period (01.01. – 30.09.2008)	137.300			1.774					12.301			270		1.302	<del>33.443</del>	2.742	203.300
L	Balances at the beginning of the prior period (31.12.2007)	139,500			8.547					12.581	I <u>3.360</u>		296		1.582	<mark>46.716</mark>	2.857	215.439
II. 2.1	Correction made as per TAS 8 Effect of correction		-	-	-	-	-	-	-			-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.2	Effect of changes in accounting policies			-			-											
ш.	Adjusted balances at the beginning of the period (I+II) Changes during the period	139.500 -			<mark>8.547</mark> -					12.581	l <u>3.360</u>		<mark>296</mark> -		<mark>1.582</mark> -	<mark>46.716</mark> -	2.857 -	<mark>215.439</mark> -
IV. V.	Mergers Hedging Reserves																	
5.1 5.2	Cash flow hedge Hedge of net investment in foreign operations	-			-		-	-	-				-	-	-	-	-	-
VI.	Revaluation surplus on marketable securities				(7.516)												(945 <mark>)</mark>	(8.461)
VII. VIII.	Revaluation surplus on tangible assets Bonus shares of associates, subsidiaries and joint-ventures																	<mark>.</mark>
IX. X.	Translation differences Changes resulted from disposal of assets	-			_	, in the second s	-	-		·		-	-	_	-	-	-	-
XI.	Changes resulted from reclassification of assets	45.500			-	-	-	-	-				(31.209)		(14.201)	-	-	-
XII. XIII.	Capital increase Share issuance	45.500 -											(31.209) -		<mark>(14.291)</mark> -			-
XIV. XV.	Capital reserves from inflation adjustments to paid-in capital Convertible bonds																	
XVI. XVII.	Subordinated loans Minority interest	-				-	-	-	-			-	-		-	-	- 4.352	- 4.352
XVIII.	Current period net profit/loss							-								<mark>66.039</mark>	<del>4.532</del>	66.039
XIV. 19.1	Profit distribution Dividends										1.273		<mark>31.163</mark> -		<mark>14.280</mark> -	<mark>(46.716)</mark> -		<mark>.</mark>
19.2 19.3	Transfers to reserves Other										1.273		<mark>31.163</mark>		14.280	<mark>(46.716)</mark>	•	•
	Balances at the end of the period (30.09.2008)	185.000			1.031					12.581	l <u>4.633</u>		250		1.571	66.039	<mark>6.264</mark>	277.369

#### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2008

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

		THOUSAND NEW	TURKISH LIRA
		Unaudited Current Period	Unaudited Prior Period
		30 September 2008	30 September 2007
4.	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
1.1	Operating profit before changes in operating assets and liabilities	81.138	61.001
1.1.1	Interest/leasing income received	95.197	83.447
1.1.2	Leasing expenses	-	-
1.1.3	Dividend received	503	15
1.1.4 1.1.5	Fees and commissions received Other income	- 11.282	- (4.298
1.1.5	Collections from previously written off receivables	13.163	(4.298)
1.1.7	Payments to personnel and service suppliers	(6.903)	(5.266
1.1.8	Taxes paid	(429)	(428
1.1.9	Others	(31.675)	(27.279)
1.2	Changes in operating assets and liabilities		
1.2.1	Net (increase) decrease in factoring receivables	(25.365)	(16.737
1.2.1	Net (increase) decrease in loans	(23.303)	(10.737
1.2.1	Net (increase) decrease in leasing receivables	(33.688)	(86.974
1.2.2		(12.520))	(13.148
1.2.3	Net increase (decrease) in factoring payables	- "	-
1.2.3	Net increase (decrease) in leasing payables	(17)	(47)
1.2.4	Net increase (decrease) in funds borrowed	148.753	52.038
1.2.5	Net increase (decrease) in due payables	-	-
1.2.6	Net increase (decrease) in other liabilities	(8.292)	(16.819
I.	Net cash provided from operating activities	150.009	(20.686
		130.009	(20.080)
В.	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
2.1	Cash paid for purchase of entities under common control, associates and subsidiaries	-	-
2.2	Cash obtained from sale of entities under common control, associates and subsidiaries	-	-
2.3	Fixed assets purchases	(185)	(268
2.4	Fixed assets sales	34	-
2.5	Cash paid for purchase of financial assets available for sale	-	-
2.6	Cash obtained from sale of financial assets available for sale	-	-
2.7	Cash paid for purchase of financial assets held to maturity	-	-
2.8	Cash obtained from sale of financial assets held to maturity	-	-
2.9	Other	-	-
п.	Net cash provided from investing activities	(151)	(268
с.	CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
3.1	Cash obtained from funds borrowed and securities issued	_	-
3.2	Cash used for repayment of funds borrowed and securities issued	-	-
3.3	Capital increase	-	-
3.4	Dividends paid	-	-
3.5	Payments for finance leases	-	
8.6	Other	-	(44)
п.	Net cash provided from financing activities	-	(44)
v.	Effect of change in foreign exchange rate on cash and cash equivalents	(360)	(833)
v.	Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	149.498	(21.831
			01.000
VI.	Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	163.433	81.009

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS ITEMS ACCOUNTED UNDER EQUITY AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2008

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("NTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

		THOUSAND NEW	TURKISH LIRA
	STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS ITEMS ACCOUNTED UNDER EQUITY	Unaudited Current Period	Unaudited Prior Period
		30 September 2008	30 September 2007
I.	ADDITIONS TO MARKETABLE SECURITIES REVALUATION DIFFERENCES FOR AVAILABLE FOR SALE FINANCIAL ASSETS		
1.1	Net change in fair value of available for sale investments	(7.516)	7.94
1.2	Net change in fair value of available for sale investments (Transfer to Profit/Loss)	-	-
II.	TANGIBLE ASSETS REVALUATION DIFFERENCES	-	-
III.	INTANGIBLE ASSETS REVALUATION DIFFERENCES	-	-
IV.	FOREIGN EXCHANGE DIFFERENCES ON FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSACTIONS	-	-
v.	PROFIT/LOSS FROM DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS FOR CASH FLOW HEDGE PURPOSES	-	-
5.1	Profit/Loss from derivative financial instruments for cash flow hedge purposes (Effective portion of fair value differences)	-	-
5.2	Reclassification and transfer of derivatives accounted for cash flow hedge purposes to Income Statement	-	-
VI.	PROFIT/LOSS FROM DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS FOR HEDGE OF NET INVESTMENT IN FOREIGN OPERATIONS	-	-
6.1	Profit/Loss from derivative financial instruments for hedge of net investment in foreign operations	-	-
	(Effective portion of fair value differences)		
6.2	Reclassification and transfer of derivatives accounted for cash flow hedge purposes to Income Statement	-	-
VII.	THE EFFECT OF CORRECTIONS OF ERRORS AND CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES	-	-
VII	OTHER PROFIT LOSS ITEMS ACCOUNTED UNDER EQUITY DUE TO TAS	-	-
IX.	DEFERRED TAX OF VALUATION DIFFERENCES	-	-
X.	TOTAL NET PROFIVLOSS ACCOUNTED UNDER EQUITY(I+II++IX)	(7.516)	7.94
XI.	PROFIT/LOSS	-	-
XII.	TOTAL PROFIT/LOSS ACCOUNTED FOR THE PERIOD(X±XI)	(7.516)	7.9

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2008

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("NTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### 1. ORGANIZATION AND OPERATIONS OF THE COMPANY

İş Finansal Kiralama A.Ş. (the "Company") was incorporated on 9 March 1988 to operate in Turkey under the provisions of the Turkish financial leasing law number 3226. The core business of the Company is leasing operations, both domestic and abroad, and started leasing operations at the end of July in 1988. The head office of İş Leasing is located at İş Kuleler Kule:2 Floor:10 34330 Levent-İstanbul/Turkey.

The Company has purchased nominal shares of İş Factoring Finansman Hizmetleri A.Ş. amounting to TRY 12.517 thousand with a price of US \$ 10.952.375 as of 11 August 2004. The company owns 78,23% of this subsidiary and it has been consolidated at accompanying financial statements.

The ultimate parent enterprise of the Company is Türkiye İş Bankası A.Ş. (İş Bankası). The main shareholders of the Company are Türkiye İş Bankası A.Ş. with 27,79% and Türkiye Sınai Kalkınma Bankası A.Ş. with 28,56%. Besides, 42,3% of the shares of the Company are publicly traded.

The shares of the Company are listed at the Istanbul Stock Exchange.

As of 30 September 2008, the Company employs 96 persons. (31 December 2007: 81)

#### 2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Accounting Standards Applied

The Group has recognized its 2008 operations in accordance with the Turkish Accounting Standards applying the Communiqué on "The Application of Uniform Charts of Accounts and its Guide Book In Connection to the Establishment and Main Activities of Finance Leasing, Factoring and Financing Companies and The Format of the Financial Statements for Public Presentation" published in the Official Gazette No: 26525 on 17 May 2007.

In the accounting process, the Group has applied the requirements of the Communiqué on the "Principles and Procedures of Receivable Allowances To Be Provided By Finance Leasing, Factoring and Financing Companies" (which was prepared based on the Communiqué on "The Application of Uniform Charts of Accounts and its Guide Book In Connection to the Establishment and Main Activities of Financial Leasing, Factoring and Financing Companies") published in the Official Gazette No: 26588 on 20 July 2007.

The Group prepared its 2007 financial statements in accordance with the accounting standards issued by International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and International Accounting Standards Committee ("IASC"). The accompanying 2007 financial statements are reclassified in accordance with the Communiqué on the "Nature and Format of the Financial Statements for Public Presentation" issued by the BRSA.

#### Preparation of Financial Statements in Hyperinflationary Periods

The CMB declared with a decision dated 17 March 2005 that hyperinflationary period is over. Therefore, the CMB declared that; for the companies operated in Turkey and subject to CMB rules, the inflation accounting has been ceased starting from 1 January 2005. Accordingly, the Group did not apply inflation accounting starting from 1 January 2005.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2008

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("NTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### 2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

#### Consolidation Principles:

The details of the Group's subsidiary as of 30 September 2008 are as follows:

	Incorporation and operation	Ownership rate	Voting right rate	
<u>Subsidiary</u>	location	%	%	Core business
İş Factoring Finansman				
Hizmetleri A.Ş.	İstanbul	78,23	78,23	Factoring operations

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities controlled or jointly controlled by the Company (its subsidiaries). Control is achieved where the Company has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

The results of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated income statement from the effective date of acquisition or up to the effective date of disposal, as appropriate.

Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with those used by other members of the Group.

All intra-group transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated on consolidation.

Minority interests in the net assets of consolidated subsidiaries are identified separately from the Group's equity therein. Minority interests consist of the amount of those interests at the date of the original business combination and the minority's share of changes in equity since the date of the combination. Losses applicable to the minority in excess of the minority's interest in the subsidiary's equity are allocated against the interests of the Group except to the extent that the minority has a binding obligation and is able to make an additional investment to cover the losses.

#### Adoption of New and Revised International Financial Reporting Standards:

In the current year, the Group has adopted all of the new and revised Standards and Interpretations issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("the IASB") and the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC") of the IASB that are relevant to its operations and effective for accounting periods beginning on 1 January 2008.

The following standards, amendments and interpretations to published standards are mandatory for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2008 however; they are not relevant to the Group's operations:

IFRIC 11, "IFRS 2 – Group and treasury share transactions",

IFRIC 12, "Service concession arrangements",

IFRIC 14, "IAS 19- The limit on a defined benefit asset, minimum funding requirements and their interaction",

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2008

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("NTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### 2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

Adoption of New and Revised International Financial Reporting Standards (cont'd)

Standards, amendments and interpretations to existing standards that are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Group:

At the date of authorization of these financial statements, the following Standards and Interpretations were in issue but not yet effective:

•	IFRS 8, "Operating segments"	Effective for annual after 1 January 2009	periods	beginning	on	or
•	IFRIC 13, "Customer loyalty programmes"	Effective for annual after 1 July 2008	periods	beginning	on	or
•	IFRIC 15, "Agreements for the construction of real estate"	Effective for annual after 1 January 2009	periods	beginning	on	or
•	IFRIC 16, "Hedges of a net investment in a foreign operation"	Effective for annual after 1 October 2008	periods	beginning	on	or
•	IFRS 2, "Share-based Payment" Amendment relating to vesting conditions and cancellations"	Effective for annual after 1 January 2009	periods	beginning	on	or
•	<ul> <li>IFRS 1, "First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards"</li> <li>— Amendment relating to cost of an investment on first- time adoption</li> </ul>	Effective for annual after 1 January 2009	periods	beginning	on	or
• • •	IFRS 3, "Business Combinations" IAS 27, "Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements IAS 28, "Investments in Associates" IAS 31 "Interests in Joint Ventures" Comprehensive revision on applying the acquisition method	Effective for annual after 1 July 2009	periods	beginning	on	or
•	IAS 23, "(Amendment) Borrowing costs" Comprehensive revision to prohibit immediate expensing	Effective for annual after 1 January 2009				
•	IAS 27, "Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements" Amendment relating to cost of an investment on first- time adoption	Effective for annual after 1 January 2009	periods	beginning	on	or
•	IAS 1, "Presentation of Financial Statements" IAS 32, "Financial Instruments: Presentation" Amendments relating to disclosure of puttable instruments and obligations arising on liquidation	Effective for annual after 1 January 2009	periods	beginning	on	or
•	IAS 1, "Presentation of Financial Statements" Comprehensive revision including requiring a statement of comprehensive income	Effective for annual after 1 January 2009	periods	beginning	on	or
•	IAS 39, "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement" Amendments for eligible hedged items	Effective for annual after 1 January 2009	periods	beginning	on	or

The directors anticipate that the adoption of these Standards and Interpretations in future periods will have no material impact on the financial statements of the Group.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2008

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("NTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### 2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

Comparative information and adjustments made in previous periods' consolidated financial statements

Consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared comparatively with the prior period in order to give information about financial position and performance. If the presentation or classification of the financial statements is changed, in order to maintain consistency, financial statements of the prior periods are also reclassified in line with the related changes.

#### Offsetting

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the consolidated balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

# 3. SUMMARY OF VALUATION PRINCIPLES / SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies and valuation principles used to prepare the accompanying financial statements are as follows:

a. <u>Revenue</u>

Leasing Receivables: The initial values at the beginning of the leasing period of the assets that are subject to leasing under the Leasing Law are represented as leasing receivables in the balance sheet. Financial revenues that are the spread between the total leasing receivables and the real value of the assets subject to leasing are recorded in the related period with the receivables of each accounting period distributed over the related period via the fixed interest rate throughout the duration of the leasing agreement.

Revenue consists of factoring interest and commission income on advances given to the customers.

Commission income is a percentage of the value of invoices subject to factoring.

Other interest income is accrued based on effective interest which equals the estimated cash flows to net book value of the related asset.

Dividend income from equity share investments is recognized when the shareholders have the right to receive the payment.

b. <u>Tangible Assets</u>

Tangible and intangible assets purchased before 1 January 2005 are carried at indexed historical cost and purchases in subsequent periods are carried at historical cost, less accumulated depreciation and impairment.

Tangible assets are depreciated principally on a straight-line basis considering expected useful lives, acquisition and assembly dates. Expected useful lives which have been used by the Group are summarized below:

Vehicles5 yearsFurniture and fittings5 yearsLeasehold improvement5 yearsComputer software5 years

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2008

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("NTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

3. SUMMARY OF VALUATION PRINCIPLES / SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

#### c. <u>Tangible Assets (cont'd)</u>

Expenses for the repair of tangible assets are normally charged against income.

The gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of tangible asset is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognized in profit or loss.

#### d. Intangible Assets

Intangible assets acquired prior to 1 January 2005 are accounted for at restated cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment loss, and the intangible assets acquired in subsequent periods are accounted for at acquisition cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment loss if any. Intangible assets are amortized principally on a straight-line basis considering expected useful lives. Related intangible assets are depreciated when they are ready to use. The amortization rate used for intangible assets is 20%.

#### e. Impairment of Tangible and Intangible Assets except Goodwill

At each balance sheet date, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognized immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (cashgenerating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset (cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognized immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2008

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("NTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

- 3. SUMMARY OF VALUATION PRINCIPLES / SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)
- e. <u>Borrowing Costs</u>

All borrowing costs are recorded in the income statement in the period in which they are incurred.

#### f. <u>Financial Instruments</u>

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized on the Group's balance sheet when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

#### Finance lease receivables, Factoring receivables and other receivables

Finance lease receivables, factoring receivables and other receivables are carried at fair value at initial recognition and they are carried at amortized cost subsequent to initial recognition, using the effective interest method. Provision for doubtful finance lease receivables, factoring receivables and other receivables is recognized as an expense and written off against the profit for the year. Provision for receivables under follow-up is allocated assessing the Group's loan portfolio, quality and risk and considering the economic conditions and other factors including the related legislation against the potential losses that may be resulted from the current finance lease and factoring receivables. In accordance with the Communiqué (No: 26588) on the "Principles and Procedures of Receivable Allowances To Be Provided By Financial Leasing, Factoring and Financing Companies" issued at 20 July 2007, as of 1 January 2008, the Group's special provision rate allocated for the below finance lease receivables considering their guarantees are as follows:

- %20, at a minimum, for finance lease receivables overdue more than 150 days not exceeding 240 days;
- %50, at a minimum, for finance lease receivables overdue more than 240 days not exceeding 360 days; and
- %100, at a minimum, for finance lease receivables overdue more than 1 year.

While the Group classifies its overdue finance lease receivables not exceeding 360 days as collectible receivables recognized under the Receivables under Follow-Up, its finance lease receivables overdue more than 1 year is recognized as Non-Performing Receivables.

In accordance with the above-mentioned Communiqué, the Group's special provision rate allocated for the below factoring receivables considering their guarantees are as follows:

- %20, at a minimum, for finance lease receivables overdue more than 90 days not exceeding 180 days;
- %50, at a minimum, for finance lease receivables overdue more than 180 days not exceeding 360 days; and
- %100, at a minimum, for finance lease receivables overdue more than 1 year.

While the Group classifies its overdue factoring receivables not exceeding 360 days as collectible receivables recognized under the Receivables under Follow-Up, its factoring receivables overdue more than 1 year is recognized as Non-Performing Receivables.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2008

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("NTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

3. SUMMARY OF VALUATION PRINCIPLES / SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

#### f. <u>Financial Instruments (cont'd)</u>

#### Due to / from related parties

In the accompanying financial statements, shareholders of the Group, related companies, their directors and key management personnel and any groups to which they are known to be related, are considered and referred to as related companies. The carrying value of due to and due from related parties at financial statements are estimated to be their fair value.

#### Financial Assets

Financial assets are initially measured at fair value, net of transaction costs except for those financial assets classified as fair value through profit or loss which are initially measured at fair value, and are recognized and derecognized on trade date where the purchase of sales of an investment is under a contract whose terms require delivery of the investment within the timeframe established by the market concerned.

Financial assets are classified into the following specified categories financial assets as 'at fair value through profit or loss', 'held to maturity investments', 'available for sale" financial assets and 'loans and receivables'. The classification depends on the nature and purpose of the financial assets and is determined at the time of the initial recognition.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:

Financial assets are classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss where the Group acquires the financial asset principally for the purpose of selling in the near term, the financial asset is a part of an identified portfolio of financial instruments that the Group manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short term profit taking as well as derivatives that are not designated and effective hedging instruments. A gain or loss from valuation of a financial asset or financial liability classified as at fair value through profit or loss shall be recognized in profit or loss. Net gain / loss recognized in profit or loss includes interest and dividend income earned on the financial asset.

#### Effective interest rate:

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortized cost of a financial asset and of allocating interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset, or where appropriate a shorter period.

Income on debt instruments that are held to maturity, are available for sale, or on loans and receivables is recognized in income by using effective interest rate method.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2008

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("NTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

- 3. SUMMARY OF VALUATION PRINCIPLES / SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)
- f. <u>Financial Instruments (cont'd)</u>

Financial Assets (cont'd)

Held-to-maturity investments:

Policies and bonds with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity where the Group has both the intent and the ability to hold to maturity are classified as held-to-maturity. Held-tomaturity investments are recognized at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment in value.

Available for sale financial assets:

Available for sale investments consist of (a) other than held-to-maturity debt securities or (b) held for trading securities. Available for sale investments are measured at subsequent reporting dates at fair value as long as fair values can be reliably measured and whose fair values cannot be reliably measured are stated at cost. Gains and losses arising from changes in fair value are recognized directly in equity, until the security is disposed of or is determined to be impaired, at which time the cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in equity is included in the profit or loss for the period. Impairment losses recognized in profit or loss for equity investments classified as available-for-sale are not subsequently reversed through profit or loss. Impairment losses recognized in profit or loss for debt instruments classified as available-for-sale are subsequently reversed if an increase in the fair value of the instrument can be objectively related to an event occurring after the recognition of the impairment loss.

Dividends on available for sale equity instruments are recognized in profit and loss when the Companies right to receive payments is established.

The fair value of available for sale monetary assets denominated in a foreign currency is determined in that foreign currency and translated at the spot rate at the reporting date. The change in fair value attributable to translation differences that result from a change in amortized cost of the asset is recognized in profit or loss, and other changes are recognized in equity.

#### Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those at fair value through profit or loss are assessed for indicators of impairment at each balance sheet date. Financial assets are impaired where there is an objective evidence that as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset the estimated future cash flows of the investment have been impacted. For loans and receivables the amount of the impairment is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the original effective interest rate. The carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets with the exception trade receivables where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account. When a trade receivable is uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account. Changes in allowance accounts are recognized in profit or loss. With the exception of available for sale equity instruments, if, in a subsequent period the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognized, the previously recognized impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss to the extent the carrying amount of the

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2008

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("NTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

3. SUMMARY OF VALUATION PRINCIPLES / SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

#### f. Financial Instruments (cont'd)

#### Impairment of financial assets (cont'd)

investment at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortized cost would have been had the impairment not been recognized. Increase in fair value of available for sale financial assets subsequent to impairment is recognized in directly in equity.

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments which their maturities are three months or less from date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. The carrying amount of these assets approximates their fair value.

#### Financial liabilities

Interest-bearing financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value, and are subsequently measured at amortized cost, using the effective interest rate method. Any difference between the proceeds (less transaction costs) and the settlement or redemption of borrowings is recognized over the term of the borrowings in accordance with the Group's accounting policy for borrowing costs.

#### Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are initially measured at fair value, and are subsequently measured at amortized cost, using the effective interest rate method. The Group management considers that the carrying amount of trade and other payables approximates their fair value.

#### Derivative financial instruments and hedge accounting

The Group's activities expose it primarily to the financial risks of changes in foreign exchange rates and interest rates. The Group uses derivative financial instruments (primarily foreign currency forward and interest rate derivative contracts) to hedge its risks associated with foreign currency fluctuations relating to certain firm commitments and forecasted transactions.

Derivative financial instruments are initially measured at fair value on the contract date, and are remeasured to fair value at subsequent reporting dates. The Group does not use hedge accounting therefore, changes in the fair value of derivative financial instruments are recognized in profit or loss as they arise.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2008

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("NTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

3. SUMMARY OF VALUATION PRINCIPLES / SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

#### g. Business Combinations and Goodwill

The acquisition of subsidiaries and businesses are accounted for using the purchase method. The cost of the acquisition is measured at the aggregate of the fair values, at the date of exchange, of assets given, liabilities incurred or assumed, and equity instruments issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree, plus any costs directly attributable to the business combination. The acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities that meet the conditions for recognition under IFRS 3 are recognized at their fair values at the acquisition date, except for non-current assets (or disposal groups) that are classified as held for sale in accordance with IFRS 5 Non-Current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations, which are recognized and measured at fair value less costs to sell.

Goodwill arising on acquisition is recognized as an asset and initially measured at cost, being the excess of the cost of the business combination over the Group's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities recognized. If, after reassessment, the Group's interest in the net fair value of the acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities exceeds the cost of the business combination, the excess is recognized immediately in profit or loss.

The interest of minority shareholders in the acquiree is initially measured at the minority's proportion of the net fair value of the assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities recognized.

#### h. <u>Effects of Changes in Exchange Rates</u>

The individual financial statements of each group entity are presented in the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (its functional currency). For the purpose of the consolidated financial statements, the results and financial position of each entity are expressed in TRY, which is the functional currency of the Group, and the presentation currency for the consolidated financial statements.

In preparing the financial statements of the individual entities, transactions in currencies other than TRY (foreign currencies) are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At each balance sheet date, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the balance sheet date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated. Foreign exchange gain and losses arising from monetary items' translation, collection or disbursements are recognized in profit or losses.

i. <u>Earnings per Share</u>

Earnings per share disclosed in the accompanying consolidated statement of income is determined by dividing net income by the weighted average number of shares in existence during the year concerned.

In Turkey, companies can raise their share capital by distributing "Bonus Shares" to shareholders from retained earnings. In computing earnings per share, such "bonus share" distributions are assessed as issued shares. Accordingly, the retrospective effect for those share distributions is taken into consideration in determining the weighted-average number of shares outstanding used in this computation.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2008

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("NTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

3. SUMMARY OF VALUATION PRINCIPLES / SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

#### j. <u>Subsequent Events</u>

An explanation for any event between the balance sheet date and the publication date of the balance sheet, which has positive or negative effects on the Group (should any evidence come about events that were prior to the balance sheet date or should new events come about) they will be explained in the relevant footnote.

The Group; restates its financial statements if such subsequent events arise.

#### k. Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets:

Provisions are recognized when the Group has a present obligation as a result of a past event, and it is probable that the Group will be required to settle that obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognized as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the balance sheet date, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation.

Where a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows.

When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, the receivable is recognized as an asset if it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received and the amount of the receivable can be measured reliably.

#### 1. <u>Change in Accounting Policies, Accounting Estimates and Errors:</u>

Changes in accounting policies or fundamental accounting errors are applied retrospectively and the consolidated financial statements for the prior periods are restated. If changes in accounting estimates relate only for one period, changes are applied in the current period but if changes in estimates relate more than one period, changes are applied both in the current and following periods prospectively.

#### m. <u>Finance Lease</u>

#### - The Group as Lessor

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases. Amounts due from lessees under finance leases are recorded as receivables at the amount of the Group's net investment in the leases. Finance lease income is allocated to accounting periods so as to reflect a constant periodic rate of return on the Group's net investment outstanding in respect of the leases. Rental income from operating leases is recognized on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2008

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("NTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

3. SUMMARY OF VALUATION PRINCIPLES / SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

#### m. Finance Lease (cont'd)

#### - The Group as Lessee

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Assets held under finance leases are recognized as assets of the Group at their fair value at the inception of the lease or, if lower, at the present value of the minimum lease payments. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the balance sheet as a finance lease obligation. Lease payments are apportioned between finance charges and reduction of the lease obligation so as to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Finance charges are charged to profit or loss, unless they are directly attributable to qualifying assets, in which case they are capitalized in accordance with the Group's general policy on borrowing costs (see above).

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Benefits received and receivable as an incentive to enter into an operating lease are also spread on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

The Group does not have operating lease as of the balance sheet date.

#### n. <u>Segmental Information</u>

The Group is operating in both leasing and factoring businesses. (Please see Note 29)

o. <u>Taxation on Income</u>

Turkish tax legislation does not permit a parent company and its subsidiary to file a consolidated tax return. Therefore, provisions for taxes, as reflected in the accompanying consolidated financial statements, have been calculated on a separate-entity basis.

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the income statement because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is recognized on differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit, and are accounted for using the balance sheet liability method. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilized. Such assets and liabilities are not recognized if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2008

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("NTL") unless otherwise indicated.)

3. SUMMARY OF VALUATION PRINCIPLES / SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

#### o. <u>Taxation on Income (cont'd)</u>

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, and interests in joint ventures, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments and interests are only recognized to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilize the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realized, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the reporting date, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Group intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

Current and deferred tax are recognized as an expense or income in profit or loss, except when they relate to items credited or debited directly to equity, in which case the tax is also recognized directly in equity, or where they arise from the initial accounting for a business combination. In the case of a business combination, the tax effect is taken into account in calculating goodwill or determining the excess of the acquirer's interest in the net fair value of the acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities over cost.

#### p. Employee Benefits / Retirement Pay Provision

Under Turkish law and union agreements, lump sum payments are made to employees retiring or involuntarily leaving the Group. Such payments are considered as being part of defined retirement benefit plan as per International Accounting Standard No. 19 (revised) "Employee Benefits" ("IAS 19").

The retirement benefit obligation recognized in the balance sheet represents the present value of the defined benefit obligation as adjusted for unrecognized actuarial gains and losses.

#### s. <u>Statement of Cash Flows</u>

The Group prepares its cash flows to inform financial statement users about the changes in Group's net assets, financial situation and the ability to manage the amount and timing of cash flows in accordance with changes in circumstances.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2008

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

## 4. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT AND LOSS

Financial Assets Held for Trading:

	30 September 20	08	31 December 2007		
	TRY	FC	TRY	FC	
Mutual funds	113	-	25	-	
	113	-	25	-	

The Group has Türkiye İş Bankası A.Ş.'s mutual funds amounting to TRY 113 thousand. (31 December 2007: TRY 25 thousand).

#### 5. BANKS

	30 September	2008	31 Decembe	r 2007
	TRY	FC	TRY	FC
Demand deposits	<mark>910</mark>	<mark>20.759</mark>	2.919	2.773
Time deposits	<mark>110.531</mark>	180.731	95.000	62.742
Interest accrual	<mark>1.269</mark>	<mark>1.716</mark>	564	10
	<mark>112.710</mark>	<mark>203.206</mark>	98.483	65.525

The details of time deposits as of 30 September 2008 are as follows:

Currency	Interest Rate	Maturity	30 September 2008
TRY US\$ EURO	<mark>%18,80-%20,45</mark> %1,90-%5,00 %2,00-%5,50	03.10.08-24.10.2008 03.10.08-10.10.2008 03.10.08-06.10.2008	<mark>111.800</mark> 96.744 <mark>85.703</mark>
			294.247

As of 30 September 2008, TRY 41.681 Thousand of total foreign currency deposits (31 December 2007: TRY 55.258 Thousand) and TRY 51.861 Thousand of total TRY (31 December 2007: TRY 37.819 Thousand) deposits consist of accounts at its main shareholders, Türkiye İş Bankası A.Ş.

The details of time deposits as of 31 December 2007 are as follows:

Currency	Interest Rate	Maturity	<u>31 December 2007</u>
TRY	%18,20-%19,00	07.01.2008-28.01.2008	95.564
US\$	%2,76-%4,25	02.01.2008	11.696
EURO	%1,70-%5,25	02.01.2008-28.01.2008	51.056
			158.316

Reconciliation of carrying value of liquid assets in the accompanying financial statements with the cash flow statement:

	<u>30 September 2008</u>	<u>30 September 2007</u>
Demand deposit	<mark>21.669</mark>	<mark>1.516</mark>
Time deposit (1-3 month)	<u>291.262</u>	<u>57.662</u>
Liquid assets per cash flow statement	312.931	<mark>59.178</mark>

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2008

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

## 6. FINANCIAL ASSETS AVAILABLE FOR SALE

				Ownership pe	ercentage (%)		
						Fair V	/alue
Name of the investment	Core business	Incorporation and operation location	Voting Right <u>(%)</u>	30 September <u>2008</u>	31 December <u>2007</u>	30 September <u>2008</u>	31 December <u>2007</u>
İş Yatırım Menkul Değerler A.Ş. - (İş Yatırım)	Investment and Securities Services	İstanbul	4,86	4,86	4,86	7.435	15.682
İş Girişim Sermayesi Yatırım Ortaklığı A.Ş.	Investment Services	İstanbul	0,89	0,89	0,89	370	584
Camiş Menkul Değerler A.Ş.	Investment and Securities Services	İstanbul	0,05	0,05	0,05	2	2
Yatırım Finansman Menkul Değerler A.Ş.	Investment and Securities Services	İstanbul	0,06	0,06	0,06	25	21
İş Net Elektronik Bilgi Üretim Dağ. Tic. ve İletişim Hiz. A.Ş. – (İş Net)	Inf. Comm. and Techn. Services	İstanbul	1,00	1,00	1,00	328	328
TOTAL						8.160	16.617

#### 7. FACTORING RECEIVABLES

	<u>30 September 2008</u>	<u>31 December 2007</u>
Short-term factoring receivables (*)		
Domestic factoring receivables (net)	81.910	54.172
Export and import factoring receivables (net)	200	3.266
Factoring interest income accrual	<mark>622</mark>	119
Unearned interest income	( <u>1.673</u> )	(1.467)
Factoring receivables under follow-up (**)	2,707	2.128
Gross factoring receivables	83.766	58.218
Provision for doubtful factoring receivables	(2.707)	(2.128)
	<mark>81.059</mark>	56.090

(\*)The balance consists of factoring receivables of the subsidiary, İş Factoring Finansman Hizmetleri A.Ş., which is owned by the Group with the ownership percentage of 78,23 %.

(\*\*) Those are classified in the receivables under follow-up account in the balance sheet.

EUR 111.171 and TRY 27.582 Thousand of factoring receivables (31 December 2007: EUR 707.257, GBP 1.019.418, US \$ 229.195 and TRY 5.829 Thousand) have variable interest rates while US \$ 225.114 Thousand of factoring receivable has a fixed interest rate (31 December 2007: TRY 46.413 Thousand).

The Group has contract guarantees against its factoring receivables.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2008

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### 7. FACTORING RECEIVABLES (cont'd)

Type of factoring transactions are as follows:

	<u>30 September 2008</u>	<u>31 December 2007</u>
Domestic irrevocable	<mark>10.134</mark>	7.708
Foreign irrevocable	215	3.280
Domestic revocable	<mark>70.710</mark>	45.102
Foreign revocable		-
	<u>81.059</u>	56.090

Except for its 100% provision allocated doubtful receivables, the Group has no overdue factoring receivables as of the balance sheet date. The fair value of the Group's restructured factoring receivables amount to TRY 144 Thousand (31 December 2007: TRY 172 Thousand). If such receivables were not restructured, they would be classified as overdue or doubtful receivables. The Group has contract guarantees against such receivables.

The aging of the factoring receivables under follow-up as of 30 September 2008 is as follows:

	30 September 2008	<u>31 December 2007</u>
Up to 90 days Between 90 – 180 days Between 180 – 360 days Over 360 days Outstanding amount	479 261 1.967 	1.079 189 860 

The Group has a contract guarantee for the above factoring receivables under follow-up.

The movement of provision for factoring receivables under follow-up is as follows:

	1 January- <u>30 September 2008</u>	1 January- <u>30 September 2007</u>
Provision at the beginning of the period	(2.128)	(859)
Additions	(899)	(601)
Collections	<u>320</u>	-
Provision at the end of the period	(2.707)	(1.460)

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2008

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### 8. LEASE RECEIVABLES

<u>30 September 2008</u>	Short Term	Long Term	Total
Invoiced finance lease receivables Finance lease receivables under follow-up (*) Uninvoiced finance lease receivables Less: Unearned interest income Ongoing Leasing Contracts (**) Advances Given Less: Specific Provisions (*) Net finance lease receivables	22.320 47.575 396.468 (77.410) 	- 11.358 517.102 (74.172) 5.404 33.102 (4.568) 488.226	22.320 58.933 913.570 (151.582) 5.404 33.102 (23.701) 858.046
<u>31 December 2007</u>	Short Term	Long Term	<u>Total</u>
Invoiced finance lease receivables Finance lease receivables under follow-up (*) Uninvoiced finance lease receivables Less: Unearned interest income Ongoing Leasing Contracts (**) Advances Given Less: Specific Provisions (*) Net finance lease receivables	17.347 60.683 393.826 (74.483) - (30.685)	7.093 457.777 (66.204) 17.453 19.481 (2.967)	17.347 67.776 851.603 (140.687) 17.453 19.481 (33.652)

(\*) Such amounts are classified in balance sheet under the receivables under follow-up.

(\*\*)The Company purchases machinery and equipment from domestic and foreign suppliers on behalf of the lessees on the basis of the leasing contract terms. The balance includes the total amount paid for these machinery and equipment but not charged to the lessees yet, as of 30 September 2008 and 31 December 2007.

The allocation of finance lease receivables according to their maturities as of 30 September 2008 is as follows:

	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	2013 and after	<u>Total</u>
Finance lease							
receivables (gross) (*)	166.500	<mark>361.967</mark>	<mark>218.091</mark>	125.651	<mark>58.179</mark>	<mark>40.734</mark>	<mark>971.122</mark>
Unearned Interest	<mark>(23.818)</mark>	<mark>(67.040)</mark>	<mark>(34.572)</mark>	<mark>(15.691)</mark>	<mark>(6.201)</mark>	<mark>(4.260)</mark>	<mark>(151.582)</mark>
Finance lease							
receivables (net)	142.682	<mark>294.927</mark>	183.519	<mark>109.960</mark>	<mark>51.978</mark>	<mark>36.474</mark>	<mark>819.540</mark>

(\*) Ongoing investments and amounts in advances given are not included in the maturity allocation as they have not been scheduled for the payment plan yet.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2008

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### 8. LEASE RECEIVABLES (cont'd)

The allocation of finance lease receivables according to their maturities as of 31 December 2007 is as follows:

	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	2012 and after	Total
Finance lease							
receivables (gross) (*)	441.171	245.455	120.034	55.551	21.672	19.191	903.074
Unearned Interest	(74.483)	(38.566)	(16.065)	(6.684)	(2.573)	(2.316)	(140.687)
Finance lease							
receivables (net)	366.688	206.889	103.969	48.867	19.099	16.875	762.387

(\*)Ongoing investments and amounts in advances given are not included in the maturity allocation as they have not been scheduled for the payment plan yet.

As of 30 September 2008, the compound interest rate that applies for finance lease receivables is; 26,16% for TRY,8,98 % for US\$, and 9,21% for EURO. (31 December 2007: for TRY 26,22%, for US\$ 9,69% and for EURO 9,45%).

As of 30 September 2008, the distribution of finance lease receivables according to foreign currency types is as follows:

<u>Currency</u>	Principal in foreign currency	Principle (Net)	Unearned interest in foreign currency	Unearned <u>interest</u>
US\$ EURO TRY	227.491.363 179.575.448 -	280.178 322.841 216.521	37.360.968 26.682.753 -	46.014 47.970 57.598
Total		<mark>819.540</mark>		<mark>151.58</mark> 2

As of 31 December 2007, the distribution of finance lease receivables according to foreign currency types is as follows:

<u>Currency</u>	Principal in foreign currency	Principle (Net)	Unearned interest in foreign currency	Unearned interest
US\$ EURO	208.285.508 174.929.303	242.590 299.164	35.998.952 25.765.493	41.928 44.064
TRY	-	220.633	-	54.695
Total		762.387		140.687

The Group's finance lease receivables amounting to US \$ 33.644.735, EUR 3.779.304 have floating interest rates (2007: USD\$ 27.648.300, EUR 2.271.042) and amounting to USD\$ 193.846.628, and EUR 175.796.144 have fixed interest rates. (2007: US \$ 180.637.208, EUR 172.658.261)

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2008

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### 8. LEASE RECEIVABLES (cont'd)

The Group's guarantees for all finance lease receivables are as follows:

Guarantee type	<u>30 September 2008</u>	<u>31 December 2007</u>
Mortgages	<mark>604.398</mark>	564.726
Guarantors	<mark>7.194</mark>	7.477
Cash blockages	<mark>12.916</mark>	17.793
Letter of guarantees	<mark>8.567</mark>	10.865
Other	<mark>4.790</mark>	2.632
	<mark>637.865</mark>	603.493

As of the balance sheet date, the Group has not allocated provisions for TRY 12.111Thousand of invoiced receivable classified under its finance lease receivables overdue less than 150 days (31 December 2007: TRY 6.957 Thousand) as there has been no change in the collectability quality of the related receivable at maturity date and the Group Management believes that this receivable amount is collectible. The aging analysis of the related receivables is shown below:

	<u>30 September 2008</u>	<u>31 December 2007</u>
Up to 30 days	<mark>6.745</mark>	4.237
Between $30 - 60$ days	<mark>2.720</mark>	1.766
Between $60 - 90$ days	<mark>1.078</mark>	954
Between 90 – 150 days	<u> </u>	
Overdue total	<u> </u>	6.957
Outstanding amount	<mark>86.867</mark>	71.808
	<mark>98.978</mark>	78.765
Guarantee type:	<u>30 September 2008</u>	<u>31 December 2007</u>
Mortgage	<mark>109.471</mark>	70.268
Guarantors	<mark>765</mark>	1.027
Cash blockage	<mark>93</mark>	206
Letter of guarantees	<u> </u>	1.481
	<u>111.997</u>	72.982

In determining the recoverability of the finance lease receivables, the Group considers any change in the credit quality of receivables from the date credit was initially granted up to the reporting date. The concentration of credit risk is limited due to working with a great many customers. Accordingly, the Group management believes that there is no further credit allowance need in excess of the allowance for doubtful receivables in the accompanying financial statements.

As of 1 January, 2008, the Group measures and recognizes losses incurred or to be incurred from its receivables in accordance with the requirements of the Communiqué on the "Principles and Procedures of Receivable Allowances To Be Provided By Financial Leasing, Factoring and Financing Companies" issued by the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2008

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### 8. LEASE RECEIVABLES (cont'd)

The aging of the finance lease receivables under follow-up as of 30 September 2008 is as follows:

	<u>30 September</u>
	2008
Between 150 – 240 days	<mark>3.351</mark>
Between 240 – 360 days	<mark>4.006</mark>
Over 360 days	<mark>21.380</mark>
Uninvoiced doubtful finance lease receivables	<mark>33.111</mark>
Less: Doubtful finance lease receivables unearned	(2.915)
	58.933

The aging of the finance lease receivables under follow-up as of 31 December 2007 is as follows:

	<u>31 December 2007</u>
Up to 90 days	7.704
Between $90 - 180$ days	4.776
Between 180 – 360 days	4.413
Over 360 days	10.498
Uninvoiced doubtful finance lease receivables	43.624
Less: Doubtful finance lease receivables unearned	(3.239)
	67.776

The guarantees regarding finance lease receivables under follow-up as of 30 September 2008 and 31 December 2007 are as follows:

Guarantee type:	<u>30 September 2008</u>	<u>31 December 2007</u>
Mortgage	7.287	52.868
Guarantors	142	105
Cash blockages	572	846
Letter of guarantees	122	674
Pledges	180	-
Equipment of finance leases	24.610	7.249
	32.913	61.742

The movement of provision for finance lease receivables under follow-up is as follows:

Movement of specific provisions:	1 January- <u>30 September 2008</u>	1January- <u>30 September 2007</u>
Provision at the beginning of the period	(33.652)	(27.241)
Additions	(6.378)	(20.478)
Write offs	3.167	1.251
Collections	13.162	14.810
Provision at the end of the period	(23.701)	(31.658)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2008

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

## 9. DUE FROM / TO RELATED PARTIES

Finance lease receivable	<u></u>	30 September 2008	<u>31 December 2007</u>
Türkiye İş Bankası A.Ş. Gemport Gemlik Liman Bayek Tedavi Sağlık Hi Avea İletişim Hizmetler Anadolu Anonim Türk S Türkiye Sınai Kalkınma Gemnak Nakliye Taah.	İşletmeleri A.Ş. zmetleri ve İşletmeciliği A.Ş. i A.Ş. Sigorta Şirketi Bankası A.Ş.	55.218 12.185 2.995 3.053 26 224 431 71 74.203	72.480 3.966 2.304 3.200 238 117 670 235 83.210
Factoring receivables			
	c Ltd. Şti. c Maden. İnş.Taah.Ve Tic.A.Ş. İletişim Sist.San.Ve Tic.A.Ş.	302 - 283 	- 351 <u>317</u> 668
Payables to related parti	es		
Anadolu Anonim Türk S Türkiye İş Bankası A.Ş. Türkiye Sınai Kalkınma Gemport Gemlik Liman Other	Bankası A.Ş.	4.489 12 - 223 16 4.740	4.298 9 227 229 4 4.767
Borrowings			
<u>Türkiye İş Bankası A.Ş.</u>			
Currency	Interest Rate	Maturity	30 September 2008

Currency	Interest Rate	Maturity	<u>30 September 2008</u>
TRY US\$ EURO	<mark>%17,50</mark> %3,88-%6,06 %5,88-%6,50	Rotatif 03.11.2008-18.05.2010 14.10.2008-31.05.2010	8.535 105.671 168.446 282.652
Currency	Interest Rate	Maturity	<u>31 December 2007</u>
TRY US\$ EURO GBP	%16,70 %5,84-%8,18 %5,17-%6,89 %6,50	Revolving 07.04.2008-18.05.2010 23.09.2008-31.05.2010 01.01.2008	24.592 25.231 186.078 2.237 238.138

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2008

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

## 9. DUE FROM / TO RELATED PARTIES (cont'd)

Borrowings (cont'd)

Türkiye Sınai Kalkınma Bankası A.Ş.

Currency	Interest Rate	Maturity	<u>30 September 2008</u>
US\$ EURO	<mark>%5,25-%5,66</mark> %4,40-%6,34	15.07.2010 15.10.2009-15.07.2010	21.992 7.567 29.559
Currency	Interest Rate	Maturity	31 December 2007
US\$ EURO	%6,89 %4,35-%5,86	15.07.2010 15.04.2010-15.10.2010	<u>13.416</u> <u>2.697</u> 16.113

#### **Deposits**

		30 September 2008	31 Decemb	ber 2007
Türkiye İş Bankası A.Ş. Time Deposit Türkiye İş Bankası A.Ş Demand Deposit		<mark>3.596</mark> 89.947		5.254 87.823
	01.01.2008-	01.01.2007-	01.07.2008-	01.07.2007-
	30.09.2008	30.09.2007	30.09.2008	<u>30.09.2007</u>
<u>Finance lease interest income</u> Türkiye İş Bankası A.Ş. Beyaz Filo Oto Kiralama A.Ş. Gemport Gemlik Liman. İşl. A.Ş. Bayek Tedavi Sağlık Hizm. ve İşlet.A.Ş. Anadolu Anonim Türk Sigorta Şti. A.Ş. Türkiye Sınai Kalkınma Bankası A.Ş. Diğer	5.049 1.081 577 59 20 74 234 7.094	6.570 1.814 119 48 20 79 <u>163</u> 8.813	1.092 - 274 44 4 15 89 1.518	4.135 666 94 14 4 17 <u>148</u> 5.078
<u>Interest Income</u> Türkiye İş Bankası A.Ş.	<u>4.277</u> <u>4.277</u>	1.859 1.859	3.922 3.922	488 488
<u>Dividend Income</u> Yatırım Finansman Menkul Değerler A.Ş İş Girişim Sermayesi Yatırım Ortaklığı A.Ş İş Yatırım Menkul Değerler A.Ş İş Net Elekt.Bilgi Ür.Dağ.Tic.ve İlet.Hiz.A.Ş	5 37 462 4	3 12	27	3
	<mark>508</mark>	<mark>15</mark>	<mark>27</mark>	<mark>3</mark>

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2008

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

## 9. DUE FROM / TO RELATED PARTIES (cont'd)

	01.01.2008- <u>30.09.2008</u>	01.01.2007- <u>30.09.2007</u>	01.07.2008- <u>30.09.2008</u>	01.07.2007- <u>30.09.2007</u>
<u>Finance expense</u> Türkiye İş Bankası A.Ş. Türkiye Sınai Kalkınma Bankası A.Ş.	<mark>9.634</mark> 976 10.610	8.274 669 8.943	1.798 <u>377</u> 2.175	3.124 278 3.402
<u>Rent expense</u> İş Gayrimenkul Yatırım Ortaklığı A.Ş.	<u>588</u>	<u>593</u>	<u>196</u>	<u>164</u>
<u>Commission Income</u> Anadolu Anonim Türk Sigorta Şirketi	<mark>1.506</mark>	1.535	<u> </u>	<mark>556</mark>
<u>Compensation of Key Client Personnel</u> Short-term benefits	554	1.323	419	<mark>369</mark>
<u>Factoring Income</u> Türkiye Şişe ve Cam Fabrikaları A.Ş. Şişe Cam Dış Tic.AŞ. Kültür Yayınları İş-Türk Ltd.Şti. Nevotek Bil.Ses Ve İlet.Sist.San.Ve Tic.A.Ş	1 116 3 1 121	120 17  137	35 	33 

## 10. TANGIBLE ASSETS

	<u>Vehicles</u>	Furniture and <u>Fixtures</u>	Other Tangible <u>Assets</u>	Leasehold Improvements	<u>Total</u>
Acquisition cost	1.5.5	2 200	1.007	0.050	0 50 4
Opening balance 1 January 2008 Additions	<mark>466</mark>	<mark>3.389</mark> 134	1.827	<mark>2.852</mark> 48	<mark>8.534</mark> 185
Disposals	(168)	<mark>134</mark> -	-	48 -	(168)
Closing balance 30 September 2008	<u>298</u>	3.523	1.830	2.900	<u>8.5</u> 51
Accumulated depreciation					
Opening balance 1 January 2008	<mark>(319)</mark>	<mark>(2.935)</mark>	(1.722)	<mark>(2.514)</mark>	<mark>(7.490)</mark>
Charge for period	<mark>(45)</mark>	<mark>(103)</mark>	(55)	(73)	<mark>(276)</mark>
Disposals	<mark>134</mark>	_	<mark>-</mark>	<u> </u>	<mark>134</mark>
Closing balance 30 September 2008	<mark>(230)</mark>	<mark>(3.038)</mark>	(1.777)	<mark>(2.587)</mark>	<mark>(7.632)</mark>
Net book value as of 30 September 2008	<mark>68</mark>	<mark>485</mark>	53	<mark>31</mark> 3	<mark>91</mark> 9

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2008

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### 10. TANGIBLE ASSETS (cont'd)

A convisition cost	<u>Vehicles</u>	Furniture and <u>Fixtures</u>	Other Tangible <u>Assets</u>	Leasehold <u>Improvements</u>	<u>Total</u>
<u>Acquisition cost</u> Opening balance 1 January 2007 Additions	<mark>466</mark> -	<mark>3.113</mark> 259	<mark>1.819</mark> 8	2.848 1	<mark>8.246</mark> 268
Closing balance 30 September 2007	<mark>466</mark>	<u>3.372</u>	<mark>1.827</mark>	2.849	<mark>8.514</mark>
Accumulated depreciation					
Opening balance 1 January 2007	(225)	<mark>(2.806)</mark>	<mark>(1.637)</mark>	(2.402)	<mark>(7.070)</mark>
Charge for period	<u>(70)</u>	<u>(95)</u>	<u>(65)</u>	(89)	( <u>319)</u>
Closing balance 30 September 2007	(295)	<mark>(2.901)</mark>	(1.702)	<mark>(2.491)</mark>	<mark>(7.389)</mark>
Net book value as of 30 September 2007	<mark>171</mark>	<mark>471</mark>	125	358	<mark>1.125</mark>
11. INTANGIBLE ASSETS		<u>30 Septer</u>	mber 2008	30 September 2007	
Acquisition Cost		*			
Opening balance 1 January			<mark>207</mark>	<mark>170</mark>	
Additions				-	
Closing balance 30 September			<mark>207</mark>	<mark>170</mark>	
Amortization					
Opening balance 1 January			<mark>(162)</mark>	(158)	
Charge for the period			(9)	<1	
Closing balance 30 September			(171)	(158)	
Net book value			<mark>36</mark>	12	

#### 12. GOODWILL

The Company has purchased nominal shares of İş Factoring Finansman Hizmetleri A.Ş. amounting to TRY 12.517 Thousand with a price of US \$ 10.952.375 as of 11 August 2004. The shareholding rate on this subsidiary is 78,23 %. Positive goodwill has been occurred amounting to TRY 169 Thousand on purchased equity of TRY 16.603 thousand. The net amount of goodwill as of 30 September 2008 is TRY 166 Thousand. (31 December 2007: TRY 166 Thousand) Within the framework of IFRS 3 "Mergers and Acquisitions" which is effective from 1 January 2005, no amortization is applied to goodwill realized out of the acquisitions after December 31, 2004 for the annual periods beginning on or after 31 March 2004, and analysis of provision for impairment is performed as of each balance sheet date for goodwill.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2008

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### 13. DEFERRED TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

The Group recognizes deferred tax assets and liabilities based upon the temporary differences arising between its financial statements as reported for IFRS purposes and financials prepared according to the Turkish tax legislation. These differences arise from the differences in accounting periods for the recognition of income and expenses in accordance with IFRS and tax legislation and represented below. It is provided provision for deferred tax assets that will not be realized in future.

	30 September 2008	<u>31 December 2007</u>
Deferred Tax Asset	8	20
Temporary differences subject to deferred tax:	<u>30 September 2008</u>	<u>31 December 2007</u>
Finance lease adjustment	(16.758)	(8.914)
Tax base difference in tangible and intangible assets	10.140	6.255
Retirement pay provision	590	545
Unused vacation provision	131	81
Finance lease income accruals	(10.785)	(10.084)
Allowance for doubtful finance lease receivables	8.104	18.056
Financial instrument valuation differences	(1.646)	3.056
Unrealized finance expense	7.240	9.654
Unused investment incentives	389.241	410.688
Other	-	(215)
	386.257	429.122

The effective tax rate has been applied as 30% except investment incentives since the Company has decided to use investment incentive option in case the Company has taxable income in the following years. On the other hand, the Company's subsidiary İş Factoring Finansman Hizmetleri A.Ş. does not have investment incentive to be used for the following years, thus the effective tax rate has been determined as 20%. Investment incentive certificates are revoked commencing from 1 January 2006. If companies cannot use investment incentive due to inadequate profit, such outstanding investment incentive can be carried forward to following years. However, the companies can deduct the carried forward outstanding allowance from 2006, 2007 and 2008 taxable income. While the investment incentive amount that cannot be deducted from 2008 taxable income will not be carried forward to following years, legally, there is still uncertainty about the future. Therefore, a provision has been provided for the deferred tax asset of the Group in the accompanying financial statements.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2008

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

## 13. DEFERRED TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (cont'd)

	<u>30 September 2008</u>	<u>31 December 2007</u>
Deferred Tax Assets/(Liabilities)	-	
Finance lease adjustment	(5.028)	(2.674)
Tax base difference in tangible and intangible assets	3.046	1.881
Retirement pay provision	167	151
Unused vacation provision	38	24
Finance lease income accruals	(3.235)	(3.025)
Allowance for doubtful finance lease receivables	2.431	5.416
Financial Instrument Valuation Differences	(494)	917
Unrealized finance expense	2.172	2.896
Unused investment incentives	92.782	100.006
Other	-	(64)
Deferred tax asset	91.879	105.528
Provision	(91.871)	(105.508)
Deferred tax asset (net)	8	20

Deferred tax assets/(liabilities) movement for the period ended as of 30 September 2008 is as follows:

	<u>30 September 2008</u>	<u>31 December 2007</u>
Opening balance 1 January	20	19
Deferred tax benefit / (expense)	(12)	1
Closing balance	8	20

#### 14. ASSETS HELD FOR SALE AND DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

	30 September 2008		31 December 2007	
	TRY	FC	TRY	FC
Assets held for sale (*)	<mark>2.868</mark>	-	2.865	-
	<mark>2.868</mark>	-	2.865	-

(\*) Consists of immovables included in the Group's assets as a result of the legal proceeding in relation to its receivables under follow-up.

## 15. OTHER ASSETS

	30 September 2008		31 December 2007	
	TRY	FC	TRY	FC
VAT deductible and other VAT	<b>19.955</b>		6.198	-
Insurance premium receivables	<mark>2.709</mark>	<mark>1.276</mark>	4.642	73
Other	<mark>642</mark>	1	1.229	-
	<mark>23.306</mark>	<mark>1.277</mark>	12.069	73

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2008

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

## 16. FUNDS BORROWED

Short-term borrowings	30 September 2008	<u>31 December 2007</u>
Short-term borrowings Short-term portions of long-term borrowings Total short-term borrowing	617.437 140.444 757.881	512.220 28.525 540.745
Long-term borrowings		
Long-term portions of long-term borrowings Total long-term borrowings	238.836 238.836	260.477 260.477
Total borrowings	<mark>996.717</mark>	801.222
Maturity analysis of borrowings	30 September 2008	<u>31 December 2007</u>
Within 1 year Within 1-2 years Within 2-3 years Within 3-4 years	757.881 238.836	540.745 242.820 17.657
Total	<mark>996.717</mark>	801.222

The details of short-term borrowings are as follows:

Currency	Interest rate	Currency amount	<u>30 September 2008</u>
TRY US\$ EURO Interest accruals TOTAL	<mark>%17,25-%20,45</mark> <mark>%3,45-%6,06</mark> %5,15-%7,29	- 181.952.163 138.495.903	124.777 224.092 248.988 19.580 617.437
Currency	Interest rate	Currency amount	<u>31 December 2007</u>
TRY	%17,46-%18,97	-	123.259
US\$	%3,95-%8,34	151.327.313	176.251
EURO	%5,18-%6,33	115.732.024	197.925
	/05,10 /00,55	110.702.021	177.725
GBP	%6,50	961.788	2.237
GBP Interest accrual	, ,		
# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2008

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

# 16. FUNDS BORROWED (cont'd)

The details of short-term portions of long-term borrowings are as follows:

<u>Currency</u> US\$ EURO TOTAL	<u>Interest rate</u> %3,88-%5,66 %4,63-%7,27	<u>Currency amount</u> 49.437.681 44.252.190	<u>30 September 2008</u> 60.887 79.557 140.444
<u>Currency</u> US\$ EURO TOTAL	<u>Interest rate</u> %5,93-%7,01 %4,63-%6,05	Currency amount 2.843.389 14.743.332	<u>31 December 2007</u> <u>3.311</u> <u>25.214</u> <u>28.525</u>
The details of long-term bo	prrowing are as follows:		
<u>Currency</u> US\$ EURO TOTAL	<u>Interest rate</u> %3,83-%5,66 %4,63-%7,27	<u>Currency amount</u> 79.437.681 78.429.972	<u>30 September 2008</u> 97.835 <u>141.001</u> 238.836
<u>Currency</u> US\$ EURO TOTAL	<u>Interest rate</u> %5,35-%7,01 %4,63-%6,05	<u>Currency amount</u> 71.873.555 103.359.781	<u>31 December 2007</u> 83.711 <u>176.766</u> 260.477

Credit interest rate is implied compoundedly.

	30 September	30 September 2008		er 2007
	TRY	FC	TRY	FC
Fixed rate Variable rate	<mark>130.681</mark> -	<mark>129.933</mark> 736.103	128.235	316.079 356.908
	<mark>130.681</mark>	<mark>866.036</mark>	128.235	672.987

The Group's borrowings' fair values are presented in note 40.

At 30 September 2008, the Group had available TRY 809.441 Thousand of undrawn committed borrowing facilities in respect of which all conditions precedent had been met. (31 December 2007: TRY 571.673 Thousand)

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2008

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

# 17. SUNDRY CREDITORS AND OTHER LIABILITIES

Sundry Creditors

	30 Septembe	30 September 2008		31 December 2007	
	TRY	FC	TRY	FC	
Payables to finance lease suppliers	<mark>746</mark>	<mark>825</mark>	965	8.854	
Other trade payables (*)	<mark>2.708</mark>	<mark>2.105</mark>	4.096	366	
	<mark>3.454</mark>	<mark>2.930</mark>	5.061	9.220	

(\*)The Group insures the equipments that are subject to the leasing transactions and pays for the relevant costs in installments. Other trade payables consist of the Group's insurance premium payable and payable to suppliers resulting from daily operations of the Group.

The Group generally purchase from the suppliers in cash. The Group has financial risk management policy that enables the Group to pay all its payables at their maturities.

Other Liabilities

	30 Septemb	30 September 2008		31 December 2007	
	TRY	FC	TRY	FC	
Advances Given (**)	<mark>2.606</mark>	<mark>7.347</mark>	3.348	7.228	
	<mark>2.606</mark>	<mark>7.347</mark>	3.348	7.228	

(\*\*) Advances received consist of rent advances received from lessees in accordance with the leasing agreements for machinery and equipments that are not readily in use of the customers.

# 18. FINANCE LEASE PAYABLES

	30 September 2008		31 December 2007	
	TRY	FC	TRY	FC
Finance Lease Payables Less: Cost of deferred finance lease	-	-	-	17
payables	-	-	-	-
Finance Lease Payables (Net)	-	-	-	17

# 19. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL LIABILITIES HELD FOR TRADING

	30 September	30 September 2008		31 December 2007	
	TRY	FC	TRY	FC	
Forward expense accrual	-	-	-	1.776	
	-	-	-	1.776	

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2008

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### TAXES PAYABLE AND OTHER LIABILITIES 20.

21.

	30 September	r 2008	31 December	2007
	TRY	FC	TRY	FC
Taxes payable and liabilities	<mark>542</mark>	-	368	-
	<mark>542</mark>	-	368	-
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES				
Other Provisions:	30 Sen	tember 2008	31 December	er 2007
Corporate tax provision (net)	<u></u>			-
Legal case provision (*)		41		7.945
Other		147 188		93 8.038
	<u>30 Sep</u>	tember 2008	<u>31 December</u>	er 2007
Corporate tax provision	-	317		406
Prepaid taxes		(429)		(492)
Corporate tax provision (net) (**)		(112)		(86)

(\*)Against the notice of penalty assessments sent in 2005, the Company's subsidiary, İş Factoring Finansman Hizmetleri A.Ş. ("İş Factoring") has filed a lawsuit against the related tax authorities regarding the cancellation of notice of penalty assessments and paid for principle amount of the tax penalty, however, the lawsuit filed was resulted against Is Factoring. Within the legitimate timeframe, İş Factoring filed for an appeal in the State Council whereas it also made an application to the Ministry of Treasure for the suspension and scheduling of an installment plan for its tax dues and started to pay its dues. Subsequent to the overrule of Fourth Instance of State Council the decision made by the Tax Court and all tax payments of Is Factoring that are made through an installment plan are suspended. Subsequent to the State of Council's decision, İş Factoring has requested restitution of such amount and restitution has been realized in June 2008. As those lawsuits were resulted in favor of Is Factoring, the Group management reversed the provision amount which was allocated in prior years in the accompanying balance sheet as a result of the restitution by Tax Offices and recognized the related amount as an income in the current period.

(\*\*) Classified under the other assets item in the prior periods.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2008

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

## 22. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

#### Retirement Pay Provision

	30 September 2008	<u>31 December 2007</u>
Retirement pay provision Unused vacation provision	<mark>590</mark> 131	545 81
	<mark>721</mark>	626
Retirement Pay Provision	30 September 2008	<u>30 September 2007</u>
1 January	<mark>545</mark>	<mark>461</mark>
Increase during the period	<mark>145</mark>	<mark>83</mark>
Amounts paid	<mark>(39)</mark>	<mark>(17)</mark>
Reversed provision	<u>(61)</u>	<u>-</u>
Period End	<u>590</u>	<u>527</u>

**Retirement Pay Provision:** 

Under Turkish Labor Law, the Company is required to pay employment termination benefits to each employee who has qualified. Also, employees are required to be paid their retirement pay provisions who retired by gaining right to receive retirement pay provisions according to current 506 numbered Social Insurance Law's 6 March 1981 dated, 2422 numbered, 25 August 1999 dated and 4447 numbered with 60<sup>th</sup> article that has been changed. Some transition provisions related to the pre-retirement service term was excluded from the law since the related law was changed as of 23 May 2002.

The amount payable consists of one month's salary limited to a maximum of TRY 2.173,18 (2007: TRY 2.030,19) for each period of service at 31 December 2007.

The liability is not funded, as there is no funding requirement. The provision has been calculated by estimating the present value of the future probable obligation of the Company arising from the retirement of employees. IAS 19 requires actuarial valuation methods to be developed to estimate the enterprise's obligation under defined benefit plans. Accordingly, the following actuarial assumptions were used in the calculation of the total liability:

The principal assumption is that the maximum liability for each year of service will increase parallel with inflation. Thus, the discount rate applied represents the expected real rate after adjusting for the anticipated effects of future inflation. Consequently, in the accompanying financial statements as at 31 December 2007, the provision has been calculated by estimating the present value of the future probable obligation of the Company arising from the retirement of the employees. The provisions at the respective balance sheet dates have been calculated assuming an annual inflation rate of 5% and a discount rate of 11%, resulting in a real discount rate of approximately 5,71% ( 31 December 2007: with 5% inflation rate and 11% discount rate approximately 5,71%). The anticipated rate of forfeitures is considered and taken into account as 0% (2007: 0%). As the maximum liability is revised semi annually, the maximum amount of TRY 2.173,18 effective from 1 July 2008 has been taken into consideration in calculation of provision from employment termination benefits.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2008

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### 23. MINORITY INTEREST

The Company owns 78,23% of Is Factoring Finansman Hizmetleri A.S. Therefore, minority share is calculated from balance sheet and income statement of the subsidiary amounting to TRY 6.264 thousand (31 December 2007: TRY 2.857 thousand) and TRY 4.352 thousand gain, respectively as of 30 September 2008 (30 September 2007: TRY 198 thousand-gain).

#### PAID-IN CAPITAL AND CAPITAL RESERVES 24.

As of 30 September 2008 and 31 December 2007 share capital held is as follows:

CA	Ρľ	ΓA	L
$\mathcal{O}_{I}$		1 1 1	L

Shareholders	<u>(%)</u>	30 September 2008	<u>(%)</u>	31 December <u>2007</u>
Türkiye İş Bankası A.Ş. Türkiye Sınai Kalkınma Bankası A.Ş.	27,79	51.419	27,79	38.773
(TSKB)	28,56	52.836	28,56	39.841
Publicly traded	42,30	78.247	42,30	59.003
Türkiye Şişe ve Cam Fab. A.Ş. (*)	0,45	833	0,45	628
Nemtaş Nemrut Liman İşletmeleri A.Ş.	0,90	1.665	0,90	1.255
TOTAL	100,00	185.000	100,00	139.500

(\*) Türkiye Şişe ve Cam Fabrikaları AŞ. has merged with Cam Pazarlama A.Ş. via takeover.

## CAPITAL RESERVES

25.

TOTAL

	<u>30 September 2008</u>	<u>31 December 2007</u>
Other Capital Reserves:		
- Shareholders' equity inflation restatement	<mark>12.581</mark>	12.581
differences:		
Marketable securities revaluation reserve	<u>1.031</u>	8.547
TOTAL	<u>13.612</u>	21.128
PROFIT RESERVES		
	<u>30 September 2008</u>	<u>31 December 2007</u>
Legal reserves	4.633	3.360
Extraordinary reserves	250	296

The legal reserves consist of the first and second legal reserves, appropriated in accordance with the Turkish Commercial Code. The first legal reserve is appropriated out of historical statutory profits at the rate of 5% per annum, until the total reserve reaches 20% of the historical paid-in share capital. The second legal reserve is appropriated after the first legal reserve and dividends, at the rate of 10% per annum of all cash dividend distributions.

3.656

4.883

#### 26. PRIOR YEAR PROFIT/LOSS

	<u>30 September 2008</u>	<u>31 December 2007</u>
Prior year profit/(loss)	1.571	1.582

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2008

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

# 27. FOREIGN CURRENCY POSITION

30 September 2008	US\$ <u>000</u>	EURO <u>000</u>	CHF <u>000</u>	GBP <u>000</u>	JPY <u>000</u>	DKK <u>000</u>	AUD <u>000</u>	TRY <u>Equivalent</u>
Banks Finance lease receivables Factoring receivables Advances given Ongoing leasing contracts Other Assets	79.300 227.491 225 4.979 2.721 507	58.679 179.575 119 13.080 693 362	11	13 53	26 - - 71.544 - -	28 - - - -		203.206 603.019 492 30.600 4.597 1.277
Funds borrowed Sundry creditors and other liabilities	<mark>(313.766)</mark> (3.749)	<mark>(265.801)</mark> (3.137)	<mark>-</mark> (2)	- (7)	- (267)	:	l	<mark>(864.292)</mark> (10.277)
Balance sheet position								<mark>(31.378)</mark>
Off balance sheet position (Forward&Swap)	-	20.000	_	_	_	-	_	<mark>35.956</mark>
Net foreign currency position								<mark>4.578</mark>
<u>31 December 2007</u>	US\$ <u>000</u>	EURO <u>000</u>	CHF <u>000</u>	GBP <u>000</u>	JPY <u>000</u>	DKK <u>000</u>	AUD <u>000</u>	TRY <u>Equivalent</u>
Banks Finance lease receivables Factoring receivables Advances given Ongoing leasing contracts Other Assets	11.597 208.286 229 6.200 5.942 63	30.313 174.929 707 5.704 2.643	11  200 	69 - 1.019 - - -	27	15 - - -	2	65.525 541.755 3.848 17.181 11.441 73
Funds borrowed Sundry creditors and other liabilities Financial lease payables Forward accruals	(229.507) (4.428) (15)	(235.903) (6.484) (1.038)	(200)	(962)	237	-	-	(672.987) (16.448) (17) (1.776)
Balance sheet position								(51.405)
Off balance sheet position (Forward&Swap) Net foreign currency position		25.500	_	-	-	_	_	43.610 (7.795)

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2008

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

## 28. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

As of 30 September 2008, letter of guarantees amounting to TRY 967 thousand are given to customs, authorities and banks (31 December 2007: TRY 1.351 thousand).

As of 30 September 2008, the total risk of court cases opened and currently pending against the Group amounts to approximately TRY 674 Thousand (31 December 2007: TRY 429 Thousand). The Group provided a provision amounting to TRY 41 Thousand (31 December 2007: TRY 41 Thousand) in the accompanying financial statements. Also, the Group has recognized TRY 7.904 Thousand of provision reversal in the accompanying financial statements in the current period in connection with the court case explained in note 15 (31 December 2007: TRY 7.904 Thousand).

Forward Contracts:

	<u>30 September 2008</u>		<u>31 December 2007</u>	
	Currency Amount	TRY	Currency Amount	TRY
Purchases:				
EURO	_	-	5.500.000	9.406
	=	-		9.406
Sales:				
TRY	_	-	11.317.100	11.317
	-			11.317
Maturity Analysis:				
Short-term		-		9.406
Long-term	_	-		
	-	-		9.406
Maturity Analysis:				
Short-term		-		11.317
Long-term	-	-		-
	=	-		11.317

In addition, the Group has cross currency swap amounting to EURO 20.000.000 having maturities of 9 October 2008 and 16 October 2008. The Group earns an interest of Euribor per annum for the receivable amounting to EURO 20.000.000 and pays an interest of 19,90% -20,45% for the payable amounting to TRY 37.700 Thousand per annum.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2008

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

# 29. SEGMENTAL INFORMATION

As of 30 September 2008:

			Consolidation	
	Leasing	<b>Factoring</b>	<b>Eliminations</b>	Consolidated
Total assets	1.166.169	142.311	<mark>(16.606)</mark>	<mark>1.291.874</mark>
Total liabilities	<mark>900.955</mark>	<mark>113.550</mark>	_	<mark>1.014.505</mark>
Net profit	<mark>50.410</mark>	<mark>19.981</mark>	<mark>(4.352</mark> )	<mark>66.039</mark>

As of 31 December 2007:

			Consolidation	
	Leasing	Factoring	Eliminations	<b>Consolidated</b>
Total assets	950.729	118.221	(16.607)	1.052.343
Total liabilities	731.800	105.104	-	836.904
Net profit	45.797	1.175	(256)	46.716

Segmental Income Statement as of 30 September 2008:

	Leasing	Factoring	Consolidation Eliminations	Consolidated
Operating Income Operating Expense (-) Other Operating Income Finance Expense (-) Specific Provision for Receivables under follow-up (-) Other Operating Expense (-) Net Operating Income Profit/Loss On Continuing Operations Before Tax Tax Provision for Continuing Operations(±) Net Period Profit/Loss from Continuing Operations Minority Share Net Period Profit/Loss	75.394 (8.826) 323.839 (37.324) (6.378) (296.295) 50.410 50.410 50.410	12.052 (1.611) 18.912 (8.010) (890) (143) 20.310 20.310 (329) 19.981 - 19.981	(4.352) (4.352)	87.446 (10.437) 342.751 (45.334) (7.268) (296.438) 70.720 70.720 (329) 70.391 (4.352) 66.039
Fixed Asset Additions Depreciation and Amortization	<u>Leasing</u> 177 (261)	<u>Factoring</u> 5 (24)	Consolidation <u>Eliminations</u>	Consolidated 182 (285)

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2008

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

# 29. SEGMENTAL INFORMATION (cont'd)

As of 30 September 2007:

30.

31.

32.

Operating Income Operating Expense (-) Other Operating Income Finance Expense (-) Specific Provision for Non-Performing Receivables (-) Other Operating Expense (-) Net Operating Income Profit/Loss On Continuing Operations Before Tax Tax Provision for Continuing Operation Net Period Profit/Loss from Continuing Operations Minority Share Net Period Profit/Loss	ns(±)	Leasing 74.474 (7.662) 75.308 (31.108) (5.067) (71.212) 34.733 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	<u>Factoring</u> 6.147 (1.263) 149 (2.534) (601) (500) 1.398 - (488) 910 - 910	Consolidation <u>Eliminations</u> (198) (198)	<u>Consolidated</u> - <u>80.621</u> - (8.925) - 75.457 - (33.642) <u>(5.668)</u> - (71.712) - 36.131 - - (488) <u>35.643</u> - (198)
		<u>Leasing</u>	<u>Factoring</u>	Consolidation <u>Eliminations</u>	
Fixed Asset Additions Depreciation and Amortization		<mark>267</mark> (304)	<mark>1</mark> (15)	-	<mark>268</mark> (319)
SUBSEQUENT EVENTS					
None.					
OPERATING INCOME					
	01.01.2008 - <u>30.09.2008</u>		1.2007 - .09.2007	01.07.2008 - <u>30.09.2008</u>	01.07.2007 - <u>30.09.2007</u>
Finance lease interest income Factoring income	75.394 <u>12.052</u> 87.446		74.474 6.147 80.621	24.741 4.601 29.342	25.685 2.721 28.406
OPERATING EXPENSE					
	01.01.2008 - <u>30.09.2008</u>		1.2007 - .09.2007	01.07.2008 - <u>30.09.2008</u>	01.07.2007 - <u>30.09.2007</u>
Personnel expenses Depreciation expense Office rent expenses Other general administrative expenses	(6.903) (285) (588) (2.661) (10.437)		(5.266) (319) (593) (2.747) (8.925)	(2.113) (92) (196) (821) (3.222)	(1.549) (102) (164) (758) (2.573)

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2008

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

# 33. OTHER OPERATING INCOME

		01.01.2008 - <u>30.09.2008</u>	01.01.2007 - <u>30.09.2007</u>	01.07.2008 - <u>30.09.2008</u>	01.07.2007 - <u>30.09.2007</u>
	Dividend income Commission income Interest income Interest received from derivative	508 1.506 11.249	15 1.535 4.256	27 508 4.315	3 556 1.669
	financial operations Foreign exchange gain Legal case collection and provision cancellation income	2.393 294.475 16.321	67.527	<mark>97.339</mark>	<mark>31.164</mark>
	Other	<u>15.562</u> <u>342.751</u>	<mark>2.124</mark> 75.457	737 102.926	406 33.798
34.	FINANCE EXPENSE	01.01.2008 -	01.01.2007 -	01.07.2008 -	01.07.2007 -
		<u>30.09.2008</u>	<u>30.09.2007</u>	<u>30.09.2008</u>	<u>30.09.2007</u>
	Interest expense Fees and commissions	(44,495) (839) (45.334)	(32.930) (712) (33.642)	(14.402) (245) (14.647)	<mark>(11.811)</mark> (209) (12.020)

# 35. SPECIFIC PROVISION FOR NON-PERFORMING RECEIVABLES

	01.01.2008 -	01.01.2007 -	01.07.2008 -	01.07.2007 -
	<u>30.09.2008</u>	<u>30.09.2007</u>	<u>30.09.2008</u>	<u>30.09.2007</u>
Provision expense	(7.268)	(5.668)	(1.140)	(214)
	(7.268)	(5.668)	(1.140)	(214)

# 36. OTHER OPERATING EXPENSE

		01.01.2008 - <u>30.09.2008</u>	01.01.2007 - <u>30.09.2007</u>	01.07.2008 - <u>30.09.2008</u>	01.07.2007 - <u>30.09.2007</u>
	Foreign exchange loss Other	(294.777) (1.661) (296.438)	(69.687) (2.025) (71.712)	(96.880) (541) (97.421)	(32.324) (993) (33.317)
37.	TAXATION				
	Provision for taxes on income	01.01.2008 - <u>30.09.2008</u>	01.01.2007 - <u>30.09.2007</u>	01.07.2008 - <u>30.09.2008</u>	01.07.2007 - <u>30.09.2007</u>
	Corporate tax provision Deferred tax income / (expense)	(317) (12) (329)	(489) <u>1</u> (488)	112 (95) 17	(195) <u>1</u> (194)

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2008

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### 37. TAXATION (cont'd)

#### Corporate Tax

The Group is subject to the Turkish corporate taxes. Provision is made in the accompanying financial statements for the estimated charge based on the Group's results for the year.

Corporate tax is applied on taxable corporate income, which is calculated from the statutory accounting profit by adding non-deductible expenses, and by deducting dividends received from resident companies, other exempt income and investment incentives utilized.

The effective tax rate in 2008 is 20%. (2007: 20%)

In Turkey, advance tax returns are filed on a quarterly basis. The advance corporate income tax rate was decreased to 20% for 2006. (2005: 30%). The excess income tax paid of corporate income that was calculated at the rate of 30% during the first quarter will be deducted from tax returns in following periods.

Losses can be carried forward for offset against future taxable income for up to 5 years. Losses cannot be carried back for offset against profits from previous periods.

In Turkey, there is no procedure for a final and definitive agreement on tax assessments. Companies file their tax returns between 1April and 25 April of the following year (between 1<sup>st</sup> and 25<sup>th</sup> of the following 4. month of the tax year for the tax responsibles who have special tax years). Tax authorities may, however, examine such returns and the underlying accounting records and may revise assessments within five years.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2008

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

# 37. TAXATION (cont'd)

#### Income Withholding Tax:

In addition to corporate taxes, companies should also calculate income withholding taxes and funds surcharge on any dividends distributed, except for companies receiving dividends who are resident companies in Turkey and Turkish branches of foreign companies. The rate of income withholding tax is 10% starting from 24 April 2003. This rate was changed to 15% with the code numbered 5520 article 15 commencing from 21 June 2006. However until the resolution of Council of Ministers, it has been used as 10%. With the resolution of Council of Ministers, effective from 23 July 2006, income withholding tax rate has been changed to 15%. Undistributed dividends incorporated in share capital are not subject to income withholding taxes.

Withholding tax at the rate of 19,8% is still applied to investment allowances relating to investment incentive certificates obtained prior to 24 April 2003. Subsequent to this date, companies can deduct 40% of the investments within the scope of the investment incentive certificate and that are directly related to production facilities of the company. The investments without investment incentive certificates do not qualify for tax allowance.

Investment incentive certificates are revoked commencing from 1 January 2006. If companies cannot use investment incentive due to inadequate profit, such outstanding investment incentive can be carried forward to following years as of 31 December 2005 so as to be deducted from taxable income of subsequent profitable years. However the companies can deduct the carried forward outstanding allowance from 2006, 2007 and 2008 taxable income. The investment incentive amount that cannot be deducted from 2008 taxable income will not be carried forward to following years.

The tax rate that the companies can use in the case of deducting the tax investment incentive amount in 2006, 2007 and 2008 is 30%. If the Company cannot use the investment incentive carried forward, the effective tax rate will be 20% and the unused investment incentive will be cancelled.

The Company has chosen to use investment incentive for the following years, thus the effective tax rate of the Company is 30%. On the other hand, the Company's subsidiary İş Factoring A.Ş. does not have investment incentive to be used for the following years, thus the effective tax rate has been determined as 20%.

#### Inflation adjusted tax calculation:

In 2003 and the previous years, profit for the period on which taxation was being calculated, used to be uninflated balances except for the effect of the annual revaluation of the fixed assets and the depreciation calculated thereon. The Law 5024 published in the Official Gazette of 30 December 2003 numbered 25332 requires the application of inflation accounting in 2004 and the following periods provided that the inflation rate reaches the limits set out by the Law. The Turkish Tax Law is similar to IAS 29. As the conditions outlined in the Turkish Tax Law occurred the Group adjusted its financial statements according to the regulations and calculated current period tax base over these financial statements as of 31 December 2004. These financial statements constituted the opening balances for 2005. In accordance with the Law 5024, such threshold has not been met in 2005, thus the Group did not apply inflation accounting for the periods then ended.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2008

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

# 38. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The weighted average number of shares of the Group and earnings per share are as follows:

	01.01.2008 - 30.09.2008	01.01.2007 - 30.09.2007	01.07.2008- 30.09.2008	01.07.2007 - 30.09.2007
	<u>30.09.2008</u>	<u>30.09.2007</u>	<u>30.09.2008</u>	<u>30.09.2007</u>
Number of outstanding shares	18.500.000.000	18.500.000.000	18.500.000.000	18.500.000.000
Number of outstanding shares	18.500.000.000	18.500.000.000	18.500.000.000	18.300.000.000
Net period profit (thousand TRY )	<mark>66.039</mark>	<mark>35.445</mark>	<mark>15.403</mark>	<mark>13.598</mark>
Earning per share (TRY)	<mark>0,36</mark>	<mark>0,19</mark>	<mark>0,08</mark>	<mark>0,07</mark>

#### 39. OTHER ISSUES

None.

#### 40. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ABOUT FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(a) Capital risk management

The Group manages its capital to ensure that the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximizing the return to stakeholders through the optimization of the debt and the equity balance.

The capital structure of the Group consists of equity comprising issued capital, reserves and retained earnings as disclosed in note 24, 25 and 26 respectively.

(b) Significant accounting policies

The Group's accounting policies about financial instruments are disclosed in note 3 "Summary of valuation principles / significant accounting policies" to the financial statements.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2008

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

# 40. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ABOUT FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (cont'd)

#### (c) Categories of financial instruments

	30 September 2008	31 December 2007
Financial assets:		161.000
Banks	<mark>315.916</mark>	164.008
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit and		
Loss:		
-Financial Assets Held for Trading	<mark>113</mark>	25
-Derivative Financial Assets Held for Trading	-	-
Finance Lease Receivables and Non-Performing		
Receivables	<mark>858.046</mark>	799.321
Factoring Receivables and Non-Performing Factoring		
Receivables	<mark>81.059</mark>	56.090
Insurance premium receivables (*)	<mark>3.985</mark>	4.715
Financial Assets Available for Sale	<mark>8.160</mark>	16.617
Financial Liabilities:		
Derivative Financial Liabilities Held for Trading		(1.776)
Finance Lease Payables (Net)		(17)
Sundry Creditors and Other Liabilities	(16.337)	(24.857)
Funds Borrowed	(996.717)	(801.222)
	× /	

(\*) Included in other assets.

#### (d) Financial risk management objectives

The Group's corporate treasury function provides services to the business, coordinates access to domestic and international markets, monitors and manages the financial risks relating to the operations of the Group through internal risk reports which analyses exposures by degree and magnitude of risk. These risks include market risk (including currency risk, fair value interest rate risk and price risk) credit risk, liquidity risk and cash flow interest rate risk.

The Group uses derivative instruments to decrease the effects of and hedge from financial risk against those risks. The Group does not enter into or trade financial instruments (including derivative financial instruments) for speculative purposes.

In order to decrease possible risks, the Group reports monthly to the risk management committee who monitors the risks and applied policies.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2008

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

## 40. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ABOUT FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (cont'd)

(e) Market risk

The Group's activities expose it primarily to the financial risks of changes in foreign exchange rates (refer to section f) and interest rates (refer to section g). To manage risks relating to exchange rate and interest rate, the Group uses various derivative financial instruments including expressed below:

"Forward foreign exchange contracts" to hedge from exchange rate risk stems from operations, "Currency swaps" to control exchange rate risk of foreign currency denominated liabilities, and "Cross currency swaps" to decrease risks stem from interest rate and exchange rate fluctuations of liabilities

At the Group level market risk exposures are measured by sensitivity analysis.

There has been no change in the Group's exposure to market risks or the manner which it manages and measures the risk.

(f) Foreign currency risk management

Foreign currency transactions cause foreign currency risk. The Group controls foreign currency risk coming from its operations and cash flows of finance contracts by using "forward foreign exchange contracts".

The Group's assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are disclosed in Note 27.

#### Foreign currency sensitivity

The Group mainly is exposed to US\$ and EURO exchange rate risks.

The statement below shows the sensitivity of the Group to US\$ and EURO when a 15% change occurs at those currencies' exchange rates. 15% change in rates is used when reporting foreign currency risk to the top management and stands for expected fluctuation in exchange rates by the top management. Foreign currency sensitivity analysis for the reporting period of the Group is determined based on the change at the beginning of the fiscal year and fixed during the reporting period. Positive amount refers to increase in net profit.

	US\$ Effec	US\$ Effect		fect
	<u>2008</u>	2007	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>
Profit / (Loss)	<mark>(429)</mark>	<mark>(132)</mark>	<mark>980</mark>	<mark>(991)</mark>

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2008

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

# 40. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ABOUT FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (cont'd)

# (f) Foreign currency risk management (cont'd)

#### Forward contracts and currency swaps

The Group makes forward contracts and currency swaps to cover the risks of receipts and payments, expected sales and purchases in a certain foreign currency. When expected sale and purchase transactions occur, book values of the items hedged from non-financial risk are adjusted.

The statement below shows the maturity detail of the forward contracts and currency swaps as of the balance sheet date:

Sale/Purchase								
Agreements	Forwa	rd Rate	Foreign (	<u>Currency</u>	<b>Contract</b>	Amount	<u>Fair V</u>	/alue
	30	31	30	31	30	31	30	31
	September	December	September	December	September	December	September	December
	2008	2007	2008	2007	2008	2007	2008	2007
EURO					Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand
purchase					<u>USD</u>	TRY	USD	TRY
Between 0-3	-	2,0915	-	5.000.000	-	10.458	-	8.683
months								
Between 0-3	-	1,7192	-	500.000			-	859
months					-	860		

As of the report date, the Group has no unrealized profit/loss in relation to the profit/loss arising from the fair value changes of forward transactions (2007: TRY 1.776 Thousand of loss).

In addition, the Group has cross currency swap amounting to EURO 20.000.000 having maturities of 9 October 2008 and 16 October 2008. The Group earns an interest of Euribor per annum for the receivable amounting to EURO 20.000.000 and pays an interest of 19,90% -20,45% for the payable amounting to TRY 37.700 Thousand per annum.

#### (g) Interest risk management

The Group is exposed to interest rate risk as the Group borrows funds at both fixed and floating interest rates. Such risk is covered by making a proper diversification between fixed and floating interest rate liabilities.

#### Interest rate sensitivity

The interest rate sensitivity analysis below is based on interest rate risk as of the balance sheet date and estimated interest rate fluctuations at the beginning of the fiscal year, and is fixed during the reporting period. The Group management makes its sensitivity analysis based on 100 base point interest rate fluctuation scenarios. Such amount is also used in reporting to top management.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2008

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### 40. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ABOUT FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (cont'd)

(g) Interest risk management (cont'd)

#### Interest rate sensitivity (cont'd)

In the case of interest rates being 100 base points higher at balance sheet date and holding all other variables fixed:

• Interest income from floating interest rate finance lease contracts would increase by TRY 307 Thousand (30 September 2007: TRY 294 Thousand).

• Interest expense from floating interest rate borrowings would increase by TRY 3.261 Thousand (30 September 2007: TRY 2.547 Thousand).

(h) Other price risks

The Group is exposed to equity shares price risks because of equity investments. Equity shares are held especially for strategic purposes rather than trading purposes. These investments are not traded by the Group.

#### Equity price sensitivity

Sensitivity analysis below is determined based on equity shares price risk exposed as of the balance sheet date.

In the case of being data in valuation method 15% higher / lower and all other variables fixed:

• If equity investments are held in available for sale portfolio and not disposed, net profit/loss would not change

• Funds under other equity would increase/decrease as TRY 1.171 Thousand (2007: TRY 2.440 Thousand). It is mainly because of changes in fair value of available for sale equity shares.

Equity shares price sensitivity of the Group has not changed materially comparing to prior year.

(i) Credit risk management

Credit risks refer to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Group. The Group has adopted a policy of only dealing with creditworthy counterparties and obtaining sufficient collateral where appropriate, as a means of mitigating the risk of financial loss from defaults. The Group's exposure and credit ratings of its counterparties are continuously monitored and the aggregate value of the transactions concluded is spread amongst approved counterparties. Credit exposure is controlled by counterparty limits that are reviewed and approved by the risk management committee annually.

Finance lease receivables consist of a large number of customers, spread across diverse industries and geographical areas. Ongoing credit evaluation is performed on the financial condition of accounts receivable.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2008

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

# 40. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ABOUT FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (cont'd)

#### (i) Credit Risk Management (cont'd)

Sectoral allocation of finance lease receivables is as follows:

	30 September 2008	31 December 2007
	<u>%</u>	<u>%</u>
Construction	<mark>14,73</mark>	17,14
Finance	<mark>7,21</mark>	10,23
Transportation	<mark>13,51</mark>	9,61
Textile	<mark>9,41</mark>	9,37
Metal Industry	<mark>5,37</mark>	4,57
Health	<mark>6,13</mark>	5,06
Chemical, Plastic and Pharmacy	<mark>5,10</mark>	4,88
Forestry Products and Paper	<mark>4,86</mark>	4,44
Food	<mark>4,17</mark>	3,87
Mining	<mark>2,81</mark>	3,60
Tourism	<mark>3,64</mark>	3,45
Glass, Tile and Cement	<mark>2,95</mark>	2,17
Other	<mark>20,11</mark>	21,61
	<mark>100,00</mark>	100,00

Leased equipment allocation of finance lease receivables is as follows:

	30 September 2008	31 December 2007
	<u>%</u>	<u>%</u>
Machinery and Equipment	<mark>21,61</mark>	20,91
Building and Construction Machinery	<mark>17,48</mark>	19,87
Real Estate	<mark>14,06</mark>	14,15
Road Transport Vehicles	<mark>7,85</mark>	8,05
Air Transportation	<mark>0,97</mark>	-
Office Equipment	<mark>6,42</mark>	7,98
Electronic Optical Instruments	<mark>6,77</mark>	7,36
Textile Machinery	<mark>6,22</mark>	6,62
Medical Equipment	<mark>5,96</mark>	5,65
Sea Transport Vessels	<mark>2,91</mark>	1,12
Printing Machinery	<mark>3,33</mark>	3,38
Tourism Equipment	<mark>3,05</mark>	2,59
Other	<mark>3,37</mark>	2,32
	<mark>100,00</mark>	100,00

#### (i) Liquidity risk management

Liquidity risk management responsibility mainly belongs to the board of directors. The board of directors has built an appropriate liquidity risk management framework for the management of the Group's short, medium and long term funding and liquidity management requirements. The Group manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves, banking facilities and reserve borrowing facilities by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows and matching the maturity profile of financial assets and liabilities.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2008

(Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

# 40. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ABOUT FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (cont'd)

### (i) Liquidity risk management (cont'd)

# Liquidity risk table

The following table details the Group's expected maturity for its non derivative financial assets and liabilities. The tables below have been drawn up based on the undiscounted contractual maturities of the financial assets and liabilities.

	Up to 1 month	1-3 months	3 months -1 year	1-5 years	5 years +	Adjustments	Total
30 September 2008 Banks Financial Assets Available For	<mark>316.696</mark>	H		H	H	<mark>(780)</mark>	<mark>315.916</mark>
Sale Finance Lease Receivables (*) Factoring Receivables Insurance Premium Receivables	113 35.986 25.161 3.985	120.305 51.620	- 282.887 4.199 -	501.411 79	20.325	<mark>(141.373)</mark>	113 819.541 81.059 3.985
	<mark>381.941</mark>	<mark>171.925</mark>	<mark>287.086</mark>	<mark>501.490</mark>	<mark>20.325</mark>	<mark>(142.153)</mark>	<u>1.220.614</u>
Funds Borrowed Sundry Creditors and Other	<mark>184.765</mark>	<mark>125.956</mark>	<mark>471.334</mark>	<mark>245.579</mark>	H	<mark>(30.917)</mark>	<mark>996.717</mark>
Liabilities	<mark>16.337</mark>	-	-	-	-	<mark>-</mark>	<u>16.337</u>
	201.102	<mark>125.956</mark>	<mark>471.334</mark>	<mark>245.579</mark>	-	(30.917)	1.013.054

(\*) Ongoing leasing investments and advances given for leasing transactions are not included in Finance Lease Receivables as they have not been scheduled for the payment plan yet.

	Up to 1 month	1-3 month	3 months –1 year	1-5 years	5 year +	Adjustments	Total
31 December 2007							
Banks	165.011	-	-	-	-	(1.003)	164.008
Financial Assets Available For Sale	25	-	-	-	-	-	25
Finance Lease Receivables (*)	23.840	114.662	292.370	446.624	19.192	(134.301)	762.387
Factoring Receivables	8.473	31.825	14.195	1.597	-	-	56.090
Insurance Premium Receivables	4.715	-	-	-	-	-	4.715
	202.064	146.487	306.565	448.221	19.192	(135.304)	987.225
Forward accrual	1.776	-	-	-	-	-	1.776
Funds Borrowed	127.469	49.086	389.731	273.309	-	(38.373)	801.222
Finance Lease Payables	-	16	1	-	-	-	17
Sundry Creditors and Other							
Liabilities	23.260	1.062	535	-	-	-	24.857
	152.505	50.164	390.267	273.309	-	(38.373)	827.872

(\*) Ongoing leasing investments and advances given for leasing transactions are not included in Finance Lease Receivables as they have not been scheduled for the payment plan yet.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2008

# (Amounts are expressed in thousand of New Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)40. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ABOUT FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Cont'd)

#### (j) Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Excluding items below on the table, the Group management estimates that the book value of the financial assets and liabilities approximates their fair value. Fair value of the financial instruments has been determined based on reliable data provided from financial markets. Fair value of other financial assets is determined by benchmarking market value of a similar financial asset or by assumption methods which includes amortizing future cash flows with current interest rates. The table below refers to comparison of carrying amounts and fair values of financial instruments which have been presented other than their market values at financial statements.

Carrying Amount	Fair Value
<mark>315.916</mark>	<mark>315.916</mark>
<mark>113</mark> -	<mark>113</mark> -
<mark>858.046</mark>	<mark>806.430</mark>
<mark>81.059</mark> <mark>8.160</mark>	<mark>81.059</mark> <mark>8.160</mark>
1	1
<mark>(6.384</mark> ) <mark>(996.717)</mark>	<mark>(6.384)</mark> (976.290)
Carrying Amount	Fair Value
164.008	164.008
164.008 25 -	164.008 25
25	25
	315.916 113 - 858.046 81.059 8.160 - (6.384) (996.717)